

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

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In re : **Chapter 11**
:

INSYS THERAPEUTICS, INC., et al., : **Case No. 19-11292 (KG)**
:

Debtors.¹ : **Jointly Administered**
:

-----X **Re: D.I. 955, 1095**

**FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER
CONFIRMING THE SECOND AMENDED JOINT CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF
LIQUIDATION OF INSYS THERAPEUTICS, INC. AND ITS AFFILIATED DEBTORS**

The above-captioned debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the “Debtors”), having:²

- a. commenced the above-captioned chapter 11 cases by filing voluntary petitions for relief under chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code (the “**Bankruptcy Code**”) on June 10, 2019;
- b. continued to operate their businesses and manage their properties as debtors in possession pursuant to sections 1107(a) and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code;
- c. filed, on September 17, 2019, (i) the *Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and its Affiliated Debtors* [D.I. 612], which plan and related documents were subsequently amended, (ii) the *Disclosure Statement for Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation Proposed by Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and its Affiliated Debtors* [D.I. 613], which disclosure statement and related documents were subsequently amended, and (iii) the *Motion of Debtors for Entry of an Order (I) Approving the Proposed Disclosure Statement and the Form and Manner of the Notice of a Hearing Thereon, (II) Establishing Solicitation and Voting Procedures, (III) Scheduling Confirmation Hearing, and (IV) Establishing Notice and Objection Procedures for Confirmation of the Debtors’ Plan* [D.I. 715];

¹ The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor’s federal tax identification number, as applicable, are: Insys Therapeutics, Inc. (7886); IC Operations, LLC (9659); Insys Development Company, Inc. (3020); Insys Manufacturing, LLC (0789); Insys Pharma, Inc. (9410); IPSC, LLC (6577); and IPT 355, LLC (0155). The Debtors’ mailing address is 3100 West Ray Road Ste. 201, Chandler, Arizona 85226.

² Unless otherwise noted, capitalized terms not defined in this *Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order Confirming the Second Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and its Affiliated Debtors* (this “**Confirmation Order**”) shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Plan (as defined herein). The rules of interpretation set forth in Section 1.2 of the Plan shall apply to this Confirmation Order.

- d. filed, on November 14, 2019, (i) the *Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and its Affiliated Debtors* [D.I. 892] and (ii) the *Disclosure Statement for Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation Proposed by Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and its Affiliated Debtors* [D.I. 893];
- e. filed, on November 29, 2019, (i) the *Second Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and its Affiliated Debtors* [D.I. 928] and (ii) the *Disclosure Statement for Second Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation Proposed by Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and its Affiliated Debtors* [D.I. 929];
- f. filed, on December 4, 2019, solicitation versions of (i) the *Second Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and its Affiliated Debtors* [D.I. 955] (the “**Amended Plan**”) and (ii) the *Disclosure Statement for Second Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation Proposed by Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and its Affiliated Debtors* [D.I. 956] (the “**Disclosure Statement**”);
- g. filed, on January 14, 2020, the *Second Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and Its Affiliated Debtors* [D.I. 1095] (the “**Plan Amendment**,” and together with the Amended Plan, the “**Plan**”);
- h. caused solicitation materials and notice of the deadline for objecting to confirmation of the Plan to be distributed on or before December 9, 2019, consistent with the Bankruptcy Code, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the “**Bankruptcy Rules**”), and the Disclosure Statement Order (as defined herein), which Disclosure Statement Order also approved, among other things, solicitation procedures (the “**Solicitation Procedures**”) and related notices, forms, and Ballots (collectively, the “**Solicitation Packages**”), as evidenced by, among other things, the *Affidavit of Service of Solicitation Materials* filed on January 2, 2020 [D.I. 1056] (the “**Solicitation Affidavit**”);
- i. caused notice of the Confirmation Hearing (the “**Confirmation Hearing Notice**”) to be published in the national editions of *The New York Times* and *USA Today*, as evidenced by the proofs of publication filed on December 19, 2019 [D.I. 1006, 1007] (collectively, the “**Publication Affidavit**”);
- j. filed, on December 30, 2019, the *Notice of Filing of Plan Supplement Pursuant to Second Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and its Affiliated Debtors* [D.I. 1049], as amended and supplemented by the *Notice of Filing of Second Plan Supplement Pursuant to Second Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and its Affiliated Debtors*, filed on January 6, 2020 [D.I. 1067], and by the *Notice of Filing of Third Plan Supplement Pursuant to Second Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and its Affiliated Debtors*, filed on January 16, 2020 [D.I. 1112] which filings included the following documents (collectively, the “**Plan Supplement**”):

- Amended and restated certificate of incorporation of Insys Therapeutics, Inc.
 - Amended and restated by-laws of Insys Therapeutics, Inc.
 - Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts
 - Schedule of Retained Causes of Action
 - List of Non-Released Parties
 - Insys Liquidation Trust Agreement
 - ILT Equity and Asset Transfer Agreement
 - ILT Claims Arbiter and ILT Board
 - ILT Claims Arbiter Submission Procedures
 - Victims Restitution Trust Agreement
 - VRT Asset Transfer Agreement
 - VRT Claims Administrator and VRT Board
 - Personal Injury Claims Analysis Protocol
 - Class Claim Procedures and Class Representative for Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims
 - Class Claim Procedures and Class Representatives for Third Party Payor Class Claim
 - Class Claim Procedures and Class Representatives for Hospital Class Claims
 - Class Claim Procedures and Class Representative for NAS Monitoring Class Claim
- k. filed, on January 13, 2020, the *Certification of Jane Sullivan of Epiq Corporate Restructuring, LLC Regarding Voting and Tabulation of Ballots Cast on the Second Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and its Affiliated Debtors* [D.I. 1086] (as may be amended, modified, or supplemented, the “**Voting Certification**”);
- l. filed, on January 13, 2020, the *Declaration of Michael A. Tucker in Support of Second Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and its Affiliated Debtors* [D.I. 1089] (the “**Tucker Declaration**”); and

- m. filed, on January 13, 2020, the *Debtors' Memorandum of Law in Support of Confirmation of the Debtors' Second Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation* [D.I. 1090] (the "**Confirmation Brief**").

This Court having:

- a. entered, on December 4, 2019, the *Order (I) Approving the Disclosure Statement and the Form and Manner of the Notice of a Hearing Thereon, (II) Establishing Solicitation and Voting Procedures, (III) Scheduling Confirmation Hearing, and (IV) Establishing Notice and Objection Procedures for Confirmation of the Debtors' Plan; and (V) Granting Related Relief* [D.I. 952] (the "**Disclosure Statement Order**");
- b. set January 6, 2020, at 5:00 p.m. prevailing Pacific Time, as the deadline for voting on the Plan (as extended for certain creditors, the "**Voting Deadline**");
- c. set January 6, 2020, at 4:00 p.m. prevailing Eastern Time, as the deadline for filing objections to confirmation of the Plan (as extended for certain creditors, the "**Confirmation Objection Deadline**");
- d. set January 16 and 17, 2020, at 9:00 a.m. prevailing Eastern Time, as the date and time for the Confirmation Hearing pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 3017 and 3018 and sections 1126, 1128, and 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code;
- e. reviewed the Plan, the Plan Supplement, the Confirmation Brief, the Tucker Declaration, the Voting Certification, and all pleadings, exhibits, statements, responses, and comments regarding Confirmation, including all objections, statements, and reservations of rights filed by parties in interest on the docket of the Chapter 11 Cases;
- f. held the Confirmation Hearing;
- g. heard the statements and arguments made by counsel in respect of confirmation and objections to confirmation of the Plan; and
- h. considered all testimony, declarations, documents, filings, and other evidence admitted at confirmation.

NOW, THEREFORE, and after due deliberation thereon and good cause appearing therefor, this Court hereby makes and issues the following Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law and Orders:

FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

A. Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law. The findings and conclusions set forth herein and in the record of the Confirmation Hearing constitute the Court's findings of fact and conclusions of law pursuant to Rule 52 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, as made applicable herein by Bankruptcy Rules 7052 and 9014. To the extent any of the following findings of fact constitute conclusions of law, they are adopted as such. To the extent any of the following conclusions of law constitute findings of fact, they are adopted as such.

B. Jurisdiction, Venue, Core Proceeding (28 U.S.C. §§ 157(b)(2), 1334(a)). The Court has jurisdiction over the Debtors' Chapter 11 Cases, including this matter, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334, and the *Amended Standing Order of Reference from the United States District Court for the District of Delaware* dated February 29, 2012. Venue is proper before this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409. Confirmation of the Plan is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b) and this Court has jurisdiction to enter a final order with respect thereto. Pursuant to Local Rule 9013-1(f), the Debtors consent to the entry of a final order by the Court in accordance with the terms set forth herein to the extent that it is later determined that the Court, absent consent of the parties, cannot enter final orders or judgments consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution. The Debtors are eligible debtors under section 109 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors are proper plan proponents under section 1121(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

C. Chapter 11 Petitions. On June 10, 2019 (the "**Petition Date**"), each Debtor commenced with this Court a voluntary case under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "**Chapter 11 Cases**"). The Debtors are authorized to continue to operate their businesses and manage their properties as debtors in possession pursuant to sections 1107(a) and 1108 of

the Bankruptcy Code. No trustee or examiner has been appointed or requested in these Chapter 11 Cases. The Debtors' cases are being jointly administered pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 1015(b).

D. Creditors' Committee. On June 20, 2019, the Office of the United States Trustee for the District of Delaware (the "**U.S. Trustee**") appointed an official committee of unsecured creditors in these Chapter 11 Cases (the "**Creditors' Committee**").

E. Judicial Notice. The Court takes judicial notice of the docket of the Chapter 11 Cases maintained by the Clerk of the Court or its duly-appointed agent, Epiq Corporate Restructuring, LLC ("**Epiq**"), including all pleadings and other documents filed, all hearing transcripts, all orders entered, and all evidence and arguments made, proffered, or adduced at the hearings held before the Court during the pendency of these Chapter 11 Cases. Any resolution of objections to confirmation of the Plan explained on the record at the Confirmation Hearing is hereby incorporated by reference.

F. Burden of Proof. The Debtors have met the burden of proving the elements of sections 1129(a) and (b) of the Bankruptcy Code by a preponderance of the evidence.

G. Modifications to the Plan. The modifications made to the Amended Plan since the solicitation (i) complied in all respects with section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 3019, (ii) do not adversely affect the treatment of any holder of Allowed Claims, and (iii) do not require re-solicitation of votes with respect to the Plan. Adequate and sufficient notice of such modifications has been given, no further notice is or shall be required, and such modifications are approved in full. The votes cast to accept the Amended Plan are

deemed to have been cast with respect to the Amended Plan as modified by the Plan Amendment.

H. Solicitation. The Solicitation Packages were transmitted and served in compliance with the Bankruptcy Rules, including Bankruptcy Rules 3017 and 3018, the Local Rules of Bankruptcy Practice and Procedure for the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the “**Local Rules**”), and the Disclosure Statement Order. The forms of the Ballots adequately addressed the particular needs of these Chapter 11 Cases and were appropriate for the holders of Claims in Class 3 (Convenience Class Claims), Class 4 (Trade and Other Unsecured Claims), Class 5 (Insurance Related Claims), Class 6 (Hospital Claims and NAS Monitoring Claims), Class 7 (DOJ Claims), Class 8(a) (State Claims), Class 8(b) (Municipality/Tribe Claims), and Class 9 (Personal Injury Claims) – the Classes of Claims entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan (the “**Voting Classes**”). The period during which the Debtors solicited votes on the Plan was a reasonable period of time for the holders of Claims in the Voting Classes to make an informed decision to accept or reject the Plan. The Debtors were not required to solicit votes from the holders of Claims or Interests in Class 1 (Secured Claims) and Class 2 (Other Priority Claims) (the “**Unimpaired Classes**”) as each such Class is Unimpaired under the Plan and is conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan under section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors were not required to solicit votes from the holders of Class 10 (510(a)/(b) Subordinated Claims), Class 11 (510(c) Subordinated Claims), Class 12 (Intercompany Claims) and Class 13 (Equity Interests) (collectively, the “**Fully Impaired Classes**,” and together with the Unimpaired Classes, the “**Non-Voting Classes**”) as such holders are not entitled to receive a distribution under the Plan on account of their Claims or Interests, and, thus, pursuant to section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code, such Classes are deemed to reject

the Plan. As described in and as evidenced by the Voting Certification and the Affidavit of Service, the transmittal and service of the Solicitation Packages was timely, adequate, and sufficient under the circumstances. The solicitation of votes on the Plan complied with the Solicitation Procedures, was appropriate and satisfactory based upon the circumstances of the Chapter 11 Cases, was conducted in good faith, and was in compliance with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, the Local Rules, and any other applicable rules, laws, and regulations.

I. Notice. The transmittal and service of the Solicitation Packages were adequate and sufficient under the circumstances, and all parties required to be given notice of the Confirmation Hearing (including the deadline for filing and serving objections to confirmation of the Plan) have been given due, proper, timely, and adequate notice in accordance with the Disclosure Statement Order and in compliance with the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, the Local Rules, and applicable non-bankruptcy law and such parties have had an opportunity to appear and be heard with respect thereto. No other or further notice is required.

J. Voting. Votes to accept or reject the Plan have been solicited and tabulated fairly, in good faith, and in a manner consistent with the Disclosure Statement Order, the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, the Local Rules, and applicable non-bankruptcy law.

K. Plan Supplement. On December 30, 2019 and January 6, 2020, the Debtors filed the Plan Supplement, containing the following documents:

- Amended and restated certificate of incorporation of Insys Therapeutics, Inc.
- Amended and restated by-laws of Insys Therapeutics, Inc.
- Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts

- Schedule of Retained Causes of Action
- List of Non-Released Parties
- Insys Liquidation Trust Agreement
- ILT Equity and Asset Transfer Agreement
- ILT Claims Arbiter and ILT Board
- ILT Claims Arbiter Submission Procedures
- Victims Restitution Trust Agreement
- VRT Asset Transfer Agreement
- VRT Claims Administrator and VRT Board
- Personal Injury Claims Analysis Protocol
- Class Claim Procedures and Class Representative for Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims
- Class Claim Procedures and Class Representatives for Third Party Payor Class Claim
- Class Claim Procedures and Class Representatives for Hospital Class Claims
- Class Claim Procedures and Class Representative for NAS Monitoring Class Claim

All such materials comply with the terms of the Plan, and the filing and notice of such documents, including the notice of filing of the Plan Supplement, is good and proper in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, and all other applicable rules, laws, and regulations, and no other or further notice is or shall be required. All documents included in the Plan Supplement are integral to, part of, and incorporated by reference into the Plan. Subject to the terms of the Plan, the Debtors reserve all rights to alter, amend, update, or modify any of the documents included within the Plan Supplement and any schedules, exhibits, or amendments thereto, prior to the Effective Date subject to compliance with the Bankruptcy

Code and the Bankruptcy Rules, provided that no such alteration, amendment, update, or modification shall be inconsistent with the terms of this Confirmation Order or the Plan.

L. Liquidating Trustees. Pursuant to Section 5.6 of the Plan, the Liquidating Trustee may be selected by mutual agreement of the Creditors' Committee and the SMT Group Representatives. The Creditors' Committee and the SMT Group Representatives have selected a Liquidating Trustee for each of the Insys Liquidation Trust and the Victims Restitution Trust in lieu of the single Liquidating Trustee. Ms. Carmin Reiss has been selected as the initial Liquidating Trustee for the Victims Restitution Trust and Mr. William Henrich has been selected as the initial Liquidating Trustee for the Insys Liquidation Trust.

**Compliance with Requirements of
Bankruptcy Code Section 1129 and the Bankruptcy Rules**

M. Bankruptcy Rule 3016. In accordance with Bankruptcy Rule 3016(a), the Plan is dated and identifies the Debtors as proponents. The Debtors appropriately filed the Disclosure Statement and the Plan with the Court, thereby satisfying Bankruptcy Rule 3016(b). The release and injunction provisions of the Plan are set forth in bold and with specific and conspicuous language, thereby complying with Bankruptcy Rule 3016(c).

N. Plan Compliance with the Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(1)).
The Plan complies with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code and, thereby satisfies section 1129(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. More particularly:

- (a) Proper Classification (11 U.S.C. §§ 1122, 1123(a)(1)). In addition to Administrative Expense Claims, Professional Fee Claims, and Priority Tax Claims, which need not be classified, Articles III and IV of the Plan classify thirteen (13) Classes of Claims against and Interests in the Debtors, based on differences in the legal nature or priority of such Claims against and Interests in each Debtor. The Claims and Interests placed in each Class are substantially similar to the other Claims and Interests, as the case may be, in each such Class. Valid business, factual, and legal reasons exist for separately classifying the various Classes of Claims and

Interests created under the Plan the classifications were not implemented for improper purposes, and such Classes do not unfairly discriminate between holders of Claims and Interests. The Plan therefore satisfies sections 1122 and 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code.

- (b) Specified Unimpaired Classes (11 U.S.C. § 1123(a)(2)). Articles III and IV of the Plan specify that Class 1 (Other Secured Claims) and Class 2 (Other Priority Claims) are Unimpaired under the Plan within the meaning of section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code, thereby satisfying section 1123(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- (c) Specified Treatment of Impaired Classes (11 U.S.C. § 1123(a)(3)). Articles III and IV of the Plan designate Class 3 (Convenience Class Claims), Class 4 (Trade and Other Unsecured Claims), Class 5 (Insurance Related Claims), Class 6 (Hospital Claims and NAS Monitoring Claims), Class 7 (DOJ Claims), Class 8(a) (State Claims), Class 8(b) (Municipality/Tribe Claims), and Class 9 (Personal Injury Claims) as Impaired within the meaning of section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code and specify the treatment of the Claims in such Classes, thereby satisfying section 1123(a)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- (d) Equal Treatment (11 U.S.C. § 1123(a)(4)). The Plan provides for the same treatment by the Debtors for each Claim or Interest in each respective Class unless the holder of a particular Claim or Interest has agreed to a less favorable treatment of such Claim or Interest, thereby satisfying section 1123(a)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- (e) Implementation of the Plan (11 U.S.C. § 1123(a)(5)). The Plan and the various documents and agreements set forth in the Plan Supplement, as well as the exhibits and schedules to the Plan, provide adequate and proper means for the implementation of the Plan, thereby satisfying section 1123(a)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code, including, without limitation: (i) the appointment of the Liquidating Trustees, the ILT Claims Arbiter and establishment of the Insys Liquidation Trust to administer the Plan (other than with respect to Personal Injury Claims); (ii) the appointment of the Liquidating Trustee for the Victims Restitution Trust, the VRT Claims Administrator and establishment of the Victims Restitution Trust to administer the Personal Injury Claims, among other things; (iii) appointment of the members of the ILT Board and the VRT Board pursuant to the lists filed with the Plan Supplement; (iv) the substantive consolidation of the Debtors for certain purposes related to the Plan, including distribution under the Plan; (v) the transfer of assets to the Trusts; (vi) establishment of the Class Claims Procedures; and (vii) the funding of the Trust Operating Reserves.
- (f) Non-Voting Equity Securities (11 U.S.C. § 1123(a)(6)). As part of the Plan Supplement, the Debtors filed forms of a Second Amended and

Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Second Amended and Restated Bylaws for Insys Therapeutics, Inc. (“**Insys**”) to be filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, which documents, among other things change the purpose of Insys to be solely to facilitate the orderly administration of the winding up and dissolution of the Debtors. The Plan provides that the only new securities to be issued under the Plan pursuant to Section 5.7(b) of the Plan will be the Parent Equity Interest to the Insys Liquidation Trust in order to allow the Liquidating Trustee for the Insys Liquidation Trust to control Insys. Accordingly, the requirements of section 1123(a)(6) are satisfied in the Chapter 11 Cases.

- (g) Designation of Directors and Officers (11 U.S.C. § 1123(a)(7)). The Debtors filed with this Court, as part of the Plan Supplement, the identity of each of the Trustees, the ILT Claims Arbiter, the VRT Claims Administrator, and each member of the Trust Boards. The Plan provisions concerning the selection or appointment of any officer, director, or manager under the Plan are consistent with the interests of creditors and equity security holders and with public policy in accordance with section 1123(a)(7) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- (h) Impairment/Unimpairment of Classes of Claims and Interests (11 U.S.C. § 1123(b)(1)). Pursuant to Articles III and IV of the Plan, as set forth in section 1123(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, and pursuant to section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code, Class 1 (Secured Claims) and Class 2 (Other Priority Claims) are Unimpaired and Class 3 (Convenience Class Claims), Class 4 (Trade and Other Unsecured Claims), Class 5 (Insurance Related Claims), Class 6 (Hospital Claims and NAS Monitoring Claims), Class 7 (DOJ Claims), Class 8(a) (State Claims), Class 8(b) (Municipality/Tribe Claims), Class 9 (Personal Injury Claims), Class 10 (510(a)/(b) Subordinated Claims), Class 11 (510(c) Subordinated Claims), Class 12 (Intercompany Claims) and Class 13 (Equity Interests) are Impaired.
- (i) Assumption and Rejection (11 U.S.C. § 1123(b)(2)). Article VIII of the Plan addresses the assumption and rejection of executory contracts and unexpired leases, and meets the requirements of section 365(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. Consistent with section 1123(b)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, Section 8.1 of the Plan provides that on the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, each executory contract and unexpired lease not previously rejected, assumed, or assumed and assigned shall be deemed automatically rejected pursuant to sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code, unless such executory contract or unexpired lease (i) is listed on the Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts or (ii) as of the Effective Date is subject to a pending motion to assume, reject, or assume and assign such executory contract or unexpired lease.

In accordance with the Disclosure Statement Order, counterparties to the Debtors’ executory contracts and unexpired leases were each served with

an individualized assumption and assignment notice (the “**Cure Notices**”), in the form attached to the Disclosure Statement Order, which included the proposed Cure Amounts for each contract thereon. In accordance with Section 8.2 of the Plan, the Debtors have filed and served, as Exhibit C to the Plan Supplement, the Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts [D.I. 1049]. The time given to parties in interest to object to the assumption, assumption and assignment, and rejection of their executory contracts or expired leases was good and sufficient and no other or further notice is required.

- (j) Settlement and Retention of Claims and Causes of Action and Reservation of Rights (11 U.S.C. § 1123(b)(3)). As permitted by section 1123(b)(3)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code, Section 10.5 of the Plan provides for a release of certain Claims and Causes of Action owned by the Debtors or the Debtors’ Estates. Moreover, in accordance with section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code, Section 10.9 of the Plan provides that, except as provided in the Plan, nothing contained in the Plan or herein shall be deemed to be a waiver or the relinquishment of any Claims, Causes of Action, rights of setoff or recoupment, or other legal or equitable defenses that the Debtors had immediately prior to the Effective Date on behalf of the Estates or itself in accordance with any provision of the Bankruptcy Code or any applicable nonbankruptcy law, including, without limitation, any affirmative Causes of Action against parties with a relationship with the Debtor, other than the Released Parties. Following the Effective Date, all such Claims, Causes of Action, rights of setoff or recoupment, or other legal or equitable defenses shall be transferred to the Insys Liquidation Trust or the Victims Restitution Trust, as applicable, which shall have, retain, reserve, and be entitled to assert all such Claims, Causes of Action, rights of setoff, or recoupment, and other legal or equitable defenses as fully as if the Chapter 11 Cases had not been commenced, and all of the Debtors’ and the Liquidating Debtors’ legal and equitable rights with respect to any Claim or Interest may be asserted after the Effective Date to the same extent as if the Chapter 11 Cases had not been commenced.
- (k) Modification of Rights of Holders of Certain Classes of Claims (11 U.S.C. § 1123(b)(5)). In accordance and in compliance with section 1123(b)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Plan properly modifies the rights of holders of Claims in Class 3 (Convenience Class Claims), Class 4 (Trade and Other Unsecured Claims), Class 5 (Insurance Related Claims), Class 6 (Hospital Claims and NAS Monitoring Claims), Class 7 (DOJ Claims), Class 8(a) (State Claims), Class 8(b) (Municipality/Tribe Claims), Class 9 (Personal Injury Claims), Class 10 (510(a)/(b) Subordinated Claims), Class 11 (510(c) Subordinated Claims), Class 12 (Intercompany Claims) and Class 13 (Equity Interests). The Plan leaves unaffected the rights of holders of Claims in Class 1 (Secured Claims) and Class 2 (Other Priority

Claims). Thus, the Plan complies with section 1123(b)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code.

- (l) Additional Plan Provisions (11 U.S.C. § 1123(b)(6)). The permissive provisions of the Plan are appropriate and consistent with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, thereby satisfying section 1123(b)(6) of the Bankruptcy Code. The failure to address specifically a provision of the Bankruptcy Code in this Confirmation Order shall not diminish or impair the effectiveness of any provision of the Plan or this Confirmation Order.
- (m) Debtors Are Not Individuals (11 U.S.C. § 1123(c)). The Debtors are not individuals. Accordingly, section 1123(c) of the Bankruptcy Code is inapplicable in these Chapter 11 Cases.
- (n) Cure of Defaults (11 U.S.C. § 1123(d)). Sections 8.3 and 8.4 of the Plan provide for the satisfaction of default Claims associated with each executory contract and unexpired lease to be assumed pursuant to the Plan in accordance with section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. All Cure Amounts will be determined in accordance with the underlying agreements and applicable non-bankruptcy law. Thus, the Plan complies with section 1123(d) of the Bankruptcy Code.

O. The Debtors' Compliance with the Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(2)). The Debtors have complied with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, thereby satisfying section 1129(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code. Specifically, the Debtors have complied with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, the Local Rules, applicable non-bankruptcy law, and the Disclosure Statement Order in transmitting the Disclosure Statement, the Plan, the Plan Supplement, the Ballots, and related documents and notices and in soliciting and tabulating votes on the Plan.

P. Plan Proposed in Good Faith (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(3)). The Debtors have proposed the Plan (and all documents necessary to effectuate the Plan) in good faith and not by any means forbidden by law, thereby satisfying section 1129(a)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors' good faith is evident from the facts and record of these Chapter 11 Cases, including the declarations and other pleadings filed in support of confirmation of the Plan, and the record of

the Confirmation Hearing and these Chapter 11 Cases. The Plan was proposed with the legitimate and honest purpose of maximizing the value of the Debtors' Estates and recoveries to holders of Claims under the circumstances of the Chapter 11 Cases. The Plan (including the Plan Supplement and all other documents necessary to effectuate the Plan) was negotiated at arm's length among representatives of the Debtors, the Creditors' Committee, SMT Group Representatives, and representatives of numerous other creditor groups, and their respective professionals. Further, the Plan's classification, indemnification, exculpation, release, and injunction provisions have been negotiated in good faith and at arm's length, are consistent with sections 105, 1122, 1123(b)(3)(A), 1123(b)(6), 1129, and 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code, and are each integral to the Plan, supported by valuable consideration, and necessary for the Debtors' successful liquidation.

Q. Payment for Services or Costs and Expenses (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(4)).

Any payment made or to be made by any of the Debtors or the Trusts, as applicable, for services or for costs and expenses in or in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases, or in connection with the Plan and incident to the Chapter 11 Cases has been approved by, or is subject to the approval of, the Court as reasonable, thereby satisfying section 1129(a)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code.

R. Directors, Officers, and Insiders (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(5)). The Debtors have complied with section 1129(a)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code. The identity and affiliations of the persons proposed to serve as Trustees, the ILT Claims Arbiter, the VRT Claims Administrator, and each member of the Trust Boards upon the Effective Date of the Plan, and the identity of and nature of any compensation for any insider to be employed or retained by the Trustees, the VRT Claims Administrator and/or the ILT Claims Arbiter, as applicable, have been fully disclosed, to the extent such information is available and applicable, and the appointment

to, such offices of such persons is consistent with the interests of holders of Claims against and Interests in the Debtors and with public policy.

S. No Rate Changes (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(6)). The Plan does not provide for rate changes. Thus, section 1129(a)(6) of the Bankruptcy Code is not applicable in these Chapter 11 Cases.

T. Best Interest of Creditors (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(7)). The Plan satisfies section 1129(a)(7) of the Bankruptcy Code. The liquidation analysis provided with the Disclosure Statement and other evidence proffered or adduced at the Confirmation Hearing (i) are persuasive and credible, (ii) have not been controverted by other evidence, and (iii) establish that each holder of an Impaired Claim or Interest either has accepted the Plan or will receive or retain under the Plan, on account of such Claim or Interest, property of a value, as of the Effective Date, that is not less than the amount that such holder would receive or retain if the Debtors were liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code on such date.

U. Acceptance by Certain Classes (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(8)). Class 1 (Secured Claims) and Class 2 (Other Priority Claims) are Classes of Unimpaired Claims that are conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan in accordance with section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. As reflected in the Voting Certification, each of the Voting Classes, other than Class 7 (DOJ Claims), have voted to accept the Plan in accordance with section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code. Holders of Claims in Class 7 (DOJ Claims) did not submit votes to accept or reject the Plan; accordingly, pursuant to section 3.3 of the Plan, Class 7 (DOJ Claims) is presumed to accept the Plan.

V. Treatment of Administrative Expense Claims, Priority Tax Claims, and Other Priority Claims (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(9)). The treatment of Allowed Administrative

Expense Claims and Professional Fee Claims pursuant to Sections 2.3 and 2.4, respectively, of the Plan satisfies the requirements of section 1129(a)(9)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code. The treatment of Other Priority Claims pursuant to Article IV of the Plan satisfies the requirements of section 1129(a)(9)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code. The treatment of Priority Tax Claims pursuant to Section 2.5 of the Plan satisfies the requirements of section 1129(a)(9)(C) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors have sufficient Cash to pay Allowed Administrative Expense Claims, Professional Fee Claims, Other Priority Claims, and Priority Tax Claims.

W. Acceptance by Impaired Class (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(10)). The Voting Classes are Impaired Classes, and each Voting Class has voted to or is presumed to accept the Plan. Accordingly, at least one Class of Claims against the Debtors that is Impaired under the Plan has voted to accept the Plan by the requisite majorities, determined without including any acceptance of the Plan by any insider, thereby satisfying the requirements of section 1129(a)(10) of the Bankruptcy Code.

X. Feasibility (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(11)). The information in the Disclosure Statement, the Tucker Declaration, and the evidence proffered or adduced at the Confirmation Hearing (i) are persuasive and credible, (ii) have not been controverted by other evidence, and (iii) establishes that the Plan is feasible and provides adequate and appropriate means for its implementation and an orderly wind down and liquidation of the Debtors' Estates, as contemplated by the Plan, thereby satisfying the requirements of section 1129(a)(11) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Y. Payment of Statutory Fees (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(12)). The Plan provides that all fees payable under section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code, as determined by

the Court, have been or will be paid on or before the Effective Date pursuant to Section 12.5 of the Plan, thereby satisfying the requirements of section 1129(a)(12) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Z. Benefit Plans (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(13)). The Plan complies with section 1129(a)(13) of the Bankruptcy Code by reason of the provisions of Section 8.6 of the Plan. In addition, the Debtors do not have any obligations to pay retiree benefits (as defined in section 1114 of the Bankruptcy Code). Therefore, section 1129(a)(13) of the Bankruptcy Code is inapplicable to the Chapter 11 Cases.

AA. No Domestic Support Obligations (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(14)). The Debtors are not required by a judicial or administrative order, or by statute, to pay a domestic support obligation. Accordingly, section 1129(a)(14) of the Bankruptcy Code is inapplicable in these Chapter 11 Cases.

BB. Debtors Are Not Individuals (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(15)). The Debtors are not individuals, and accordingly, section 1129(a)(15) of the Bankruptcy Code is inapplicable in these Chapter 11 Cases.

CC. No Applicable Non-Bankruptcy Law Regarding Transfers (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(16)). Each of the Debtors is a moneyed business, commercial corporation, or trust, and accordingly, section 1129(a)(16) of the Bankruptcy Code is inapplicable in these Chapter 11 Cases.

DD. Nonconsensual Confirmation (11 U.S.C. § 1129(b)). Each Voting Class has voted to or is presumed to accept the Plan. Therefore, section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code is inapplicable to the Voting Classes in these Chapter 11 Cases. The Plan does not “discriminate unfairly” and is “fair and equitable” with respect to the Classes that are impaired and are deemed to reject the Plan, because no Class senior to any rejecting Class is being paid

more than in full and the Plan does not provide a recovery on account of any Claim or Interest that is equal to or junior to such rejecting Classes. Thus, the Debtors have demonstrated that the Plan satisfies section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

EE. Only One Plan (11 U.S.C. § 1129(c)). The Plan is the only plan filed in each of these Chapter 11 Cases, and accordingly, section 1129(c) of the Bankruptcy Code is inapplicable in these Chapter 11 Cases.

FF. Principal Purpose of the Plan (11 U.S.C. § 1129(d)). The principal purpose of the Plan is not the avoidance of taxes or the avoidance of the application of section 5 of the Securities Act, and no governmental entity has objected to the confirmation of the Plan on any such grounds. The Plan, therefore, satisfies the requirements of section 1129(d) of the Bankruptcy Code.

GG. Small Business Case (11 U.S.C. § 1129(e)). None of these Chapter 11 Cases are a “small business case,” as that term is defined in the Bankruptcy Code, and, accordingly, section 1129(e) of the Bankruptcy Code is inapplicable.

HH. Good Faith Solicitation (11 U.S.C. § 1125(e)). Based on the record before the Court in these Chapter 11 Cases, including evidence presented at the Confirmation Hearing, the Debtors, the Creditors’ Committee, and their respective directors, officers, employees, members (and such members’ counsel), agents, advisors, and professionals have acted in “good faith” within the meaning of section 1125(e) of the Bankruptcy Code in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, the Local Rules, and any applicable non-bankruptcy law, rule, or regulation in connection with all their respective activities relating to the solicitation of acceptances to the Plan and their participation in the activities described in section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code, and are entitled to the protections

afforded by section 1125(e) of the Bankruptcy Code and the exculpation provisions set forth in Section 10.6 of the Plan.

II. Based upon the foregoing, the Plan satisfies the requirements for confirmation set forth in section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Other Findings

JJ. Likelihood of Satisfaction of Conditions Precedent to the Effective Date.

Each of the conditions precedent to the Effective Date, as set forth in section 9.2 of the Plan, has been or is reasonably likely to be satisfied or waived in accordance with the Plan.

KK. Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases. Article VIII of the Plan, governing the assumption, rejection, and assumption and assignment of executory contracts and unexpired leases, satisfies the requirements of section 365(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. The rejection of any Executory Contract pursuant to Article VIII of the Plan shall be legal, valid, and binding upon the Debtors and the Trustees, and their successors and assigns and all non-Debtor parties and their successors and assigns to such Executory Contracts, all to the same extent as if such rejection had been effectuated pursuant to an order of this Court before entry of this Confirmation Order. As part of the Plan Supplement, the Debtors filed the Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts. The Debtors provided adequate assurance that the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, the Trusts, or any other party authorized to implement the Plan, will cure defaults (if any) under or relating to each of the executory contracts and unexpired leases that are being assumed and assigned by the Debtors pursuant to the Plan. No objections to Cure Amounts have been filed.

LL. Class 11 (510(c) Subordinated Claims). Except as otherwise provided in this Confirmation Order or by an agreement between the Debtors and the holder of an applicable Claim, the 510(c) Subordinated Claims whose holders were served with the Class 11 Non-Voting

Status Notice (as defined in the Disclosure Statement Order), as evidenced by the affidavit of service filed at D.I. 1015, and whose holders did not file an objection to such notice and classification, are properly classified as Class 11 (510(c) Subordinated Claims).

MM. Injunction, Releases, and Exculpation. This Court has jurisdiction under sections 1334(a) and (b) of title 28 of the United States Code to approve the releases, exculpations, and injunctions set forth in Section 10 of the Plan. Sections 105(a) and 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code permit issuance of the injunctions and approval of the releases, exculpations, and injunctions set forth in Article 10 of the Plan. Based upon the record of the Chapter 11 Cases and the evidence proffered or adduced at the Confirmation Hearing, this Court finds that the releases, exculpations, and injunctions set forth in Article 10 of the Plan are consistent with the Bankruptcy Code and applicable law. Further, the releases, exculpations, and injunctions contained in Article 10 of the Plan (as well as the carve-outs to such releases and exculpations) are integral components of the Plan. The releases, exculpations, and injunctions set forth in Article 10 of the Plan are hereby approved and authorized in their entirety.

The releases (as well as the carve-outs to such releases and exculpations) by the Debtors described in Section 10.5(a) of the Plan (the “**Debtors’ Releases**”) are an integral and necessary part of the Plan and represent a valid exercise of the Debtors’ business judgment. The Debtors’ Releases are in the best interests of the Debtors, the Debtors’ Estates, and all holders of Claims and Interests. The Debtors’ Releases are a key component of the Plan and the Plan Settlement included therein.

The releases by holders of Claims and Interests (the “**Third Party Releases**”) described in Section 10.5(b) of the Plan are essential provisions of the Plan, and were agreed to by the Creditors’ Committee and the SMT Group Representatives specifically because they are

narrowly tailored per the provisions of the Plan. The Third Party Releases provide for releases for the Released Parties by a) the holders of all Claims who vote to accept the Plan, (b) the holders of all Claims that are Unimpaired under the Plan, (c) the holders of all Claims whose vote to accept or reject the Plan is solicited but who (i) do not vote either to accept or to reject the Plan and (ii) do not opt out of granting the releases set forth in the Plan, (d) the holders of all Claims or Interests who vote, or are deemed, to reject the Plan but do not opt out of granting the releases set forth in the Plan, and (e) all other holders of Claims and Interests to the maximum extent permitted by law. The Ballots (in the form approved by the Disclosure Statement Order and distributed by the Debtors) explicitly stated that a vote to accept the Plan constitutes an acceptance and consent to the releases set forth in the Plan, included the language from the release provision in Section 10.5(b). In addition, the Third Party Releases were conspicuously disclosed in boldface type in the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, on the Ballots, and on the Opt Out Election Form (in the form approved by the Disclosure Statement Order and distributed by the Debtors), each of which provided parties in interest with sufficient notice of the releases. Thus, (i) those holders of Claims voting to accept the Plan were given due and adequate notice that they would be granting the releases by acting in such a manner, and (ii) all other holders of Claims and Interests were given due and adequate notice that they would be granting the releases by failing to complete and return their opt out election either on the Ballot or the Opt Out Election Form.

Further, the Third-Party Releases are: (i) in exchange for the good and valuable consideration provided by the Released Parties; (ii) materially beneficial to, and in the best interests of, the Debtors, their Estates, and their stakeholders, and are important to the overall objectives of the Plan; (iii) fair, equitable, and reasonable; (iv) given and made after due notice

and opportunity for hearing; (v) within the jurisdiction of this Court under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1334(a), 1334(b), and 1334(d); (vi) an essential means of implementing the Plan pursuant to section 1123(a)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code; and (vii) consistent with sections 105, 1123, 1129, and 1141 and other applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code.

The exculpation provisions set forth in Section 10.6 of the Plan are appropriate under applicable law because they were proposed in good faith and are essential to the Plan. Further, the exculpations granted under the Plan are appropriately narrowly tailored and reasonable in scope as the exculpation provisions do not relieve any party of liability for an act or omission to the extent such act or omission is the result of fraud, gross negligence, or willful misconduct. The record in the Chapter 11 Cases fully supports the exculpation provisions.

The injunction provisions set forth in Section 10.7 of the Plan: (i) are within the jurisdiction of this Court under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1334(a), 1334(b), and 1334(d); (ii) are an essential means of implementing the Plan pursuant to section 1123(a)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code; (iii) are an integral element of the transactions incorporated into the Plan; (iv) confer material benefits on, and are in the best interests of, the Debtors, the Estates, and their creditors; (v) are important to the overall objectives of the Plan to resolve all Claims or Causes of Action among or against the parties in interest in the Chapter 11 Cases with respect to the Debtors; and (vi) are consistent with sections 105, 1123, and 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code, other provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, and other applicable law. The injunction provisions are necessary to preserve the authority of the Debtors and the Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, to pursue retained claims and Causes of Action under the Plan, and to preserve and enforce the terms of the Plan. The injunction provisions are also a key component of the efficient wind down of the Debtors' Estates. Furthermore:

- (a) Identity of Interest. An identity of interest is established where a debtor and a released party share a common goal of confirming a plan. Here, the Released Parties were instrumental in negotiating and formulating the Plan and share the common goal of an orderly liquidation that maximizes value for all parties. Absent the involvement of the Released Parties, the settlements and contributions required for, or entered into in connection with, the confirmation of the Plan would not be possible, and few, if any, assets would be available for distribution to the Debtors' creditors.
- (b) Exclusions. Further, the Creditors' Committee and the Debtors negotiated the Releases to exclude any act or omission of a Released Party that is a criminal act or constitutes fraud, gross negligence, or willful misconduct and/or any Claims or Causes of Action arising out of, or related to, any act or omission of a Released Party prior to the Effective Date that is later found to be a criminal act or to constitute fraud, gross negligence, or willful misconduct, including findings after the Effective Date. Plan ¶ 10.5(b). In addition, the list of Released Parties is narrowly tailored and includes only those Persons that were employed or engaged by the Debtors, the Creditors' Committee or its members on or after the Petition Date, or, in the case of any professional, were retained pursuant to sections 327 or 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code in these Chapter 11 Cases, and further includes a list of "Non-Released Parties" from such subset that are not receiving releases except subject to the terms of the Plan.
- (c) Substantial Contribution. The Released Parties and Exculpated Parties have provided substantial contributions necessary to implement the Plan Settlement and to make the Plan feasible and to provide a fair result and fair consideration for affected creditors in exchange for the releases and injunctions provided in Sections 5.13, 10.5, 10.6 and 10.7 of the Plan. The Released Parties were instrumental in: (i) negotiating the orderly and value-maximizing liquidation contemplated by the Plan; (ii) preserving substantial value for unsecured creditors; and (iii) devoting significant time to navigating the Debtors through these Chapter 11 Cases and maximizing value for the benefit of creditors in addition to their regular duties. Moreover, the Released Parties assisted in the preparation of materials for potential transaction parties in the marketing and sales process and participated in meetings with potential counterparties. The participation by the Released Parties in the negotiation, structuring, and implementation of the orderly liquidation infrastructure contemplated by the Plan constitutes a substantial contribution.
- (d) Necessity for Plan Success. The injunction and release provisions are critical to the success of the Plan. Without the substantial contributions of the Released Parties expediting the resolution of these Chapter 11 Cases, the increased costs associated with developing and finalizing a Plan would have dramatically decreased the potential recoveries from the Debtors' Estates available to the Debtors' creditors.

- (e) Support of Affected Creditors. The Creditors' Committee and the SMT Group Representatives (as directed by the holders of State Claims and Municipality/Tribe Claims that have been active in these Chapter 11 Cases) do not object to the release and injunction provisions in favor of the Released Parties and the Exculpated Parties.
- (f) Fair Consideration. The Plan affords recoveries to holders of Claims affected by the releases and injunctions that would not otherwise be available. The Plan provides for payments to substantially all of the claims of the classes affected by the Debtors' Release. Holders of General Unsecured Claims are receiving recoveries under the Plan that they would otherwise not have received in the absence of the Plan Settlement, and holders of General Unsecured Claims in each of the Voting Classes have voted to accept the Plan by the requisite majorities, or, in the case of Class 7 (DOJ Claims), did not vote, and were presumed to accept the Plan.
- (g) The Record Supports Specific Factual and Legal Findings. The record of the Confirmation Hearing and these Chapter 11 Cases is sufficient to support the releases and injunctions contained in the Plan.
- (h) Subject Matter Jurisdiction. The Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the Claims subject to the release and injunction provisions in the Plan.
- (i) Extraordinary Circumstances. Extraordinary circumstances surrounding the Chapter 11 Cases support the release and injunction provisions contained in the Plan. The Debtors filed these Chapter 11 Cases as a result of an onslaught of litigation in connection with the Debtors' marketing and sale of opioid products—the first such chapter 11 filing of any opioid manufacturer. The Plan Settlement resolves in significant part numerous substantial, complex litigation claims – including several complex class action claims - the resolutions of which the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee have worked hard to achieve. The Released Parties were involved with the Debtors' chapter 11 process since the Petition Date, and the Plan, which incorporates the Plan Settlement and has the support of the Creditors' Committee and the SMT Group Representatives, maximizes the value of the Debtors' estates. The extensive efforts and substantial contributions by the Released Parties, along with the recoveries under the Plan, constitute extraordinary circumstances warranting the releases and injunctions set forth in the Plan.

NN. 9019 Settlement. The complexity of the Debtors' Chapter 11 Cases necessitated a consensual exit strategy, particularly in light of the potential for complex disputes on multiple fronts. Litigating the Claims and issues at hand in these Chapter 11 Cases would be costly and time consuming, reducing liquidity and value otherwise available for creditor

recoveries. The evidence establishes that the Debtors concluded that it was in the best interests of the Debtors' stakeholders to resolve such disputes and related matters on the terms set forth in the Plan, including the Plan Settlement. For the reasons stated herein, the Court agrees and so finds. The evidence establishes that each of the factors to be considered in determining whether to approve a settlement pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019 — probability of success, complexity, and likely duration of litigation, and certain other factors bearing on the wisdom of the compromise — weighs in favor of resolution of the parties' disputes on the terms set forth in the Plan. In addition, the evidence establishes that sound business justifications exist for the Debtors to enter into the Plan Settlement. Each component of the Plan Settlement, including the Administrative Expense Claim for professional fees for counsel to holders of State Claims and Municipality/Tribe Claims in the amount of \$800,000, and the substantive consolidation of the Debtors, is an integral, integrated, and inextricably linked part of the Plan that is not severable from the entirety of the Plan. Accordingly, the Debtors have met their burden of proving that the Plan Settlement, and the treatment of creditors as provided under the Plan, are fair, reasonable, and in the best interests of the Debtors' Estates and the Debtors' stakeholders.

OO. Substantive Consolidation. Section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code empowers the Bankruptcy Court to substantively consolidate multiple debtors. Substantive consolidation of the Debtors is an important element of the successful implementation of the Plan, and the following findings of fact constitute sufficient basis for the substantive consolidation of the Debtors:

- (a) Each of the Debtors has historically engaged in a distinct aspect of the overall business such that they depended upon each of the other Debtors and were not intended to—and did not—function as stand-alone businesses. Prior to the end of 2015, Insys was the parent company with publicly traded stock, and was the primary holder of cash for financial investments, as well as the Debtors' leases. Insys Pharma, Inc. held all

operational assets and activities, including employee affairs, distribution, marketing, operating cash, inventory, accounts receivable and payable, and fixed assets. Beginning at the end of 2015 and throughout 2016, the Debtors formed additional subsidiaries of Insys Pharma, Inc. to serve particular roles formerly served by Insys Pharma, Inc. Beginning at the start of 2016, Insys Manufacturing, LLC conducted manufacturing, contract manufacturing, and payroll for non-sales employees, and held fixed manufacturing assets, inventory, and more; Insys Development Company, Inc. conducted research and development, clinical trials, and regulatory activity, and held the majority of the Debtors' intellectual property and some trade accounts receivable and payable; and IPSC, LLC employed the Debtors' patient service employees, and conducted the Debtors' patient services. IC Operations, LLC, formed in early 2019, assumed some or all of the sales force, marketing, distribution, employment activities, and other commercial activities of the Debtors previously performed by Insys Pharma, Inc., which gradually wound down its operations. Each Debtor engaged in certain intercompany transactions relating to the use of cash or the provision of intercompany goods and services because such cash, goods, and services of other Debtors were required for each of the Debtors to perform their respective functions within the business.

- (b) The Debtors directed substantially all of their operations from one corporate headquarters under the same management team. The Debtors prepared and reported their financial statements and filed their federal tax returns on a consolidated basis. The majority of key vendor relationships are with Insys, the parent entity, which is also the Debtor party to most of the Debtors' key contracts. Upon receipt, cash was distributed on an as-needed basis to other Debtor entities. Any additional funding needs of the Debtor entities were funded from cash or investments held by Insys (the parent company). The Debtors did log each prepetition intercompany transfer of cash and goods, but such intercompany activity was so regular and in the Debtors' ordinary course that the prepetition Debtors effectively functioned as one unit, with cash, assets, and liabilities flowing to the entity in which such cash or assets could be most effectively utilized, or such liabilities most effectively assessed, at any given time. As a result, the Debtors' balance sheets reflect large intercompany balances made up of multiple components, and tracking each balance's origination would likely be an onerous and costly endeavor. Due in large part to the foregoing, prepetition, the Debtors' operational and financial affairs were inextricably intertwined and any disentanglement efforts are likely to be time-consuming and expensive, and ultimately are unlikely to produce a clear benefit to the Debtors' Chapter 11 Cases.
- (c) The prepetition and postpetition litigation against the Debtors related to Subsys would be very difficult, and time consuming, to apportion to any one particular Debtor or Debtors. The recoveries for unsecured creditors in

the Chapter 11 Cases will predominantly derive from the Debtors' cash on hand, asset sale proceeds, and, potentially, the Debtors' affirmative Causes of Action (which may be paid from proceeds of insurance or from the defendants themselves). It will be difficult if not nearly impossible to allocate such sales proceeds or recoveries among each Debtor's individual Estate given the interconnectedness of the Debtors' operations and assets subject to the asset sales. The asset sales themselves did not allocate proceeds among legal entities. In the event that a particular creditor may receive a better recovery in the absence of substantive consolidation, that recovery is likely to be consumed by the costs associated with investigating and litigating any: (i) inter-creditor claims, and (ii) inter-creditor allocation disputes regarding those recoveries. Furthermore, the consolidation of the Debtors will expedite the conclusion of the Chapter 11 Cases. Accordingly, attempting to disentangle the Debtors' Estates would result in significant difficulties and enormous costs that would be borne by the Estates, which would deplete the recoveries for all creditors and cause unnecessary and costly delays in the confirmation of the Plan and Distributions to creditors. The result would likely be worse recoveries for all creditors. Furthermore, no party has objected to substantive consolidation. The particular facts and circumstances of these Chapter 11 Cases present unique arguments warranting substantive consolidation.

PP. Implementation. The Plan Documents and all other related, necessary, or appropriate documents have been negotiated in good faith and at arm's length, the terms and conditions thereof are fair and reasonable and entry therein is in the best interests of the Debtors, the Estates, and all holders of Claims and Interests. The Plan Documents and all other related, necessary, or appropriate documents shall, upon completion of documentation and execution, be valid, binding, and enforceable agreements that are not in conflict with any federal or state law.

QQ. Claims Resolution Procedures. For the avoidance of doubt, (i) the procedures for resolving Disputed Claims set forth in Article VII of the Plan, (ii) the Class Claim Procedures included as Exhibits N, O, P and Q to the Plan Supplement for the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims, Third Party Payor Class Claims, Hospital Class Claims, and NAS Monitoring Claims, and (iii) the procedures for the ILT Claims Arbiter to determine the issues set forth in Plan Section 5.7(i)(ii) (including the ILT Claims Arbiter Submission Procedures included as Exhibit I to the Plan Supplement), are an integral components of the Plan Settlement,

are fair and appropriate under the circumstances, and all parties required to be given notice of such procedures have been given due, proper, timely, and adequate notice of such procedures and such parties have had an opportunity to appear and be heard with respect thereto.

RR. Good Faith. The Debtors and the Creditors' Committee have been acting, are acting, and will continue to act in good faith if they proceed to (i) consummate the Plan and the agreements, settlements, transactions, and transfers set forth therein and (ii) take the actions authorized and directed by this Confirmation Order.

SS. Objections. All parties have had a full and fair opportunity to litigate all issues raised, or which might have been raised, in objections to confirmation of the Plan, and informal comments, and all objections have been fully and fairly litigated.

TT. Waiver of Stay. Given the facts and circumstances of these Chapter 11 Cases, it is appropriate that the stays of effectiveness of this Confirmation Order imposed by Bankruptcy Rules 3020(e), 6004(h), 6006(d), and 7062, to the extent applicable, be waived.

UU. Retention of Jurisdiction. Except as otherwise provided for in the Plan, the Court may properly, and upon the Effective Date shall, retain exclusive jurisdiction over all matters arising out of, and related to, the Chapter 11 Cases, including the matters set forth in Article XI of the Plan and section 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code.

ORDER

ACCORDINGLY, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, DECREED, AND DETERMINED THAT:

1. Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law. The above-referenced findings of fact and conclusions of law are hereby incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein and shall constitute findings of fact and conclusions of law pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule

7052, made applicable herein by Bankruptcy Rule 9014. All findings of fact and conclusions of law announced by this Court at the Confirmation Hearing in relation to confirmation of the Plan are hereby incorporated into this Order. To the extent that any finding of fact shall be determined to be a conclusion of law, it shall be deemed so, and vice versa.

2. Objections. All objections that have not been withdrawn, waived, settled, or deferred, and all reservations of rights pertaining to confirmation of the Plan, other than those withdrawn with prejudice in their entirety prior to, or on the record at, the Confirmation Hearing, shall be, and hereby are, overruled on the merits.

3. Confirmation Hearing Notice. The Confirmation Hearing Notice complied with the terms of the Disclosure Statement Order, was appropriate and satisfactory based upon the circumstances of the Chapter 11 Cases, and was in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, the Local Rules, and applicable non-bankruptcy law. No further notice of the Confirmation Hearing was required or need be given.

4. Solicitation. The solicitation of votes on the Plan complied with the Solicitation Procedures, was appropriate and satisfactory based upon the circumstances of the Chapter 11 Cases, and was in compliance with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, the Local Rules, the Disclosure Statement Order, and applicable non-bankruptcy law.

5. Confirmation of the Plan. The Plan and each of its provisions shall be, and hereby are, **CONFIRMED** under section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code. The terms of the Plan, all exhibits and schedules thereto, the Plan Documents, and the Plan Supplement are

incorporated by reference into and are an integral part of the Plan and this Confirmation Order (whether or not such terms are expressly referenced or described herein).

6. Plan Supplement and Exhibits and Schedules to the Plan. The documents, substantially in the form contained in the Plan Supplement, the exhibits and schedules to the Plan, and any amendments, modifications, and supplements thereto, and the execution, delivery, and performance thereof by the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, the Trustees, the VRT Claims Administrator, the ILT Claims Arbitrator, or any other party authorized to implement the Plan (through the Trusts, the Debtors, or the Liquidating Debtors, as applicable,) are authorized and approved.

7. Settlement of Claims and Controversies. Pursuant to sections 105(a) and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rule 9019, and Article V of the Plan, the Plan incorporates an integrated compromise, settlement, and release of claims. The entry of this Confirmation Order shall constitute the Court's approval, as of the Effective Date, of the Plan Settlement as well as the Court's determination that the Plan Settlement is (i) in the best interest of the Debtors and the Estates and their respective property and stakeholders; and (ii) fair, equitable, and within the range of reasonableness. In the event that, for any reason, the Effective Date does not occur, the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee reserve all of their respective rights with respect to any and all disputes resolved and settled under the Plan Settlement.

8. The Plan Documents and the Plan shall not constitute or be construed as admissions of any fact or liability, stipulation or waiver, but rather are in furtherance of settlement in the Chapter 11 Cases.

9. The amendments and modifications to the Amended Plan since the filing thereof, including as reflected in the Plan Amendment and herein, and incorporated into and

reflected in the Plan, are approved in accordance with section 1127(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and Rule 3019(a) of the Bankruptcy Rules.

10. Release, Injunction and Exculpation Provisions. For the avoidance of doubt, pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 3020(c)(1), the following provisions in the Plan are hereby approved and will be effective immediately on the Effective Date without further order or action by the Court, any of the parties to such release, or any other Entity: ((a) Debtors' Releases (Plan section 10.5(a)); (b) Third Party Releases (Plan section 10.5(b)); (c) Exculpation (Plan section 10.6); (d) Injunction (Plan sections 10.2, 10.4, 10.7); and carve-outs for the United States (Plan sections 10.7, 12.1).

11. Release and Exculpation Provisions. All release and exculpation provisions embodied in the Plan, including those contained in Article X of the Plan, are (i) integral parts of the Plan, (ii) fair, equitable, and reasonable, (iii) given for good and valuable consideration, (iv) necessary to the proposed liquidation, (v) reasonable in scope, and (vi) in the best interest of the Debtors and their Estates, the Liquidating Debtors, and all other parties in interest, and such provisions are approved and shall be effective and binding on all persons, to the extent provided in the Plan. The release provisions contained in section 10.5(b) of the Plan were disclosed and explained on the Ballots, on the Opt Out Election Form, in the Disclosure Statement, and in the Plan and are consensual under applicable law.

12. Substantive Consolidation. As of the Effective Date: (a) all assets and liabilities of the Debtors will be deemed merged; (b) all guarantees by one Debtor of the obligations of any other Debtor will be deemed eliminated so that any Claim against any Debtor and any guarantee thereof executed by any other Debtor and any joint or several liability of any of the Debtors shall be deemed to be a single obligation of the Debtors; (c) each and every Claim

filed or to be filed in the Chapter 11 Case of any Debtor will be deemed filed against the Debtors and will be deemed one Claim against and a single obligation of the Debtors, and the Debtors may file and the Bankruptcy Court will sustain objections to Claims for the same liability that are filed against multiple Debtors; and (d) Intercompany Claims between any Debtors will be eliminated and extinguished in accordance with Section 4.12 of the Plan and no Distributions shall be made under the Plan on account of any Intercompany Claim.

This consolidation will not: (a) affect the legal and corporate organizational structures of the Debtors; (b) affect the vesting of assets in the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors or the Trusts; (c) affect the rights of any Claimant with respect to the collateral securing such Claim, if any; (d) constitute a change of control of any Debtor for any purpose, (e) cause a merger or consolidation of any legal entity, (f) affect executory contracts that were entered into during the Chapter 11 Cases or that have been or will be assumed, assumed and assigned, or rejected; (g) affect the Debtors', the Insys Liquidation Trust's or the Victims Restitution Trust's ability to subordinate or challenge Claims on an entity by entity basis; or (h) prejudice the rights of any Debtor with respect to the prosecution or defense of any Cause of Action including, but not limited to, preferential transfers and fraudulent conveyances, against any person or entity as if there was no substantive consolidation, including payments or transfers by and among the Debtors and any related or affiliated entity prior to the Petition Date.

Further, this consolidation will not affect the obligation of the consolidated Debtors to (a) pay quarterly fees to the U.S. Trustee in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1930 based upon the consolidated disbursements made by the substantively consolidated Debtors or (b) seek the closing of their substantively consolidated Chapter 11 Cases.

13. Binding Effect. On or after entry of this Confirmation Order and subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, the provisions of the Plan shall be immediately effective and enforceable and binding on the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, the Liquidating Trustees, the VRT Claims Administrator, the VRT Board, the ILT Claims Arbitrator, the ILT Board, any entity acquiring or receiving property or a Distribution under the Plan, every holder of a Claim against or Interest in any Debtor (whether or not such holder has filed a proof of claim in the Chapter 11 Cases), any and all non-Debtor parties to executory contracts and unexpired leases with any of the Debtors, any other party in interest in the Chapter 11 Cases, and the respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors, estates, or assigns, if any, of any of the foregoing regardless of whether the Claim or Interest of such holder is Impaired under the Plan or whether such holder has accepted or is deemed to have accepted the Plan.

14. No Action. Pursuant to applicable non-bankruptcy law and section 1142(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, no action of the respective directors, managers, members, or stockholders, as applicable, of the Debtors shall be required to authorize the Debtors to enter into, execute, deliver, file, adopt, amend, restate, consummate, or effectuate, as the case may be, the Plan and any contract, instrument, or other document to be executed, delivered, adopted, or amended in connection with the implementation of the Plan, including any contract, instrument, or other document included in the Plan Supplement.

15. Plan Classification Controlling. The classification of Claims and Interests for purposes of the Distributions to be made under the Plan shall be governed solely by the terms of the Plan. The classifications set forth on the Ballots tendered to or returned by the Debtors' creditors in connection with voting on the Plan (i) were set forth on the Ballots for purposes of voting to accept or reject the Plan, (ii) do not necessarily represent, and in no event shall be

deemed to modify or otherwise affect, the actual classifications of such Claims and Interests under the Plan for distribution purposes, and (iii) shall not be binding on the Debtors.

16. Implementation of the Plan. Pursuant to section 1123(a)(5)(D) of the Bankruptcy Code, on, prior to the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, the Trustees, the VRT Claims Administrator, or the ILT Claims Arbiter, as applicable, are authorized to take all actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effect any transaction described in, approved by, contemplated by, or necessary to effectuate the Plan, including (a) a substantive consolidation of the assets and liabilities of the Debtors with one another, (b) the vesting of the Debtors' Assets in the Insys Liquidation Trust or the Victims Restitution Trust, as applicable, (c) the cancellation of all Equity Interests and all notes, instruments, certificates, agreements, indentures, mortgages, security documents, and other documents evidencing Claims against or Interests in the Debtors or obligations of the Debtors or Liquidating Debtors, as applicable, thereunder or in any way related to the foregoing, (d) the appointment of the Trustees, the VRT Claims Administrator and the ILT Claims Arbiter, and the establishment of the Insys Liquidation Trust and the Victims Restitution Trust, (e) the consummation of the Plan Settlement, (f) allocation of Available Cash for payment of Distributions and Claims, and (g) the taking of all necessary or appropriate actions by the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, the Trustees, the VRT Claims Administrator or the ILT Claims Arbiter, as applicable, to effectuate the Trust Formation Transactions and the Plan. All such actions taken or caused to be taken consistent with the terms of this Confirmation Order and the Plan, including any such actions taken with respect to the Trust Formation Transactions prior to the date of entry of this Confirmation Order, shall be deemed to have been authorized and

approved by the Court without further approval, act, or action under any applicable law, order, rule, or regulation.

17. Plan Distributions. The Liquidating Debtors and the Trustees, or any other party authorized to make Distributions under the Plan, as applicable, are hereby authorized to make all Distributions pursuant to the terms of the Plan and to pay any other applicable fees and expenses approved by any other order of this Court. In accordance with Section 4.7 of the Plan, Distributions on account of Allowed DOJ Claims will be made as restitution, other than Distributions made on account of the Allowed DOJ Forfeiture Claim. Additionally, in accordance with Section 4.8 of the Plan, Distributions on account of Allowed State Claims and Allowed Municipality/Tribe Claims will be made as restitution.

18. Free and Clear. On the Effective Date, and if applicable, pursuant to sections 1141(b) and 1141(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, all Assets shall vest in the Insys Liquidation Trust or the Victims Restitution Trust, as applicable. The Trusts shall own such Assets, as of the Effective Date, free and clear of all Claims, Interests, Liens, other encumbrances, and liabilities of any kind.

19. Compliance with Section 1123(a)(6) of the Bankruptcy Code. As part of the Plan Supplement, the Debtors filed forms of a Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Second Amended and Restated Bylaws for Insys Therapeutics, Inc., to be filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, which documents, among other things change the purpose of Insys to be solely to facilitate the orderly administration of the winding up and dissolution of Insys. The Plan provides that the only new securities to be issued under the Plan pursuant to Section 5.7(b) of the Plan will be the Parent Equity Interest to the Insys

Liquidation Trust in order to allow the Liquidating Trustee to control Insys. Accordingly, the requirements of section 1123(a)(6) are satisfied in the Chapter 11 Cases.

20. Cancellation of Notes, Interests, Instruments, Certificates, and Other Documents. Except as otherwise provided herein and in the Plan, on and after the Effective Date, all Equity Interests and all notes, instruments, certificates, agreements, indentures, mortgages, security documents, and other documents evidencing Claims against the Debtors or obligations of the Debtors or Liquidating Debtors, as applicable, thereunder or in any way related to the foregoing shall be deemed cancelled, satisfied in full, and of no further force and effect without any need for further action or approval of this Court.

21. Setoffs and Recoupments. Subject to Section 4.14, Article VII and sections 10.5 through 10.8 and Section 5.13 of the Plan, the Liquidating Debtors or the Trustees, on behalf of the Trusts, may, but shall not be required to, set off against or recoup from any Claim and from any payments to be made pursuant to the Plan in respect of such Claim any claims of any nature whatsoever (to the extent permitted by applicable law) that the Debtors may have against the claimant; provided, that neither the failure to do so nor the allowance of any Claim under the Plan shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors or the Trusts of any such Claim it may have against such claimant.

22. Claims Resolution Procedures Approved. The procedures for resolving Disputed Claims set forth in Article VII of the Plan are hereby approved. The Class Claim Procedures included as Exhibits N, O, P and Q to the Plan Supplement for the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims, Third Party Payor Class Claims, Hospital Class Claims, and NAS Monitoring Class Claims, are hereby approved.

23. SMT Allocation Protocol. In accordance with Section 4.8 of the Plan and the ILT Agreement, the SMT Group Representatives shall follow, and the SMT Board Members may follow, national negotiations regarding global allocation and distributions to and among non-federal governmental entities (States, their subdivisions and local governments, and Native American Tribes) by and from opioid defendants within and outside of opioid defendant bankruptcy cases. Should a global allocation agreement be reached in the national opioid litigation or within other bankruptcy cases of opioid defendants that allocates distributions or recoveries among governmental entities on a nationwide basis, then the SMT Group Representatives shall prepare, in consultation with the holders of Class 8(a) and Class 8(b) Claims, an allocation protocol or model that follows such global allocation agreement or otherwise allocates the Trust Assets reserved for Class 8(a) and Class 8(b) in a manner substantially consistent with the global allocation agreement. Should there not be a global allocation agreement reached before the initial termination date of the Insys Liquidation Trust, as described in section 9.01(b) of the ILT Agreement, then, reasonably in advance of that initial termination date, the SMT Group Representatives shall prepare an allocation protocol or model, in consultation with the holders of Class 8(a) and Class 8(b) Claims, to be used for distribution to such holders (any proposal under this SMT Allocation Protocol a “**SMT Global Allocation Proposal**”). An SMT Global Allocation Proposal may provide for the contribution of such assets into a global allocation program, fund or mechanism established outside of these Chapter 11 Cases. It is anticipated that such SMT Global Allocation Proposal shall provide for allocation on a nationwide basis and without regard to whether any governmental entity (*i.e.*, State, Municipality, or Tribe) filed a proof of claim in these Chapter 11 Cases, except to the extent that any such non-federal governmental entity has independently of these Chapter 11 Cases waived

or released claims against the Debtors in which case such entity shall not be entitled to distributions hereunder. The SMT Group Representatives and the Liquidating Trustee must receive Bankruptcy Court approval upon notice and a hearing for the implementation of such SMT Global Allocation Proposal. In connection with the Bankruptcy Court's approval of the SMT Global Allocation Proposal, the SMT Group Representatives and the Liquidating Trustee shall seek, within the same order, a determination from the Bankruptcy Court that all Class 8(a) and Class 8(b) Claims in these Chapter 11 Cases are allowed on a final basis and satisfied in full by entry of the Bankruptcy Court-approved SMT Global Allocation Proposal. For the avoidance of doubt, the SMT Global Allocation Proposal shall (a) not treat Municipality/Tribe Claims differently solely because they were within or outside the MDL, and (b) shall comply with section 1123(a)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code.

24. ILT Claims Arbiter. For the avoidance of doubt, the appointment of the ILT Claims Arbiter and the procedures for the ILT Claims Arbiter to determine the issues set forth in Plan Section 5.7(i)(ii) (including without limitation the ILT Claims Arbiter Submission Procedures included as Exhibit I to the Plan Supplement) are hereby approved.

25. Disputed Claims Reserves. In accordance with Section 6.4 of the Plan, from and after the Effective Date, and until such time as all Disputed Claims have been compromised and settled or determined by a Final Order of the Court, the Liquidating Trustees shall, consistent with and subject to section 1123(a)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code, retain from the Available Cash an aggregate amount equal to the Pro Rata Share of each Distribution that would have been made to a holder of a Disputed Claim and allocate such amount to the applicable Disputed Claims Reserve in accordance with the Plan as if such Disputed Claim were an Allowed Claim against the Debtors in an amount equal to the least of (i) the filed amount of such

Disputed Claim, (ii) the amount determined, to the extent permitted by the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules, by the Court for purposes of fixing the amount to be reserved for such Disputed Claim, and (iii) such other amount as may be agreed upon by the holder of such Disputed Claim and the Liquidating Trustee for the Insys Liquidation Trust (if such Disputed Claim is not a Personal Injury Claim), or the Liquidating Trustee for the Victims Restitution Trust, or the VRT Claims Administrator (if such Disputed Claim is a Personal Injury Claim).

26. Assumption, Rejection, or Assignment of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases (11 U.S.C. § 1123(b)(2)). Pursuant to Article VIII of the Plan, as of and subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, it is hereby authorized and approved that on the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, each executory contract and unexpired lease not previously rejected, assumed, or assumed and assigned shall be deemed automatically rejected pursuant to sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code, unless such executory contract or unexpired lease (i) is listed on the Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts, (ii) as of the Effective Date is subject to a pending motion to assume, reject, or assume and assign such executory contract or unexpired lease, or (iii) is assigned to the Insys Liquidation Trust or to the Victims Restitution Trust pursuant to the terms of the Plan.

27. In accordance with the terms of Article VIII of the Plan, as of and subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Court hereby approves, pursuant to sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code, (i) the assumption of the executory contracts or unexpired leases in accordance with the Plan, and (ii) the assignment of such executory contracts and unexpired leases to the applicable entity or Trust, as applicable.

28. Rejection Claims. Pursuant to Section 8.4 of the Plan, if the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease by any of the Debtors pursuant to Section 8.1 of the

Plan results in damages to the other party or parties to such contract or lease, any Claim for such damages, if not heretofore evidenced by a timely filed proof of Claim, shall be forever barred and shall not be enforceable against the Debtors or their Estates, unless a proof of Claim is filed with the Court and served upon the Debtors no later than thirty (30) days after the Effective Date of the Plan. Any such Claims, to the extent Allowed, shall be classified as Trade and Other Unsecured Claims in Class 4.

29. Determination of Cure Disputes and Deemed Consent. Pursuant to the Disclosure Statement Order, the Debtors served individualized Cure Notices on counterparties to the Debtors' executory contracts and unexpired leases, which set forth the proposed Cure Amount (if any) for each executory contract and unexpired lease for those contracts the Debtors or the Trusts, as applicable, proposed to assume after the Effective Date. On December 30, 2019, as part of the Plan Supplement, the Debtors filed the Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts which listed those executory contracts and unexpired leases to be assumed and assigned, and the proposed Cure Amount (if any) for each executory contract and unexpired lease.

30. To the extent any Cure Dispute with respect to an Assumed and Assigned Contract has not been resolved prior to the Effective Date, the Debtors shall establish the Disputed Cure Claims Reserve. Any amounts remaining in the Disputed Cure Claims Reserve after the resolution and payment, if applicable, of all Disputed Cure Claims with respect to the Assumed and Assigned Contracts, shall be included in the Priority Reserve.

31. To the extent an objection is not timely filed and properly served on the Debtors with respect to a Cure Dispute, then the counterparty to the applicable contract or lease shall be deemed to have assented to (i) the Cure Amount proposed by the Debtors and (ii) the

assumption of such contract or lease, notwithstanding any provision thereof that (a) prohibits, restricts, or conditions the transfer or assignment of such contract or lease, or (b) terminates or permits the termination of a contract or lease as a result of any direct or indirect transfer or assignment of the rights of the Debtor under such contract or lease or a change in the ownership or control as contemplated by the Plan, and shall forever be barred and enjoined from asserting such objection against the Debtors or terminating or modifying such contract or lease on account of transactions contemplated by the Plan.

32. General Authorizations. Each of the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, the Insys Liquidation Trust, the Victims Restitution Trust, the Trustees, the VRT Claims Administrator and the ILT Claims Arbiter is authorized to execute, deliver, file, or record such contracts, instruments, releases, and other agreements or documents and take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate, implement, and further evidence the terms and provisions of the Plan and the Plan Settlement. The Debtors, Liquidating Debtors, the Trustees, the VRT Claims Administrator and the ILT Claims Arbiter and their respective directors, officers, members, agents, and attorneys are authorized and empowered to issue, execute, deliver, file, or record any agreement or document, including any documents contained in the Plan Supplement and the Exhibits and Schedules to the Plan, as may be modified, amended, and supplemented, in substantially the form included therein, and to take any action necessary or appropriate to implement, effectuate, and consummate the Plan in accordance with its terms, or take any or all corporate actions authorized to be taken pursuant to the Plan, including merger of any of the Liquidating Debtors and the dissolution of each of the Liquidating Debtors, and any release, amendment, or restatement of any bylaws, certificates of incorporation, or other organizational documents of the Debtors or Liquidating Debtors, whether or not specifically

referred to in the Plan or the Plan Supplement, without further order of the Court, and any or all such documents shall be accepted by each of the respective state filing offices and recorded in accordance with the applicable state law and shall become effective in accordance with their terms and the provisions of state law. Pursuant to Section 5.17 of the Plan, the Liquidating Debtors or the Trustees, as applicable, are authorized to file certificates of cancellation or dissolution, or merger without further action under applicable law, regulation, order, or rule, including, without express or implied limitation, any action by the stockholders, members, or directors (or other governing body) of the Liquidating Debtors.

33. Transferability of Distribution Rights. Any and all Trust Interests, rights to receive a Distribution from the Trust, the Priority Reserve, the Trust Operating Reserves, or the Recovery Funds will not constitute “securities” and will not be registered pursuant to the Securities Act or any applicable state or local securities law. However, if it should be determined that any such interests constitute “securities,” the exemption provisions of section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code will be satisfied and the offer and sale under the Plan of the Trust Interests will be exempt from registration under the Securities Act, all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and all applicable state and local securities laws and regulations. Further, any and all Trust Interests, rights to receive a Distribution from the Trust, the Priority Reserve, the Trust Operating Reserves, or the Recovery Funds shall not be certificated, shall be non-transferable other than if transferred by will, intestate succession, or otherwise by operation of law, and shall be subject to certain other restrictions. Moreover, any and all Trust Interests shall not be listed for trading on any national securities exchange.

34. Establishment of Insys Liquidation Trust. This Confirmation Order authorizes (i) the creation and implementation of the Insys Liquidation Trust in accordance with

the terms of this Confirmation Order, the Plan, and the ILT Agreement, and (ii) appointment of the Liquidating Trustee for the Insys Liquidation Trust to accomplish the purposes of the Insys Liquidation Trust, as set forth in and subject to the ILT Agreement and the Plan, notwithstanding any otherwise applicable non-bankruptcy law. The Insys Liquidation Trust may be established prior to the Effective Date to the extent necessary, desirable, or appropriate to effectuate the Plan.

35. Establishment of Victims Restitution Trust. This Confirmation Order authorizes (i) the creation and implementation of the Victims Restitution Trust in accordance with the terms of this Confirmation Order, the Plan, and the VRT Agreement, and (ii) appointment of the Liquidating Trustee of the Victims Restitution Trust to accomplish the purposes of the Victims Restitution Trust, as set forth in and subject to the VRT Agreement and the Plan, notwithstanding any otherwise applicable nonbankruptcy law.

36. To the extent required, Section 5.6 and other applicable sections of the Plan are modified to provide for the selection of a Liquidating Trustee for each of the Insys Liquidation Trust and the Victims Restitution Trust. The appointments of Ms. Carmin Reiss as the initial Liquidating Trustee for the Victims Restitution Trust and Mr. William Henrich as the initial Liquidating Trustee for the Insys Liquidation Trust are approved. Each Liquidating Trustee shall have the powers specified in the Plan with respect to the applicable Trust and shall not have any authority to act on behalf of the other Trust, unless later appointed as Liquidating Trustee for such other Trust. The appointment of two Liquidating Trustees does not limit the ability of the Trust Boards, in the future, to select a single Liquidating Trustee for both Trusts.

37. Role of the Trustees. In accordance with the Trust Agreements, and in furtherance of, and consistent with, the purposes of the Trusts and the Plan, the Trustees shall

have the power and authority to act as trustee of the applicable Trusts and perform the Authorized Acts pursuant to the Plan.

38. Insurance Rights Transfer. This Confirmation Order confirms that the Insurance Rights Transfer, as provided by Section 5.7(e) of the Plan, is valid and enforceable under sections 541(c)(1)(a), 1123(a)(5)(B), and 1129(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, and that the Bankruptcy Code preempts any anti-assignment contractual provisions and applicable state law.

39. Products Liability Insurance Rights Transfer. This Confirmation Order confirms that the Products Liability Insurance Rights Transfer, as provided by Section 5.8(c) of the Plan, is valid and enforceable under sections 541(c)(1)(a), 1123(a)(5)(B), and 1129(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, and that the Bankruptcy Code preempts any anti-assignment contractual provisions and applicable state law.

40. Insurance Neutrality.

(a) Nothing contained in the Plan, the Plan Documents, or this Confirmation Order (including any provision that purports to be preemptory or supervening) shall in any way operate to, or have the effect of, impairing, altering, supplementing, changing, expanding, decreasing, or modifying (i) the rights or obligations of any of the Insurance Companies arising out of or under any Insurance Policy or (ii) any rights or obligations of the Debtors arising out of or under any Insurance Policy. For all issues relating to insurance coverage, including all rights and obligations under the Insurance Policies, the provisions, terms, conditions, and limitations of the Insurance Policies shall control. For the avoidance of doubt, (i) none of the Debtors' or any Insurance Company's defenses, rights, and obligations with respect to the coverage, denial of coverage, the proper court, forum or jurisdiction for any disputes regarding coverage or regarding the Insurance Companies' rights and obligations under

the Insurance Policies (collectively, the “**Coverage Dispute**”) shall be impaired or otherwise affected in any way; and (ii) nothing herein shall constitute a determination, consent to, or waiver of jurisdiction as to the Coverage Dispute.

(b) For the avoidance of doubt, nothing contained in the Plan, the Plan Documents, or this Confirmation Order shall operate to require any Insurance Company to indemnify or pay the liability of any Debtor or Liquidating Debtor that it would not have been required to pay in the absence of this Plan. Furthermore, nothing in the Plan, the Plan Documents, or this Confirmation Order shall operate to make either the Victims Restitution Trust or the Insys Liquidation Trust insureds under the Insurance Policies with respect to any action taken by the Victims Restitution Trust or the Insys Liquidation Trust. This subsection (b) in no way modifies, alters or limits the rights and/or obligations set forth in subsection (a), above.

(c) None of (i) this Court’s confirmation of the Plan or approval of the Plan Documents, (ii) this Confirmation Order or any other findings and conclusions entered with respect to confirmation, or (iii) any estimation or valuation of any Claims, either individually or in the aggregate in the Chapter 11 Cases shall, with respect to any Insurance Company, constitute a trial or hearing on the merits or an adjudication or judgment with respect to any Claim or Cause of Action.

41. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, the Plan Documents or this Confirmation Order, on and after the Effective Date, the automatic stay of Bankruptcy Code section 362(a) and the injunctions set forth in Section 10.4 of the Plan, if and to the extent applicable, shall be deemed lifted without further order of the Bankruptcy Court, to permit: (a) claimants with valid workers’ compensation claims to proceed with their claims in accordance with such applicable workers’ compensation policies and applicable state law in the

appropriate judicial or administrative forum against the proceeds of such policies only and; (b) the Insurance Companies to administer, handle, defend, settle and/or pay, in the ordinary course of business and without further order of the Bankruptcy Court, such claims and all costs in relation to the foregoing.

42. Merger; Dissolution; Consolidation. On or after the date(s) upon which the Trusts are established, the Liquidating Debtors or the Trustees may, subject to the terms of the Plan and the Liquidating Debtors' Organizational Documents, cause any or all of the Liquidating Debtors to be merged into one or more of the Liquidating Debtors, dissolved, or otherwise consolidated, and engage in any other transaction in furtherance of the Plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, on the Dissolution Date (which is to be no later than thirty (30) days after completion of the acts required of the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors by Article V of the Plan, or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter), each Liquidating Debtor shall be deemed dissolved for all purposes without the necessity for any other or further actions to be taken by or on behalf of each Liquidating Debtor; provided, however, that each Liquidating Debtor, or the Trustees, as applicable, shall file with the office of the Secretary of State, or other appropriate office for the state of its organization, a certificate of cancellation or dissolution. Upon the liquidation and dissolution of any Liquidating Debtor, any proceeds thereof shall be treated as Available Cash and allocated in accordance with Section 5.14 of the Plan.

43. Survival of Debtors' Indemnification Obligations. Any obligations (including any limitations contained therein) of the Debtors pursuant to their corporate charters, by-laws, limited liability company agreements, memorandum and articles of association, or other organizational documents and agreements to indemnify officers, directors, agents, or employees of the Debtors who were employed by the Debtors as of the Petition Date with respect to all

present and future actions, suits, and proceedings against the Debtors or such officers, directors, agents, or employees based upon any act or omission for, or on behalf of, the Debtors shall not be discharged, impaired, or otherwise affected by the Plan or this Confirmation Order; *provided, however,* for the avoidance of doubt, the Insys Liquidation Trust shall not (i) assume indemnification obligations with respect to any parties on the Non-Released Parties Exhibit or (ii) indemnify any Person to the extent indemnification is not available under any of the Debtors' corporate charters, by-laws, limited liability company agreements, memorandum and articles of association, or other organization documents and agreements. All indemnification obligations that are assumed and assigned to the Insys Liquidation Trust shall be deemed and treated as Assumed and Assigned Contracts under the Plan. Any Claim based on the Insys Liquidation Trust's assumption of the Debtors' obligations described herein shall not be a Disputed Claim or subject to any objection, in either case, by reason of section 502(e)(1)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code.

44. Administrative Expense Claims Bar Date. Except as otherwise provided in Section 2.1 of the Plan, the applicable deadline for filing requests for payment of Administrative Expense Claims (other than Professional Fee Claims) and shall be the date that is sixty (60) days after the Effective Date with respect to (x) unpaid Claims arising in the ordinary course of business between the Petition Date and September 9, 2019, and (y) all unpaid Claims arising after September 9, 2019 through and including the Effective Date, in each case, unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court (each such date the “**Administrative Expense Claims Bar Date**”). Holders of Administrative Expense Claims that are required to, but do not, file and serve requests for the payment of such Administrative Expense Claims by the Administrative Expense Claims Bar Date shall be forever barred, estopped, and enjoined from

asserting such Claims against the Debtors or their assets or properties, and such Claims shall be deemed discharged as of the Effective Date.

45. Professional Fee Claims. Pursuant to Section 2.4 of the Plan, all Professional Persons seeking awards by the Court of compensation for services rendered or reimbursement of expenses incurred through and including the Effective Date under sections 327, 328, 330, 331, 503(b)(2), 503(b)(3), 503(b)(4), 503(b)(5), or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code shall (i) file, on or before the date that is forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date, or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, their respective applications for final allowances of compensation for services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred and (ii) be paid in full, in Cash, (a) first, from any existing amounts held by a Professional Person as a fee advance, retainer, or security that such Professional Person is authorized to use to satisfy Allowed Professional Fee Claims pursuant to the Interim Compensation Order or the order of the Bankruptcy Court authorizing the retention of such Professional Person (other than a reasonable retainer to cover post-Effective Date work), and (b) second, from the Professional Fee Escrow Account, in such aggregate amounts as are Allowed by the Bankruptcy Court or authorized to be paid in accordance with the order(s) relating to or allowing any such Professional Fee Claim.

46. On the Effective Date, the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, or the Liquidating Trustee shall establish the Professional Fee Escrow Account and, on the Effective Date, fund the Professional Fee Escrow Account with (i) the funds held in the escrow account established pursuant to Paragraph 4 of the Interim Compensation Order, and (ii) any additional Cash such that the total amount held in the Professional Fee Escrow Account is equal to the sum of each Professional Person's good faith estimates of its Professional Fee Claims.

47. The deadline for filing objections to Professional Persons' applications for final allowance of compensation for services rendered and expenses incurred shall be 20 days after the date of service of the applicable application, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

48. No Claims, Interests, Liens, other encumbrances, or liabilities of any kind shall encumber the Professional Fee Escrow Account in any way. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Professional Persons performing services on behalf of the Debtors or the Creditors' Committees following the Effective Date in connection with the preparation of, or objection to, fee applications (or, in the case of the Creditors' Committee, with respect to any services listed in Section 12.14 of the Plan), are entitled to payment of reasonable fees and reimbursement of reasonable expenses related to such work. Solely with respect to the immediately foregoing sentence, any such Professional Person may seek compensation for such fees and expenses by submitting invoices to the Liquidating Trustee for payment out of Available Cash, and any undisputed invoices shall be paid in the ordinary course of business and without further order of the Bankruptcy Court.

49. Insurance Policies. On or prior to the Effective Date, the Debtors, with the consent of the Creditors' Committee (which shall not be unreasonably withheld), may fund an upfront premium payment to purchase "tail insurance" to continue either or both of (i) the Debtors' existing directors' and officers' insurance and (ii) the fiduciary policy related to the Debtors' 401(k) plan. As contemplated in Sections 5.7(e)(iii), 5.8(c)(iii) and 5.10(a) of the Plan, on and after the Effective Date, all Insurance Policies and all Products Liability Insurance Policies shall be deemed to be and treated as Assumed and Assigned Contracts, and shall vest in the Insys Liquidation Trust and the Victims Restitution Trust, respectively, and continue in full force and effect thereafter in accordance with their respective terms such that the Liquidating

Trustee and the VRT Claims Administrator, as applicable, shall become and remain jointly and severally liable in full for all of the Debtors' obligations under the Insurance Policies and the Products Liability Insurance Policies, as applicable.

50. Retention of Causes of Action and Reservation of Rights. Except as expressly provided in the Plan or this Confirmation Order, pursuant to section 10.9 of the Plan, the Insys Liquidation Trust or Victims Restitution Trust, as applicable, shall have the right to prosecute any and all Causes of Action that have not been waived pursuant to the Plan or purchased by any of the purchasers of the Debtors' Assets. Pursuant to section 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, except as expressly provided in Sections 10.4 through 10.7 of the Plan, nothing contained in the Plan or this Order shall be deemed to be a waiver or relinquishment of any rights, Claims, Causes of Action, rights of setoff or recoupment, or other legal or equitable defenses that the Debtors had immediately before the Effective Date on behalf of the Estates or of themselves in accordance with any provision of the Bankruptcy Code or any applicable nonbankruptcy law, including but not limited to any actions specifically enumerated in the Schedule of Retained Causes of Action to be filed as part of the Plan Supplement. Subject to Sections 10.4 through 10.7 of the Plan, all such Claims, Causes of Action, rights of setoff or recoupment, or other legal or equitable defenses shall be transferred to the Insys Liquidation Trust or the Victims Restitution Trust, as applicable, which shall have, retain, reserve, and be entitled to assert all such Claims, Causes of Action, rights of setoff, or recoupment, and other legal or equitable defenses as fully as if the Chapter 11 Cases had not been commenced, and all of the Debtors' and the Liquidating Debtors' legal and equitable rights with respect to any Claim or Interest may be asserted after the Effective Date to the same extent as if the Chapter 11 Cases had not been commenced.

51. Compromise and Settlement of Claims, Interests, and Controversies. In consideration for the distributions and other benefits, including releases, provided pursuant to the Plan, the provisions of the Plan shall constitute a good faith compromise of Claims and controversies relating to the contractual, legal, and subordination rights that a creditor or an Interest holder may have with respect to any Allowed Claim or Interest or any distribution to be made on account of such Allowed Claim. The entry of this Confirmation Order hereby constitutes approval of the compromise or settlement of all such Claims, Interests, and controversies, as well as a finding that such compromise or settlement is in the best interests of the Debtors, their Estates, and holders of such Claims and Interests, and is fair, equitable, and reasonable.

52. Dissolution of the Creditors' Committee. In accordance with Section 12.14 of the Plan, on the Effective Date, the Creditors' Committee will dissolve; provided, however, that following the Effective Date, the Creditors' Committee shall continue in existence and have standing and a right to be heard (and shall be compensated) for the following limited purposes: (i) assisting the Trusts for a limited transitional period of time; (ii) applications, and any relief related thereto, for compensation by Professionals and requests for allowance of Administrative Expense Claims; and (iii) any appeals of, or related to, this Confirmation Order or other appeal to which the Creditors' Committee is a party. Upon the dissolution of the Creditors' Committee, the Creditors' Committee and its respective Professionals will cease to have any duty, obligation, or role arising from, or related to, the Chapter 11 Cases and shall be released and discharged from all rights and duties from, or related to, the Chapter 11 Cases.

53. Removal of Related Proceedings. Notwithstanding anything herein or in any prior order of the Court to the contrary, including the *Order Pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P.*

9006(b) and 9027 and Local Rule 9006-2 Enlarging the Time Within Which to File Notices of Removal of Related Proceedings [D.I. 660] (the “**Removal Order**”), the time period provided by Bankruptcy Rule 9027 within which the Debtors or any other party as contemplated by 28 U.S.C. § 1452 may file notices of removal of the Civil Actions (as defined in the Removal Order), as well as any other civil proceeding that may be removed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1452, is enlarged and extended to the date that is seven (7) days following the filing with the Court of the Notice of Effective Date (as herein defined), without prejudice and subject to any further requests to extend such time period.³

54. Documents and Instruments. Each federal, state, commonwealth, local, foreign, or other governmental agency is hereby authorized to accept any and all documents and instruments necessary or appropriate to effectuate, implement, or consummate the transactions contemplated by the Plan and this Confirmation Order.

55. Revocation or Withdrawal of the Plan. The Debtors are hereby granted the right, subject to consultation with the Creditors’ Committee, to revoke or withdraw the Plan prior to the Effective Date as to any or all of the Debtors. If, with respect to a Debtor, the Plan has been revoked or withdrawn prior to the Effective Date, or if confirmation or the occurrence of the Effective Date as to such Debtor does not occur on the Effective Date, then, with respect to such Debtor: (i) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects; (ii) any settlement or compromise embodied in the Plan (including the fixing or limiting to an amount any Claim or Interest or Class of Claims or Interests), assumption or rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases affected by the Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant to the

³ On January 3, 2020, the Debtors filed a second request to extend the time period provided by Bankruptcy Rule 9027 within which the Debtors or any other party as contemplated by 28 U.S.C. § 1452 may file notices of removal of the Civil Actions.

Plan shall be deemed null and void; and (iii) nothing contained in the Plan shall (a) constitute a waiver or release of any Claim by or against, or any Interest in, such Debtor or any other Person; (b) prejudice in any manner the rights of such Debtor or any other Person; or (c) constitute an admission of any sort by any Debtor or any other Person.

56. Reversal/Stay/Modification/Vacatur of Confirmation Order. Except as otherwise provided in this Confirmation Order, if any or all of the provisions of this Confirmation Order are hereafter reversed, modified, vacated, or stayed by subsequent order of this Court, or any other court, such reversal, stay, modification, or vacatur shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any act, obligation, indebtedness, liability, priority, or lien incurred or undertaken by the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors, or any other party authorized or required to take action to implement the Plan, as applicable, prior to the effective date of such reversal, stay, modification, or vacatur. Notwithstanding any such reversal, stay, modification, or vacatur of this Confirmation Order, any such act or obligation incurred or undertaken pursuant to, or in reliance on, this Confirmation Order prior to the effective date of such reversal, stay, modification, or vacatur shall be governed in all respects by the provisions of this Confirmation Order, the Plan, the Plan Documents, or any amendments or modifications to the foregoing.

57. Retention of Jurisdiction. Notwithstanding the entry of this Confirmation Order or the occurrence of the Effective Date, pursuant to sections 105 and 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Plan Documents, or this Confirmation Order, this Court shall retain jurisdiction over all matters arising out of, and related to, the Chapter 11 Cases to the fullest extent as is legally permissible, including jurisdiction over the matters set forth in Article XI of the Plan.

58. Exemption from Certain Transfer Taxes. To the maximum extent permitted pursuant to section 1146(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the assignment or surrender of any lease or sublease, or the delivery of any deed or other instrument of transfer under, in furtherance of, or in connection with the Plan, including any deeds, bills of sale, or assignments, or assignments executed in connection with any disposition of assets contemplated by the Plan (including transfers of assets to and by the Insys Liquidation Trust and the Victims Restitution Trust) shall not be subject to any document recording tax, stamp tax, conveyance fee, intangibles or similar tax, real estate transfer tax, sales or use tax, mortgage recording tax, or other similar tax or governmental assessment..

59. Modifications and Amendments. The Plan and the other Plan Documents may be amended, modified, or supplemented by the Debtors in the manner provided for by section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code or as otherwise permitted by law, without additional disclosure pursuant to section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code, except as otherwise ordered by the Court; *provided, however*, that any such amendments, modifications, or supplements shall be made in accordance with the terms of the Plan Settlement, and shall not be made without the reasonable consent of the Creditors' Committee and the SMT Group Representatives solely with respect to any amendments, modifications, or supplements that directly and materially adversely affect the SMT Group Claims or the SMT Group Representatives, including, without limitation, with respect to governance provisions in respect of the Trusts described in the Plan. In addition, after the Confirmation Date, as long as such action does not materially and adversely affect the treatment of holders of Allowed Claims pursuant to the Plan, the Debtors may remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistencies in the Plan or this Confirmation Order with respect to such matters as may be necessary to carry out the purposes or effects of the Plan, and any

holder of a Claim or Interest that has accepted the Plan shall be deemed to have accepted the Plan as amended, modified, or supplemented. Prior to the Effective Date, the Debtors, with the reasonable consent of the Creditors' Committee, may make appropriate technical adjustments and modifications to the Plan and the Plan Documents without further order or approval of the Court; *provided, however*, that such technical adjustments and modifications do not adversely affect in a material way the treatment of holders of Claims or Interests under the Plan.

60. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Plan, this Confirmation Order, and any implementing Plan documents, nothing shall (i) preclude the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) from enforcing its police or regulatory powers; or (ii) enjoin, limit, impair, or delay the SEC from commencing or continuing any claims, causes of action, proceedings or investigations against any non-Debtor person or non-Debtor entity in any forum; *provided*, that the foregoing shall not diminish the scope of any exculpation to which any party is entitled under the provisions of the Plan, applicable provisions of Title 11, including section 1125(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, or other applicable law consistent with *In re PWS Holding Corp.*, 228 F.3d 224 (3d Cir. 2000).

61. Notwithstanding the proposed classification of claim nos. 10247 and 10253 (collectively, the “White & Case Claims”) in Class 11 (510(c) Subordinated Claims) of the Plan, the White & Case Claims shall be classified in Class 4 (Trade and Other General Unsecured Claims) of the Plan for purposes of voting and confirmation; *provided, however*, that the Debtors and the Trusts, as applicable, reserve any and all rights, claims, and Causes of Action of any sort whatsoever with respect to White & Case LLP and the White & Case Claims, including, without limitation, seeking to reclassify or subordinate the White & Case Claims or

objecting to the White & Case Claims on any grounds, and White & Case LLP reserves any and all rights, claims and defenses.

62. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the Plan, this Confirmation Order or any Plan Documents:

- (a) As to the United States, on behalf of its agency the Internal Revenue Service (“**IRS**”), nothing in the Plan, this Confirmation Order or any Plan Documents shall: (1) cause an IRS Secured Claim to be deemed unsecured solely because it includes a Claim that meets the definition of Priority Tax Claim; (2) cause distributions made after the Effective Date on account of IRS claims allowed by the Bankruptcy Code or the Plan to be deemed to be made on a date other than the date the distribution is actually made; (3) alter the treatment and payment of penalties on IRS claims and such penalties shall be paid and treated in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code; (4) affect any setoff or recoupment rights of the IRS and such rights are preserved; (5) release, enjoin or exculpate any non-debtor from any liability arising under the Internal Revenue Code; (6) require the IRS to file an administrative claim in order to receive payment for any liability described in Section 503(b)(1)(B) and (C) of the Bankruptcy Code in accordance with Section 503(b)(1)(D); (7) be construed as a compromise or settlement of any claim, cause of action or interest of the IRS; (8) expand or limit the scope of Section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to the claims of the IRS; or (9) expand the scope of Section 505 of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to claims of the IRS.
- (b) Administrative Expense Claims of the IRS Allowed pursuant to the Plan or the Bankruptcy Code shall accrue interest and penalties as provided by non-bankruptcy law until paid in full.
- (c) To the extent the Priority Tax Claims of the IRS (including any penalties, interest or additions to tax entitled to priority under the Bankruptcy Code) allowed pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or the Plan are not paid in full in cash on the Effective Date, then such Priority Tax Claims shall accrue interest commencing on the Effective Date at the rate set forth in Section 511 of the Bankruptcy Code. Moreover, nothing shall effect a release, injunction or otherwise preclude any claim whatsoever against any Debtor or any of the Debtors’ Estates by or on behalf of the IRS for any liability arising a) out of pre-petition or post-petition tax periods for which a return has not been filed or b) as a result of a pending audit or audit that may be performed with respect to any pre-petition or post-petition tax period. Further, nothing shall enjoin the IRS from amending any claim against any Debtor or any of the Debtors’ Estates with respect to any tax liability a) arising out of pre-petition or post-petition tax periods for which a tax

return has not been filed or b) from a pending audit or audit that may be performed with respect to any pre-petition or post-petition tax period. Any liability arising a) out of pre-petition or post-petition tax periods for which a return has not been filed or b) as a result of a pending audit or audit which may be performed with respect to any pre-petition or post-petition tax period shall be paid in accordance with 1129(a)(9)(A) and (C) of the Bankruptcy Code. Without limiting the foregoing but for the avoidance of doubt, nothing contained in the Plan, this Confirmation Order or any Plan Documents shall be deemed to bind the IRS to any characterization of any transaction for tax purposes or to determine the tax liability of any person or entity, including, but not limited to, the Debtors and the Trusts, nor shall the Plan, this Confirmation Order or any Plan Documents be deemed to have determined the federal tax treatment of any item, distribution, or entity, including the federal tax consequences of the Plan, nor shall anything in the Plan, this Confirmation Order or any Plan Documents be deemed to have conferred jurisdiction upon the Bankruptcy Court to make determinations as to federal tax liability and federal tax treatment, except as provided under Section 505 of the Bankruptcy Code.

63. Williamson County. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan or this Confirmation Order, Williamson County shall retain its statutory liens securing its prepetition claims, if applicable, and post-petition taxes, until such time as the Allowed amount of such pre-petition tax claims and post-petition taxes is paid in full. Nothing in the Plan or this Confirmation Order shall be construed as an admission as to the validity of any claim asserted by Williamson County against the Debtors or a waiver of the Debtors' rights to subsequently dispute such claim on any grounds. The Debtors' and, if applicable, the Liquidating Debtors', ad valorem tax obligations shall be paid in the ordinary course of business by the Liquidating Debtors or the Insys Liquidation Trust. In the event any ad valorem taxes are not paid in the ordinary course of business, to the extent that interest is payable with respect to such ad valorem taxes, the rights of Williamson County to interest at the state statutory rate pursuant to section 511 of the Bankruptcy Code shall be reserved. The Liquidating Debtors and Insys Liquidation Trust reserve all bankruptcy and non-bankruptcy defenses to such ad valorem tax Claims, as well

as the right to prepay all or a portion of any such amounts at any time with no prepayment penalty.

64. The exculpation set forth in section 10.6 of the Plan shall be limited to the postpetition period.

65. Solely in the event any entity coverage under the Debtors' existing directors' and officers' insurance policies ("**D&O Policies**") is available and accessible pursuant to the priority of payments clauses therein after the resolution of all claims under Side A and Side B of such D&O Policies, then the lead plaintiff in the Securities Litigation,⁴ on behalf of himself and the certified class in the Securities Litigation, may seek an order of the Bankruptcy Court, upon notice and a hearing, estimating or otherwise determining the allowed amounts of their Class 10 Claims (POC Nos. 10585, 10586) solely to the extent of the remaining entity insurance coverage under, and subject to all of the provisions of, the D&O Policies. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this paragraph shall require the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, the Insys Liquidation Trust, or the Liquidating Trustee to be responsible for Distributions on the Class 10 Claim, or defense of the Securities Litigation, the estimation or other proceeding determining the Class 10 Claim, or any other costs of defense or liability not covered by available insurance. The Insys Litigation Trust shall notify lead counsel in the Securities Litigation if and when the Insys Litigation Trust determines that there is remaining entity coverage available and accessible under the D&O Policies. Nothing herein shall (a) in any way obligate or require the Insys Litigation Trust to preserve or maintain any Insurance Rights for the benefit of the certified class in the Securities Litigation, or (b) provide the certified class with any interest in the D&O Policies. Nothing in this paragraph shall be deemed to limit the

⁴ "Securities Litigation" means the class action suit *Di Donato v. Insys Therapeutics, Inc., et al.*, Case No. CV-16-00302-PHX-NVW (D. Ariz.).

Insurance Rights Transfer or any Insurance Rights the Insys Liquidation Trust, as assignee of the Debtors, may have under the D&O Policies pursuant to the Insurance Rights Transfer.

66. Applicable Non-Bankruptcy Law. Pursuant to section 1123(a) and 1142(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the provisions of this Confirmation Order, the Plan, and related documents, or any amendments or modifications thereto shall apply and be enforceable notwithstanding any otherwise applicable non-bankruptcy law.

67. Headings. Headings utilized herein are for convenience and reference only, and do not constitute a part of the Plan or this Order for any other purpose.

68. Governmental Approvals Not Required. This Confirmation Order shall constitute all approvals and consents required, if any, by the laws, rules, or regulations of any state or other governmental authority with respect to the implementation or consummation of the Plan and any documents, instruments, or agreements, and any amendments or modifications thereto, and any other acts referred to in, or contemplated by, the Plan and the Disclosure Statement.

69. Notice of the Effective Date. On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee shall file a notice (the “**Notice of Effective Date**”) of entry of this Confirmation Order, pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 2002(f)(7), 2002(k), and 3020(c), and of the occurrence of the Effective Date with the Court. As soon as practicable after the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidating Debtors, shall serve the Notice of Effective Date on all holders of Claims and Interests, the U.S. Trustee, and other parties in interest, by causing the Notice of Effective Date to be delivered to such parties by first-class mail, postage prepaid. A form Notice of Effective Date is attached hereto as **Exhibit B.**

70. Substantial Consummation. On the Effective Date, the Plan shall be deemed to be substantially consummated under sections 1101 and 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code.

71. Severability. Each term and provision of the Plan, as it may have been altered or interpreted by the Court in accordance with Section 12.6 of the Plan, is (i) valid and enforceable pursuant to its terms, (ii) integral to the Plan and may not be deleted or modified except in accordance with the terms of the Plan, and (iii) nonseverable and mutually dependent.

72. Governing Law. Except to the extent that the Bankruptcy Code or other federal law is applicable or to the extent that a Plan Document provides otherwise, the rights, duties, and obligations arising under the Plan and the Plan Documents shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the internal laws of the State of New York, without giving effect to the principles of conflicts of laws thereof (other than section 5-1401 and section 5-1402 of the New York General Obligations Law).

73. Immediate Effectiveness; Waiver of Stay. The requirements under Bankruptcy Rule 3020(e) that an order confirming a plan is stayed until the expiration of fourteen (14) days after entry of the order are hereby waived. The terms and provisions of this Confirmation Order shall be immediately effective and shall not be stayed pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 3020(e), 6004(h), 6006(d), or 7062.

74. Inconsistency. In accordance with Section 1.4 of the Plan, if there is determined to be any inconsistency between any provision of the Plan and any provision of this Confirmation Order that cannot be reconciled, then, solely to the extent of such inconsistency, the provisions of this Confirmation Order shall govern, and any such provisions of this Confirmation Order shall be deemed a modification of the Plan.

75. No Waiver. The failure to include specifically any particular provision of the Plan in this Confirmation Order will not diminish the effectiveness of such provision nor constitute a waiver thereof, it being the intent of the Court that the Plan is confirmed in its entirety and incorporated herein by this reference.

76. Final Order. This Confirmation Order is a Final Order and the period in which an appeal must be filed shall commence upon the entry hereof.

Dated: January 16th, 2020
Wilmington, Delaware

RLF1 22747484V.1



KEVIN GROSS
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

Exhibit A

Plan

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

-----X
:

In re : **Chapter 11**

:

INSYS THERAPEUTICS, INC., et al., : **Case No. 19-11292 (KG)**

:

Debtors.¹ : **Jointly Administered**

:

-----X

**SECOND AMENDED JOINT CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF LIQUIDATION
OF INSYS THERAPEUTICS, INC. AND ITS AFFILIATED DEBTORS**

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Dated: January 16, 2020
Wilmington, Delaware

¹ The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor’s federal tax identification number, as applicable, are: Insys Therapeutics, Inc. (7886); IC Operations, LLC (9659); Insys Development Company, Inc. (3020); Insys Manufacturing, LLC (0789); Insys Pharma, Inc. (9410); IPSC, LLC (6577); and IPT 355, LLC (0155). The Debtors’ mailing address is 3100 West Ray Rd., Suite 201, Chandler, Arizona 85226.

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Each of Insys Therapeutics, Inc.; IC Operations, LLC; Insys Development Company, Inc.; Insys Manufacturing, LLC; Insys Pharma, Inc.; IPSC, LLC; and IPT 355, LLC (each, a “**Debtor**” and collectively, the “**Debtors**”) proposes the following amended joint chapter 11 plan of liquidation pursuant to section 1121(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. Capitalized terms used herein shall have the meanings set forth in Section 1.1 below.

ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION.

1.1 Definitions.

The following terms shall have the respective meanings specified below:

510(a)/(b) Subordinated Claim means any Claim against the Debtors that is subject to subordination either (i) by agreement, pursuant to section 510(a) of the Bankruptcy Code or (ii) as a Claim for damages arising from the purchase or sale of a security of a Debtor, pursuant to section 510(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

510(c) Subordinated Claim means any Claim against the Debtors that is subject to equitable subordination pursuant to section 510(c) of the Bankruptcy Code. Any Claim that satisfies the definition of a 510(c) Subordinated Claim will be classified as such, and not in any other Class of Claims.

Administrative Expense Claim means any Claim for costs and expenses of administration of the Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to sections 327, 328, 330, 365, 503(b), 507(a)(2), or 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, including (i) the actual and necessary costs and expenses incurred on or after the Petition Date and through the Effective Date of preserving the Estates and operating the Debtors’ business, (ii) Professional Fee Claims, (iii) all fees and charges assessed against the Estates pursuant to sections 1911 through 1930 of chapter 123 of title 28 of the United States Code, (iv) all Allowed Claims that are to be treated as Administrative Expense Claims pursuant to a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court under section 546(c)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, and (v) Cure Claims.

Administrative Expense Claims Bar Date means the applicable deadline for filing requests for payment of Administrative Expense Claims (other than Professional Fee Claims) and shall be (i) October 24, 2019 at 5:00 p.m. (Prevailing Pacific Time) with respect to Claims arising after the Petition Date through and including September 9, 2019 (other than those arising in the ordinary course), as provided in the Bar Date Order, and (ii) the date that is sixty (60) days after the Effective Date with respect to (x) unpaid Claims arising in the ordinary course of business between the Petition Date and September 9, 2019, and (y) all unpaid Claims arising after September 9, 2019 through and including the Effective Date, in each case, unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

Allowed means, with respect to any Claim against or Interest in a Debtor, any Claim or Interest (i) the amount of which has been agreed by, as applicable, the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, the Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbiter, or the VRT Claims Administrator, (ii) that has been determined by Final Order of a court of competent jurisdiction, which may include the Bankruptcy Court, (iii) that is compromised, settled, or otherwise resolved after the Effective Date pursuant to the authority of the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, the Liquidating Trustee,

the ILT Claims Arbiter, or the VRT Claims Administrator, as applicable, (iv) that is listed in the Schedules as liquidated, non-contingent, and undisputed, (v) arising on or before the Effective Date as to which no objection to allowance has been interposed within the time period set forth in the Plan, and (vi) that is expressly allowed hereunder; *provided, however*, that the Liquidating Debtors and the Liquidating Trustee shall retain all Claims and defenses with respect to Allowed Claims that are reinstated or otherwise Unimpaired pursuant to this Plan.

Allowed DOJ Civil Claim means the DOJ's Allowed Claim for restitution in the amount of \$243 million pursuant to the DOJ Settlement Order.

Allowed DOJ Claims means, collectively, the Allowed DOJ Civil Claim, the Allowed DOJ Forfeiture Claim, and any Allowed DOJ Restitution Claim, including any Allowed DOJ Residual Restitution Claim.

Allowed DOJ Forfeiture Claim means the DOJ's Claim in the amount of \$30,002,000 pursuant to the Plea Agreement dated June 4, 2019 between the United States Attorney for the District of Massachusetts and Insys Pharma, Inc., the related Deferred Prosecution Agreement entered into by Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and the DOJ, and the *Order of Forfeiture (Money Judgment)* entered by the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts in Case No. 1:19-cr-10191-RWZ.

Allowed DOJ Residual Restitution Claim means any portion of the Allowed DOJ Restitution Claim that relates to, benefits, or is made on behalf of any creditor of the Debtors that (i) failed to file a proof of claim in these Chapter 11 Cases by the applicable Bar Date, (ii) is not listed as having a Scheduled Claim that is not contingent, disputed, or unliquidated as set forth in the Schedules, and (iii) is not part of any Class Claim. For the avoidance of doubt, any Allowed DOJ Residual Restitution Claim shall only be on account of rights to payment as criminal restitution that are not duplicative of Claims already made, asserted, or provided for in the Chapter 11 Cases.

Allowed DOJ Restitution Claim means any Claim filed by the DOJ seeking restitution pursuant to any final order awarding restitution entered by the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts in *United States v. Insys Pharma, Inc.*, Case No. 19-cr-10191 (RWZ), pursuant to the plea agreement dated June 4, 2019 between the United States Attorney for the District of Massachusetts and Insys Pharma, Inc. and the *Order of Forfeiture and Judgment* entered by the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts on July 16 and July 18, 2019, respectively, in *United States v. Insys Pharma, Inc.*, Case No. 19-cr-10191 (RWZ). For the avoidance of doubt, any part of, or any claims included in, the Allowed DOJ Restitution Claim that are duplicative of Claims already made, asserted, or provided for in the Chapter 11 Cases shall not be included in the DOJ Class Amount.

Asset means all of the rights, title, and interests of a Debtor, a Liquidating Debtor, or a Trust, as applicable, in and to property of whatever type or nature, including real, personal, mixed, intellectual, tangible, and intangible property, including, for the avoidance of doubt, all Retained Causes of Action whether or not on the Schedule of Retained Causes of Action.

Assumed and Assigned Contracts means, collectively, all executory contracts or unexpired leases to be assumed by the Debtors under this Plan pursuant to sections 365(a) and 365(f) of the Bankruptcy Code and assigned to the Insys Liquidation Trust (or the Victims Restitution Trust, if such Assumed and Assigned Contract relates to Products Liability Insurance Policies) under the Trust Transfer Agreement and this Plan. The Assumed and Assigned Contracts will be identified along with any Cure Amount on the Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts to be filed as part of the Plan Supplement.

Authorized Acts means those actions that the Liquidating Trustee (through the Trusts, Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, or otherwise) is authorized to perform in accordance with the applicable Trust Agreement including, but not limited to: (i) wind down, dissolve, and liquidate the Liquidating Debtors and their Estates and the Trust Assets; (ii) prosecute and liquidate Causes of Action, other than those released pursuant to Section 10.5(a) of this Plan; (iii) collect and administer all consideration to be provided to the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors under the Subsys Asset Purchase Agreement; (iv) if applicable, continue limited operations of the Liquidating Debtors during the Operating Term to the extent reasonably necessary, in the discretion of the Liquidating Trustee, and subject to the approval of the ILT Board, to maximize value; (v) administer, process, settle, resolve, liquidate, satisfy, and pay (from the designated funds therefor), as applicable, Claims against the Debtors; (vi) maintain, administer, and make Distributions from the Priority Reserve to satisfy Allowed (a) Administrative Expense Claims, (b) Secured Claims, and (c) Priority Claims; (vii) maintain, administer, and make Distributions from the Trust Operating Reserves to satisfy Trust Operating Expenses; (viii) maintain, administer, and make distributions from the Disputed Claims Reserves to the Recovery Funds; (ix) maintain, administer, and make Distributions from the Recovery Funds to holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims as set forth in this Plan; (x) upon expiration of the Operating Term, liquidate all Remaining Assets and make any final Distributions pursuant to Section 6.14 of this Plan; (xi) administer the closing of the Chapter 11 Cases in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules; (xii) (a) obtain all of the Debtors' and the Liquidating Debtors' documents, books, and records, (b) retain such documents, books, and records subject to the Debtors' obligations with respect to record retention existing as of the Effective Date, and (c) in consultation with the ILT Board and considering all factors, make determinations with regard to the use of such documents, books, and records; *provided, however*, that (1) any such use will be in a manner that reasonably protects against disclosure of personally identifiable information and that complies with all applicable laws, including HIPAA, and, in the absence of modification, any confidentiality agreements, protective orders, or other similar obligations regarding the use of the Debtors' and the Liquidating Debtors' documents, books, and records, and (2) the publication of any such documents, books, and records required by Section 5.6(g) of this Plan will be governed by that section of the Plan; and (xiii) carry out the purposes and obligations of the Trusts as set forth in the Trust Agreements.

Available Cash means, collectively: (i) Cash held by the Debtors on the Effective Date in excess of the amounts to be used to fund the initial Distributions of Cash to take place on or soon after the Effective Date as described in Section 6.2 of this Plan, including: (a) funding of the Priority Reserve and the Professional Fee Escrow Account, (b) Distributions on account of Allowed Convenience Class Claims in Class 3 in accordance with Section 4.3 of this Plan, and (c) initial funding of the Trust Operating Reserves as described in Sections 5.7(f) and 5.8(d) of this Plan; (ii) any Surplus Reserved Cash; (iii) value or consideration received by the Liquidating

Debtors or the Trusts after the Effective Date from (a) liquidation and, if applicable, operation of the Remaining Assets, (b) recovery of Insurance Proceeds, other than any Products Liability Insurance Proceeds, (c) proceeds resulting from liquidation of Causes of Action, (d) royalties and other proceeds from sales of the Debtors' assets, as described in more detail in the Disclosure Statement, or (e) any other source; and (iv) funds reserved in the Disputed Claims Reserves for Disputed Non-PI General Unsecured Claims to the extent the funds in such Disputed Claims Reserves exceed the amount required to be held in such Disputed Claims Reserves pursuant to Section 6.4 of this Plan. For the avoidance of doubt, Products Liability Insurance Proceeds shall not constitute Available Cash.

Bankruptcy Code means title 11 of the United States Code, as applicable to the Chapter 11 Cases.

Bankruptcy Court means the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware having jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Cases and, to the extent any reference made under section 157 of title 28 of the United States Code is withdrawn or the Bankruptcy Court is determined not to have authority to enter a Final Order on an issue, the District Court.

Bankruptcy Rules means the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure as promulgated by the United States Supreme Court under section 2075 of title 28 of the United States Code, as amended from time to time, as applicable to the Chapter 11 Cases, and any local rules of the Bankruptcy Court.

Bar Date Order means the order of the Bankruptcy Court, dated July 15, 2019 [Docket No. 959], establishing deadlines by which proofs of Claim must be filed with respect to certain Claims.

Business Day means any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday, or any other day on which banking institutions in Wilmington, Delaware are authorized or required by law or executive order to close.

Cash means legal tender of the United States of America.

Category 1 Distributions means (i) fifty percent (50%) of the first \$38 million of Estate Distributable Value to be distributed and (ii) thereafter, seventeen and one-half percent (17.5%) of any Estate Distributable Value to be distributed, *plus* the SMT Reallocation (defined in Category 2 Distributions, below). Category 1 Distributions shall include amounts reallocated to the recipients of Category 1 Distributions in accordance with the DOJ Distribution Reallocation.

Category 2 Distributions means (i) fifty percent (50%) of the first \$38 million of Estate Distributable Value to be distributed and (ii) thereafter, eighty-two and one-half percent (82.5%) of any Estate Distributable Value to be distributed. Category 2 Distributions for all Allowed Claims in Class 7, Class 8(a), and Class 8(b), except for the Allowed DOJ Civil Claim, shall include amounts reallocated to the recipients of Category 2 Distributions in accordance with the DOJ Distribution Reallocation; *provided, however*, that the first \$2 million of the DOJ Distribution Reallocation to be received by holders of Claims in Class 8(a) and Class 8(b), as and to the extent available, will be distributed as a Category 1 Distribution (the "**SMT Reallocation**").

Cause of Action means any action, class action, claim, cross-claim, third-party claim, cause of action, controversy, demand, right, Lien, indemnity, contribution, reimbursement, guaranty, suit, obligation, liability, debt, damage, judgment, account, defense, remedy, offset, power, privilege, license, and franchise of any kind or character whatsoever, known or unknown, contingent or non-contingent, matured or unmatured, suspected or unsuspected, liquidated or unliquidated, disputed or undisputed, foreseen or unforeseen, direct or indirect, choate or inchoate, secured or unsecured, assertable directly or derivatively (including, without limitation, under alter ego theories), whether arising before, on, or after the Petition Date, in contract or in tort, at law or in equity, or pursuant to any other theory of law. For the avoidance of doubt, Cause of Action includes (i) any right of setoff, counterclaim, or recoupment and any claim for breach of contract or for breaches of duties imposed by law or in equity; (ii) the right to object to Claims or Interests; (iii) any claim or cause of action pursuant to section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code or chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code; (iv) any claim or defense, including fraud, mistake, duress, and usury and any other defenses set forth in section 558 of the Bankruptcy Code; and (v) any claims under any state or foreign law, including any fraudulent transfer or similar claims.

Chapter 11 Case means, with respect to a Debtor, such Debtor's case under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code commenced on the Petition Date in the Bankruptcy Court, jointly administered with all other Debtors' cases under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, and styled *In re Insys Therapeutics, Inc., et al.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 19-11292 (KG).

Claim means a "claim," as defined in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Claims Analysis Protocol means the guidelines for the VRT Claims Administrator to consider and follow in determining whether and in what amount to allow a Personal Injury Claim as has been agreed by the Creditors' Committee and the SMT Group Representatives on November 8, 2019. The Claims Analysis Protocol will be filed with the Bankruptcy Court on or before the Plan Supplement Filing Deadline.

Class means any group of Claims or Interests classified under this Plan pursuant to section 1122(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Class Claims means, collectively, the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims, the Hospital Class Claim, the NAS Monitoring Class Claim, and the Third Party Payor Class Claim.

Class Claims Procedures means, collectively, the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims Procedures, the Hospital Class Claim Procedures, the NAS Monitoring Class Claim Procedures, and the Third Party Payor Claim Procedures.

Confirmation Date means the date on which the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court enters the Confirmation Order.

Confirmation Hearing means the hearing to be held by the Bankruptcy Court regarding confirmation of the Plan, as such hearing may be adjourned or continued from time to time.

Confirmation Order means the order of the Bankruptcy Court confirming this Plan pursuant to section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code and approving the Plan Settlement.

Convenience Class Claim means any General Unsecured Claim against the Debtors that is asserted as liquidated or Scheduled as neither contingent, disputed, or unliquidated, in each case, in an amount no greater than \$50,000. Notwithstanding any other classification provision or definition, any such Claim shall be deemed a Convenience Class Claim, and not in any other class of Claims, for all purposes herein.

Creditors' Committee means the statutory committee of unsecured creditors appointed by the U.S. Trustee on June 19, 2019 pursuant to section 1102(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Cure Amount means the payment of Cash or the distribution of other property (as the parties may agree or the Bankruptcy Court may order) as necessary to (i) cure a monetary default by the Debtors in accordance with the terms of an executory contract or unexpired lease of the Debtors and (ii) permit the Debtors to assume such executory contract or unexpired lease under section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Cure Claim means a Claim for cure in connection with the assumption or assumption and assignment of an executory contract or unexpired lease under section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Cure Dispute means an unresolved objection regarding assumption, Cure Amount, "adequate assurance of future performance" (within the meaning of section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code), or other issues related to assumption of an executory contract or unexpired lease.

Debtor(s) has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph of this Plan.

Disallowed means, subject to any agreement reached pursuant Section 4.8(c)(i) of this Plan, any Claim, or any portion thereof, that (i) has been disallowed under this Plan, by a Final Order, a settlement, or a final determination of the VRT Claims Administrator, (ii) is Scheduled at zero or as contingent, disputed, or unliquidated and as to which a proof of claim bar date has been established but no proof of claim has been timely filed or deemed timely filed with the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to either the Bankruptcy Code or any Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, including the Bar Date Order, or otherwise deemed timely filed under applicable law, or (iii) is not Scheduled and as to which a proof of claim bar date has been established but no proof of claim has been timely filed or deemed timely filed with the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to either the Bankruptcy Code or any Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court or otherwise deemed timely filed under applicable law.

Disbursing Agent means the Liquidating Trustee acting in its capacity as a disbursing agent under Sections 6.7 and 6.8 hereof to make Distributions pursuant to the Plan.

Disclosure Statement means the disclosure statement for this Plan, as may be amended or supplemented from time to time, prepared and distributed in accordance with sections 1125, 1126(b), and 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules 3016 and 3018, and other applicable law, and all exhibits, schedules, supplements, modifications, amendments, annexes, and attachments to such disclosure statement.

Disputed means any Claim that is not yet Allowed or Disallowed.

Disputed Claims Reserves means, collectively, the reserves to be established with respect to each Class of General Unsecured Claims (which may be a single or collective reserve for one or more Classes of Claims), each maintained and administered by the Liquidating Trustee, and each to be held for the benefit of holders of subsequently Allowed Claims in the applicable Class for Distributions in accordance with the procedure set forth in Article VII hereof. The Disputed Claims Reserves with respect to Disputed Non-PI General Unsecured Claims shall be held by the Insys Liquidation Trust and the Disputed Claims Reserve with respect to Disputed Personal Injury Claims shall be held by the Victims Restitution Trust and administered by the Liquidating Trustee. There shall also be considered to be held in the Disputed Claims Reserves an undivided interest in the ILT Assets allocable to Disputed Claims of such Class(es).

Disputed Cure Claim means the amount that a counterparty to a Cure Dispute alleges must be paid in order for an executory contract or unexpired lease to either be assumed by the Debtors or assumed by the Debtors and assigned to the Insys Liquidation Trust.

Disputed Cure Claims Reserve means an amount of Cash held by the Debtors on the Effective Date equal to the Debtors' Disputed Cure Claims to be reserved in a segregated account in the Priority Reserve, in the reasonable discretion of the Debtors, in consultation with the Creditors' Committee, necessary to pay (i) the aggregate amount of Disputed Cure Claims for Assumed and Assigned Contracts or (ii) such lower amount as ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

Dissolution Date means the date upon which all of the Liquidating Debtors have been dissolved, which is to be no later than thirty (30) days after completion of the acts required of the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors by Article V of this Plan, or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter.

Distribution means any initial or periodic payment or transfer of consideration to holders of Allowed Claims made under this Plan.

Distribution Date means the Initial Distribution Date or any of the Periodic Distribution Dates.

Distribution Record Date means the record date for purposes of making Distributions under the Plan on account of Allowed Claims, which date shall be the Effective Date.

District Court means the United States District Court for the District of Delaware.

DOJ means the United States Department of Justice.

DOJ Claims means the Claims against the Debtors including the Allowed DOJ Civil Claim, any Allowed DOJ Forfeiture Claim, any Allowed DOJ Restitution Claim, including any Allowed DOJ Residual Restitution Claim, and any other Claim including for fines, penalties, judgments, restitution, or other amounts, held by the DOJ and arising out of, or relating to, civil and criminal investigations with respect to any of the Debtors conducted or prosecuted by the DOJ, including any plea agreements, other settlement agreements, restitution orders, or similar documents entered into in connection therewith.

DOJ Class Amount means (i) until the DOJ Class Amount Final Determination, \$283 million, and (ii) after the DOJ Class Amount Final Determination, the total Allowed Claims in Class 7 or the amount set forth in the DOJ Class Amount Final Order, which amount shall not exceed \$283 million. For the avoidance of doubt, any Allowed DOJ Restitution Claim shall not be included in the DOJ Class Amount for distribution purposes except for any amounts on account of any Allowed DOJ Residual Restitution Claim.

DOJ Class Amount Final Determination means the earlier of (i) the date on which all Claims in Class 7 have been Allowed under the Plan, and (ii) the date on which the Liquidating Trustee receives a DOJ Class Amount Final Order.

DOJ Class Amount Final Order means a Final Order from the Bankruptcy Court determining and allowing the DOJ Class Amount in accordance with Section 5.6(f).

DOJ Distribution Reallocation means (i) before the GUC Recovery Reallocation Threshold is met, Estate Distributable Value will be allocated to holders of Non-PI General Unsecured Claims, but any Distributions of Estate Distributable Value that would otherwise have been made on account of the Allowed DOJ Civil Claim shall instead be distributed in the same proportion to holders of Non-PI General Unsecured Claims (other than the Allowed DOJ Civil Claim) as the applicable Distribution of Estate Distributable Value (*e.g.*, if a holder of a Claim received a 1% Distribution of Estate Distributable Value not including the amount allocated to the Allowed DOJ Civil Claim, the same Claim holder would also receive 1% of the amount allocated to the Allowed DOJ Civil Claim as a DOJ Distribution Reallocation), and (ii) after the GUC Recovery Reallocation Threshold is met, Distributions will be made to the DOJ in respect of the Allowed DOJ Civil Claim.

DOJ Settlement Order means the *Order Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 105 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9019 Authorizing and Approving the Stipulation and Agreement Between the Debtors and the United States* [Docket No. 707].

Effective Date means the date which is the first Business Day on which (i) all conditions precedent to the effectiveness of this Plan as set forth in Section 9.2 of this Plan have been satisfied or waived in accordance with the terms of this Plan and (ii) no stay of the Confirmation Order is in effect.

Entity has the meaning set forth in section 101(15) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Equity Interest means any Interest in Insys Therapeutics, Inc.

ERISA means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

ERISA Group means, collectively, Pioneer Telephone Cooperative, Inc. Employee Benefits Plan; Bios Companies, Inc. Welfare Plan; Pioneer Telephone Cooperative, Inc. as Plan Sponsor and Fiduciary of Pioneer Telephone Cooperative, Inc. Employee Benefits Plan; and Bios Companies, Inc. as Plan Sponsor and Fiduciary of Bios Companies, Inc. Welfare Plan.

ERISA Group Claims means all Claims asserted against the Debtors by ERISA Group arising from the Debtors' acts or omissions leading to the improper payment of prescription drug costs for Products of the Debtors.

ERISA Health Plan Claimants means, collectively, the ERISA Group and all other private employer sponsored self-insured health plans.

ERISA Health Plan Claims means all Claims asserted against the Debtors by ERISA Health Plan Claimants arising from the Debtors' acts or omissions leading to the improper payment of prescription drug costs for Products of the Debtors.

Estate(s) means, individually or collectively, the estate or estates of the Debtors created under section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Estate Distributable Value means Available Cash in the ILT Recovery Fund. The term "Estate Distributable Value" shall not include the Products Liability Insurance Proceeds.

Exculpated Parties means, collectively, (i) the Debtors, (ii) the Creditors' Committee and its members, solely in their capacity as such, and (iii) with respect to each of the foregoing Persons in clauses (i) and (ii), such Persons' (a) predecessors, successors, permitted assigns, subsidiaries, and controlled affiliates, (b) officers and directors, principals, members, employees, financial advisors, attorneys, accountants, investment bankers, consultants, experts (for the avoidance of doubt, including but not limited to Nathan Associates, Inc. and its officers, directors, and employees), and other professionals; *provided, however*, that no such Person described in the foregoing clause (b) shall be an Exculpated Party unless such Person was employed or engaged in such capacity on or after the Petition Date, or, in the case of any professional, was retained pursuant to sections 327 or 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code in these Chapter 11 Cases, and (c) respective heirs, executors, estates, and nominees, in each case solely in their capacity as such.

Final Order means an order of the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction (i) as to which the time to appeal shall have expired and as to which no appeal shall then be pending or (ii) if a timely appeal shall have been filed or sought, either (A) (1) no stay of the order shall be in effect and (2) the appeal would not reasonably be expected to prevent or materially impede the consummation of the Trust Formation Transactions or have a material adverse effect on the releases, injunctions, or exculpations granted under this Plan, or (B) if such a stay shall have been granted, then (1) (x) the stay shall have been dissolved or lifted and (y) the appeal would not reasonably be expected to prevent or materially impede the consummation of the Trust Formation Transactions or have a material adverse effect on the releases, injunctions, or exculpations granted under this Plan, or (2) a Final Order of the District court, circuit court, or other applicable court having jurisdiction to hear such appeal shall have affirmed the order and the time allowed to appeal from such affirmance or to seek review or rehearing (other than a motion pursuant to Rule 60(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure) thereof shall have expired; *provided, however*, that no order shall fail to be a "Final Order" solely because of the possibility that a motion pursuant to sections 502(j) or 1144 of the Bankruptcy Code or under Rule 60 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or Bankruptcy Rule 9024 or any similar motion brought outside the United States may be filed with respect to such order.

General Unsecured Claim means any Claim in Class 4 (Trade and Other Unsecured Claims), Class 5 (Insurance Related Claims), Class 6 (Hospital Claims and NAS Monitoring Claims), Class 7 (DOJ Claims), Class 8(a) (State Claims), Class 8(b) (Municipality/Tribe Claims), or Class 9 (Personal Injury Claims).

Governmental Unit means any governmental unit as defined in section 101(27) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Governmental Unit and Native American Tribes Bar Date means the deadline established in the Bar Date Order, as may be extended by stipulation, for Governmental Units and Native American Tribes to file proofs of Claim.

GUC Recovery Reallocation Threshold means the point at which the amount of aggregate Distributions (including to the Disputed Claims Reserve) from the ILT Recovery Fund on account of the Non-PI General Unsecured Claims (other than the Allowed DOJ Civil Claim) is equal to or greater than 4% of (i) the sum of the Private Group Formula Amounts, *plus* (ii) the sum of the Public Group Formula Amounts, *minus* (iii) the amount of the Allowed DOJ Civil Claim.

Hospital Claim means any Claim asserted against the Debtors by any hospital in the United States, other than those owned by the U.S. Government, that treated patients with opioid addiction, babies born opioid addicted, opioid users committed to mental health treatment programs, or opioid users with pretextual excuses for obtaining opioids, for damages caused by the Debtors in connection with the opioid crisis.

Hospital Class Claim means the Hospital Claim asserted against the Debtors by one or more class representatives on behalf of the class of all hospitals in the United States, other than those owned by the U.S. Government, that treated patients with opioid addiction, babies born opioid addicted, opioid users committed to mental health treatment programs, or opioid users with pretextual excuses for obtaining opioids.

Hospital Class Claim Procedures means, collectively, the terms and procedures governing administration of the Hospital Class Claim to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court on or before the Plan Supplement Filing Deadline.

ILT Agreement means the trust agreement establishing and delineating the terms and conditions for the creation and operation of the Insys Liquidation Trust, as it may be amended from time to time. The ILT Agreement shall be filed with the Plan Supplement and shall be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Creditors' Committee and the SMT Group Representatives.

ILT Assets means, collectively, all Assets of the Debtors and/or the Liquidating Debtors upon the date of formation of the Insys Liquidation Trust, other than (i) the VRT Operating Reserve, (ii) the Products Liability Insurance Rights, and (iii) any Interests held by Liquidating Debtors in other Liquidating Debtors. For the avoidance of doubt, the ILT Assets will include all of the documents, books, and records of the Debtors and the Liquidating Debtors.

ILT Board means the governing body of the Insys Liquidation Trust to be appointed in accordance with Section 5.7(j) of this Plan.

ILT Claims Arbiter means the individual to be appointed pursuant to this Plan and the ILT Agreement to determine the allocation of recoveries among holders of Allowed Claims within Class 5 and Class 6, as necessary, if such Classes fail to agree with respect to such allocations prior to the Effective Date. The identity of the ILT Claims Arbiter shall be disclosed as part of the Plan Supplement. For the avoidance of doubt, with respect to Class 5, the ILT Claims Arbiter will solely be responsible for allocating aggregate recoveries among the ERISA Group Claims (which may be determined to include all ERISA Health Plan Claims), all other Third Party Payor Claims, and the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims, and in Class 6, the ILT Claims Arbiter will solely be responsible for allocating aggregate recoveries between the Hospital Class Claim and the NAS Monitoring Class Claim.

ILT Operating Expenses means any and all costs, expenses, fees, taxes, disbursements, debts, or obligations incurred from the operation and administration of the Insys Liquidation Trust, including in connection with the reconciliation and administration of all Claims (other than Personal Injury Claims), working capital, wind-down of the Liquidating Debtors and the Remaining Assets and Causes of Action, recovery of Insurance Proceeds (other than Products Liability Insurance Proceeds), costs and fees of the Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbiter, the ILT Board, and any other professionals retained by the Insys Liquidation Trust, and compensation of \$175,000 to be paid to the SMT Group Representatives for post-Effective Date fees and expenses incurred in negotiating, documenting, and obtaining Bankruptcy Court approval of the protocol for distributions to holders of Claims in Class 8(a) and Class 8(b), as further described in Section 4.8(c) herein. In the first instance, the ILT Operating Expenses are to be satisfied and paid from the ILT Operating Reserve.

ILT Operating Reserve means Cash in an amount estimated to be necessary to fund the ILT Operating Expenses, which shall be held in a separate account established by the Liquidating Trustee. The ILT Operating Reserve is to be (a) reserved in a segregated account on the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter from the Debtors' Cash and Cash equivalents in the amount of \$1 million, (b) funded periodically from Available Cash in accordance with Section 5.7(f) of this Plan, as necessary, and (c) funded from Surplus Reserved Cash in accordance with Section 5.15 of this Plan.

ILT Recovery Fund means the fund established pursuant to this Plan to make Distributions on account of Allowed Non-PI General Unsecured Claims, or as contemplated by agreement pursuant to Section 4.8(c)(i), and funded periodically with Available Cash pursuant to Section 5.14 and Surplus Reserved Cash pursuant to Section 5.15 of this Plan. The ILT Recovery Fund shall be held by the Insys Liquidation Trust and administered by the Liquidating Trustee.

ILT Termination Date means the date on which the Insys Liquidation Trust is terminated, as determined pursuant to the terms of the ILT Agreement, upon the satisfaction of the purposes for which the Insys Liquidation Trust was established.

Impaired means, with respect to a Claim, Interest, or a Class of Claims or Interests, "impaired" within the meaning of such term in section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Initial Distribution means the first distribution that the Liquidating Trustee makes to holders of Allowed Claims.

Initial Distribution Date means the date selected by the Liquidating Trustee as soon as reasonably practicable after the Effective Date, but in no event more than ninety (90) days after the Effective Date; *provided, however*, that the Initial Distribution Date need not occur until the Initial Distribution to be made can exceed the minimum Distribution set forth in Section 6.14 of this Plan.

Insurance Company(s) means all Entities that issued, or that have any actual, potential, demonstrated, or alleged liabilities, duties, or obligations under, or with respect to, any Insurance Policy, any third party administrator, or any parent, subsidiary, affiliate, successor, predecessor, or assign of any of the foregoing, solely in such Insurance Company's capacity with respect to an Insurance Policy.

Insurance Policies means any insurance policy issued to or that provides or may provide coverage at any time to any of the Debtors or under which any of the Debtors have sought or may seek coverage including, without limitation, any such policy for directors' and officers' liability, general liability, workers' compensation, and any excess or umbrella policy, and all agreements, documents, or instruments relating thereto.

Insurance Proceeds means any proceeds recovered from an Insurance Company, not including the Products Liability Insurance Proceeds, for the Insys Liquidation Trust.

Insurance Ratepayer Claim means any Claim by a ratepayer for health insurance for the alleged increase in premium rates for such health insurance arising from the Debtors' acts or omissions leading to the improper payment of prescription drug costs for Products of the Debtors.

Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims means the Insurance Related Claims asserted against the Debtors by one or more class representatives on behalf of the class of all individual holders of Insurance Ratepayer Claims for the alleged increase in premium rates for such health insurance arising from the Debtors' acts or omissions leading to the improper payment of prescription drug costs for Products of the Debtors.

Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims Procedures means, collectively, the terms and procedures governing administration of the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claim to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court on or before the Plan Supplement Filing Deadline.

Insurance Related Claim means either an Insurance Ratepayer Claim or a Third Party Payor Claim.

Insurance Rights means any and all rights, titles, privileges, interests, claims, demands, or entitlements of the Debtors to any proceeds, payments, benefits, Causes of Action, choses in action, defense or indemnity arising under, or attributable to, any and all Insurance Policies, other than the Products Liability Insurance Rights, now existing or hereafter arising, accrued or unaccrued, liquidated or unliquidated, matured or unmatured, disputed or undisputed, fixed or contingent. For the avoidance of doubt, "Insurance Rights" include Insurance Proceeds.

Insurance Rights Transfer means the transfer and vesting of the Insurance Rights described in Section 5.7(e) of this Plan.

Insys Liquidation Trust means the trust established to, among other things, (i) hold and make disbursements from the ILT Recovery Fund, the ILT Operating Reserve, the Priority Reserve, and the Professional Fee Escrow Account, (ii) liquidate the Remaining Assets and the Causes of Action of the Debtors and the Liquidating Debtors, (iii) negotiate with the Insurance Companies (other than the Products Liability Insurance Companies) to recover Insurance Proceeds, and (iv) administer Claims (other than Personal Injury Claims and other than to the extent provided in the Class Claims Procedures), including through allowance and disallowance of such Claims and making Distributions therefor, but solely within the parameters of this Plan and the distribution scheme contained herein.

Intercompany Claim means any Claim against a Debtor held by another Debtor.

Interest means any equity security (as defined in section 101(16) of the Bankruptcy Code) in a Debtor, or direct or indirect subsidiary of a Debtor, including all shares, common stock or units, preferred stock or units, or other instrument evidencing any fixed or contingent ownership interest in any Debtor or any direct or indirect subsidiary of a Debtor, including any option, warrant, or other right, contractual or otherwise, to acquire any such interest in a Debtor, or direct or indirect subsidiary of a Debtor, whether or not transferable and whether fully vested or vesting in the future, that existed immediately before the Effective Date.

Interim Compensation Order means the *Order (I) Establishing Procedures for Interim Compensation and Reimbursement of Expenses of Professionals and (II) Granting Related Relief* [Docket No. 329].

Internal Revenue Code means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time.

Lien has the meaning set forth in section 101(37) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Liquidating Debtors means, collectively, all of the Debtors on and after the Effective Date, to be liquidated and dissolved upon the Dissolution Date.

Liquidating Debtors' Organizational Documents means, collectively, the amended and restated certificates of incorporation, amended and restated by-laws, or other amended and restated organizational documents of any of the Debtors. The Liquidating Debtors' Organizational Documents shall be filed with the Plan Supplement, shall reflect the limited purposes of the Liquidating Debtors as set forth in this Plan, and otherwise shall be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Creditors' Committee.

Liquidating Trustee means the Person appointed pursuant to this Plan and Confirmation Order to perform the Authorized Acts under this Plan and the Trust Agreements.

MDL means the multi-district litigation in the Northern District of Ohio against the Debtors for public nuisance, negligence, and fraud related to the Debtors' marketing and sale of Products under the case caption *In re National Prescription Opiate Litigation*, No. 1:17-md-2804.

Mediation means the mediation prescribed for the Debtors, the Creditors' Committee, and certain creditors of the Debtors', including the Settling Parties, pursuant to the

order of the Bankruptcy Court related to mediation and the appointment of a mediator [Docket No. 398]. For the avoidance of doubt, the Mediation does not include the second, separate mediation session conducted in October, 2019.

Municipality/Tribe Claim means any Claim against the Debtors held by a Governmental Unit or a Native American Tribe, but not including a State of the United States or the United States for, among other things, consumer fraud, deceptive practices, false claims, negligence, the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act, public nuisance, and abatement.

NAS Child(ren) means, individually and collectively, any person in the U.S. under the age of 18 who was (or will be) diagnosed with neonatal abstinence syndrome and whose birth mother ingested opioids during gestation and who asserts or may assert a Claim against the Debtors for, among other things, bodily injury, addiction, wrongful death, or loss of consortium (including a parent of such child, or any other Person that holds a Claim on account of such child).

NAS Monitoring Claim means any Claim against the Debtors asserted by a NAS Child (including a parent of such child, or any other Person that holds a Claim on account of such child) for medical monitoring support.

NAS Monitoring Class Claim means the Claim asserted against the Debtors by class representatives on behalf of the class of NAS Children for medical monitoring support.

NAS Monitoring Class Claim Procedures means, collectively, the terms and procedures governing administration of the NAS Monitoring Class Claim to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court on or before the Plan Supplement Filing Deadline.

Native American Tribe means any Native American, American Indian, or Alaska Native tribal entity that is recognized by the federal government of the United States of America and/or the Bureau of Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior.

Non-PI General Unsecured Claim means any General Unsecured Claim other than any Claim in Class 9 (Personal Injury Claims).

Operating Term means the term for the continuation of the Trusts, which shall cease five (5) years after the Effective Date; *provided, however*, that the Operating Term will be automatically extended if necessary to implement the terms of the Trust Agreements or any other order by authorities to the extent applicable.

Other Priority Claim means any Claim other than an Administrative Expense Claim or a Priority Tax Claim that is entitled to priority of payment as specified in section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Parent Equity Interest means a new single share of common stock of Insys Therapeutics, Inc., representing one-hundred percent (100%) of the Interests thereof, to be issued to the Insys Liquidation Trust on the Effective Date.

Periodic Distribution Date means periodically as determined by the Liquidating Trustee in its reasonable discretion but, unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, (i) the first Periodic Distribution Date shall be no later than the first Business Day that is one-hundred and eighty (180) days after the Initial Distribution Date, (ii) until the second anniversary of the Effective Date, every subsequent Periodic Distribution Date shall be no later than the date that is the first Business Day one-hundred and eighty (180) days after the immediately preceding Periodic Distribution Date, and (iii) after the second anniversary of the Effective Date, every subsequent Periodic Distribution Date shall be no later than the first Business Day that is three-hundred and sixty-five (365) days after the immediately preceding Periodic Distribution Date; *provided, however*, that the timing of periodic distribution under this definition is subject to the terms of the Trust Agreements.

Person means an individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, joint stock company, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, trust, estate, unincorporated organization, Governmental Unit, or other Entity.

Personal Injury Claim means any Claim for alleged personal injury, wrongful death, or other similar Claim or Cause of Action against the Debtors, including any such Claim held by a NAS Child.

Petition Date means June 10, 2019.

Plan means this joint chapter 11 plan of liquidation for the Debtors, including all appendices, exhibits, schedules, and supplements hereto, as it may be altered, amended, or modified from time to time in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, and the terms hereof.

Plan Distribution Percentage(s) means, individually or collectively, the applicable Public Group Formula Amount or Private Group Formula Amount divided by the sum of all Public Group Formula Amounts and Private Group Formula Amounts.

Plan Document means any of the documents of the Debtors, other than this Plan, to be executed, delivered, assumed, or performed in connection with the occurrence of the Effective Date, including the documents to be included in the Plan Supplement.

Plan Injunction means the injunctions issued pursuant to Section 10.4 of this Plan.

Plan Settlement means the settlement of certain Claims and controversies between and among the Settling Parties to Section 5.1 of this Plan, and as further described and explained in the Disclosure Statement.

Plan Supplement means the supplement or supplements to this Plan containing certain documents relevant to the implementation of this Plan, which shall include (i) an updated post-Effective Date structure for the Liquidating Debtors; (ii) the Liquidating Debtors' Organizational Documents, if any; (iii) the Trust Agreements; (iv) the identity and compensation of each of the Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbiter, the VRT Claims Administrator, and each member of the Trust Boards, if known; (v) a list of Persons to be excluded from the definition of "Released Parties" for all purposes in this Plan; (vi) the Schedule of Assumed and Assigned

Contracts, if necessary; (vii) the Schedule of Retained Causes of Action; (viii) the Claims Analysis Protocol; (ix) the identity of the class representative for each of the Class Claims; (x) the Class Claim Procedures, and (xi) Class 8(a) and Class 8(b) Distribution procedures, if any. The Plan Supplement shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Court by the Plan Supplement Filing Deadline. All documents to be included in the Plan Supplement shall be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Creditors' Committee.

Plan Supplement Filing Deadline means December 30, 2019, the date by which the Debtors are to file the Plan Supplement in accordance with the Solicitation Procedures Order; *provided, however*, that in the event the Confirmation Hearing is adjourned, the Plan Supplement shall be filed no later than seven (7) days prior to the deadline set to file objections to confirmation of this Plan.

Priority Claim means any Priority Tax Claim or Other Priority Claim.

Priority Reserve means the amount of Cash and Cash equivalents of the Debtors necessary to pay, if any: (i) Allowed Administrative Expense Claims, (ii) Allowed Secured Claims, and (iii) Allowed Priority Claims, to be reserved on the Effective Date. The amount to be placed in the Priority Reserve shall be determined by the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee, acting jointly. The Priority Reserve shall be held by the Insys Liquidation Trust and administered by the Liquidating Trustee.

Priority Tax Claim means any Claim of a Governmental Unit of the kind entitled to priority in payment under sections 502(i) and 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Private Group Formula Amount means (i) for Class 4, the TUC Class Amount; (ii) for Class 5, \$258 million; and (iii) for Class 6, \$117 million.

Private Group Plan Distribution Percentage means, with respect to a particular Class, the applicable Private Group Formula Amount divided by the sum of the Private Group Formula Amounts.

Privilege means any attorney-client privilege, work-product protection, or other privilege or protection of immunity (i) held by any or all of the Debtors, their Estates, or the Liquidating Debtors, (ii) held by the board of directors or any special committee of the board of directors of any of the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors, and (iii) attaching to any documents, communications, or thing (whether written or oral) including, but not limited to, all electronic information relating to any Insurance Rights or Causes of Action.

Pro Rata means allocated in accordance with the proportion that an Allowed Claim bears to the aggregate amount of Allowed Claims and Disputed Claims within the same Class as such Claim (or with respect to Class 8(a) and Class 8(b), the proportion that an Allowed Claim in either Class bears to the aggregate amount of Allowed Claims and Disputed Claims in Class 8(a) and Class 8(b), collectively)

Products means any and all products developed, designed, manufactured, marketed, or sold, in research or development, or supported by, the Debtors, whether work in progress or in final form.

Products Liability Insurance Company means any Insurance Company that has issued, or that has any actual, potential, demonstrated, or alleged liabilities, duties, or obligations under, or with respect to, any Products Liability Insurance Policy solely in such Insurance Company's capacity with respect to a Products Liability Insurance Policy.

Products Liability Insurance Policies means any Insurance Policy that was issued or allegedly issued that does or may afford any of the Debtors rights, benefits, indemnity, or insurance coverage with respect to Claims related to the Products of the Debtors.

Products Liability Insurance Proceeds means any proceeds recovered in respect of a Products Liability Insurance Policy.

Products Liability Insurance Rights means any and all rights, titles, privileges, interests, claims, demands, or entitlements of the Debtors to any proceeds, payments, benefits, Causes of Action, choses in action, defense or indemnity arising under, or attributable to, any and all Products Liability Insurance Policies, now existing or hereafter arising, accrued or unaccrued, liquidated or unliquidated, matured or unmatured, disputed or undisputed, fixed or contingent. For the avoidance of doubt, "Products Liability Insurance Rights" include Products Liability Insurance Proceeds.

Products Liability Insurance Rights Transfer means the transfer of the Products Liability Insurance Rights to the Victims Restitution Trust pursuant to Section 5.8(c) of this Plan.

Professional Fee Claim means a Claim for professional services rendered, or costs incurred, on or after the Petition Date and on or prior to the Effective Date by Professional Persons that is unpaid as of the Effective Date, less any existing amounts held as a fee advance, retainer, or as security by a Professional Person that such Professional Person is authorized to use to satisfy Allowed Professional Fee Claims pursuant to the Interim Compensation Order or an order of the Bankruptcy Court authorizing the retention of such Professional Person (other than a reasonable retainer to cover post-Effective Date work).

Professional Fee Escrow Account means an interest-bearing account funded by the Debtors in Cash on the Effective Date in an amount necessary to satisfy Allowed Professional Fee Claims. On or prior to the Effective Date, the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, or the Liquidating Trustee shall establish the Professional Fee Escrow Account and, on the Effective Date, fund the Professional Fee Escrow Account with (i) the funds held in the escrow account established pursuant to Paragraph 4 of the Interim Compensation Order, and (ii) any additional Cash such that the total amount held in the Professional Fee Escrow Account is equal to the sum of each Professional Person's good faith estimates of its Professional Fee Claims.

Professional Person means any Person retained by order of the Bankruptcy Court in connection with these Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to sections 327, 328, 330, 331, 503(b), or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code, excluding any ordinary course professional retained pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court and including, solely for purposes of Section 2.4 of this Plan, the Creditors' Committee and the Creditors' Committee's members.

Public Group Formula Amount means (i) for Class 7, the DOJ Class Amount, and (ii) for Class 8(a) and Class 8(b), collectively, \$597 million.

Public Group Plan Distribution Percentage means, with respect to a particular Class, the applicable Public Group Formula Amount divided by the sum of the Public Group Formula Amounts (or with respect to Class 8(a) and Class 8(b), the Public Group Formula Amount attributable to such Classes collectively divided by the sum of the Public Group Formula Amounts).

Recovery Funds means, collectively, the ILT Recovery Fund and the VRT Recovery Fund.

Released Claims means any Claims released pursuant to Section 10.5 of this Plan.

Released Parties means, collectively, (i) the Debtors, (ii) the Creditors' Committee and its members, solely in their capacity as such, and (iii) with respect to each of the foregoing Persons in clauses (i) and (ii), such Persons' (a) predecessors, successors, permitted assigns, subsidiaries, and controlled affiliates, (b) officers and directors, principals, members, employees, financial advisors, attorneys, accountants, investment bankers, consultants, experts (for the avoidance of doubt, including but not limited to Nathan Associates, Inc. and its officers, directors, and employees), and other professionals; *provided, however*, that no such Person described in the foregoing clause (b) shall be a Released Party unless such Person was employed or engaged in such capacity on or after the Petition Date, or, in the case of any professional, was retained pursuant to sections 327 or 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code in these Chapter 11 Cases, and (c) respective heirs, executors, estates, and nominees, in each case solely in their capacity as such; *provided, however*, that no Person listed on an exhibit of Non-Released Parties (the "**Non-Released Party Exhibit**"), to be filed as part of the Plan Supplement (no later than the Plan Supplement Filing Deadline) and as may be amended at the Confirmation Hearing pursuant to the process described in this "Released Parties" definition, shall be a Released Party. The Non-Released Party Exhibit shall include only those parties that the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee, in the exercise of their fiduciary duties, and the SMT Group Representatives mutually agree should be placed on such list. If at the time of filing of the Non-Released Party Exhibit, the Debtors, the Creditors' Committee, and the SMT Group Representatives do not agree as to who should be placed on the Non-Released Party Exhibit, the Plan Supplement shall contain two documents: first, the Non-Released Party Exhibit, and second, a second list (the "**Additional Party List**"), which will list any additional parties that the Creditors' Committee and/or the SMT Group Representatives believe should be on the Non-Released Party Exhibit. At the Confirmation Hearing, the Debtors shall be required to present argument as to why the parties on the "Additional Party List" should be released, and the Creditors' Committee and/or the SMT Group Representatives (and any other party that would like) shall be required to present argument as to why such Party should be on the Non-Released Party Exhibit. The Bankruptcy Court shall make the decision, at the Confirmation Hearing, with regard to which, if any, of the parties on the Additional Party List shall be added to the Non-Released Party Exhibit. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, if no Cause of Action of the kind released under Section 10.5 hereof has been instituted against a Person on the Non-Released Party Exhibit within one (1) year after the Effective Date, such Person's name shall be deemed automatically removed from such Non-Released Party Exhibit and such Person shall be entitled to the releases set forth in the Plan as if such Person otherwise satisfies the definition of "Released Parties."

Releases means the releases provided for in Section 10.5 of this Plan, including its subsections.

Remaining Assets means, collectively, all Assets of the Debtors, other than Cash and Causes of Action, immediately prior to the Effective Date, including the consideration provided, or to be provided, under the Subs Asset Purchase Agreement.

Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts means the schedule of executory contracts and unexpired leases to either be assumed by the applicable Debtor or assumed by the applicable Debtor and assigned to the Insys Liquidation Trust. The Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts shall be filed with the Plan Supplement, and shall be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Creditors' Committee.

Schedule of Retained Causes of Action means a schedule to be filed as part of the Plan Supplement (no later than the Plan Supplement Filing Deadline) and as may be amended at the Confirmation Hearing, of Causes of Action asserting Claims, including those under section 547 of the Bankruptcy Code, to be retained by the Liquidating Debtors and the Insys Liquidation Trust, which will be reasonably acceptable to the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee; *provided, however,* that the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, or the Liquidation Trust shall not retain (whether on their own behalf or on behalf of the Estates) any Claims or Causes of Action against any Released Party that is explicitly released pursuant to Section 10.5(a) of this Plan; *provided, further,* that except as provided in Article X of this Plan, all Claims or Causes of Action of the Debtors existing immediately prior to the Effective Date shall be retained by the Liquidation Trust, whether or not any particular Claim or Cause of Action is specifically identified on the Schedule of Retained Causes of Action, without any further action by any party, under Section 10.9 of this Plan. The Schedule of Retained Causes of Action shall only include those Claims and Causes of Action that the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee, in the exercise of their fiduciary duties, mutually agree should be placed on such list. If at the time of filing of the Schedule of Retained Causes of Action the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee do not agree as to which Claims and Causes of Action should be placed on the Schedule of Retained Causes of Action, the Plan Supplement shall contain two documents: first, the Schedule of Retained Causes of Action, and second, a second list (the "**Additional Retained Causes of Action List**") that will list any additional Claims or Causes of Action that the Creditors' Committee believes should be on the Schedule of Retained Causes of Action. At the Confirmation Hearing, the Debtors shall be required to present argument as to why the Claims or Causes of Action on the Additional Retained Causes of Action List should not be included on the Schedule of Retained Causes of Action, and the Creditors' Committee (and any other party that would like) shall be required to present argument as to why such Claims or Causes of Action should be included on the Schedule of Retained Causes of Action. The Bankruptcy Court shall make the decision, at the Confirmation Hearing, with regard to which, if any, of the Claims or Causes of Action on the Additional Retained Causes of Action List shall be added to the Schedule of Retained Causes of Action.

Scheduled means, with respect to any Claim, the status, priority, and amount, if any, of such Claim as set forth in the Schedules.

Schedules means the schedules of assets and liabilities, statements of financial affairs, lists of holders of Claims and Interests and all amendments or supplements thereto filed by

the Debtors with the Bankruptcy Court to the extent such filing is not waived pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court.

Secured Claim means a Claim to the extent (i) secured by a Lien on property of a Debtor's Estate, the amount of which is equal to or less than the value of such property (A) as set forth in this Plan, (B) as agreed to by the holder of such Claim and the Debtors, or (C) as determined by a Final Order in accordance with section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code or (ii) subject to any setoff right of the holder of such Claim under section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code. "Secured Claim" does not include any Claim that meets the definition of "Priority Tax Claim."

Securities Act means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Settling Parties means, collectively: (i) the Debtors, (ii) the Creditors' Committee, (iii) certain states and municipalities, and (iv) certain other creditors of the Debtors as described in the Disclosure Statement.

SMT Group Representatives means representatives of holders of: (i) State Claims, for the avoidance of doubt, such representatives are the State of New York, the State of Maryland, the State of New Jersey, and the State of Florida; and (ii) Municipality/Tribe Claims under court-appointed leadership in the MDL, for the avoidance of doubt, such representatives are Co-Lead Counsel, as appointed by the United States District Court for the Northern District of Ohio in the MDL, who participated in the Mediation and who will take part in negotiations with the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee related to, among other things, governance of the Trusts and Distributions from the Trusts, in accordance with Sections 5.6 through 5.8 of this Plan.

Solicitation Procedures Order means the order entered by the Bankruptcy Court [Docket No 952] on December 4, 2019, (i) approving the Disclosure Statement, (ii) approving solicitation procedures, distribution of solicitation packages, and establishing a deadline and procedures for temporary allowance of Claims for voting purposes, (iii) approving the form of ballots and voting instructions, (iv) establishing the Voting Deadline, (v) approving the form and manner of notice of the Confirmation Hearing and procedures for objecting this Plan, (vi) establishing procedures for assumption and assignment of executory contracts and unexpired leases under this Plan and the forms of notices related thereto, and (vii) granting related relief.

State Claim means any Claim against the Debtors held by a Governmental Unit that is a State or Commonwealth of the United States for, among other things, consumer fraud, deceptive practices, false claims, negligence, the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act, public nuisance, and abatement.

Stock Restrictions Order means the order of the Bankruptcy Court establishing notification procedures and approving certain restrictions on certain transfers of Interests in the Debtors and claiming worthless stock deductions [Docket No. 235], as the same may be amended from time to time.

Subordinated Claim means any Claim that is subject to subordination under section 510 of the Bankruptcy Code, including any 510(a)/(b) Subordinated Claim and any 510(c) Subordinated Claim.

Subsys Asset Purchase Agreement means the Asset Purchase Agreement dated as of September 1, 2019 between Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and BTcP Pharma, LLC.

Surplus Reserved Cash means, collectively, (i) any surplus in funding of the Priority Reserve above what is estimated to be necessary to satisfy estimated future (a) Administrative Expense Claims, (b) Secured Claims, and (c) Priority Claims and (ii) any surplus in funding of either of the Trust Operating Reserves above what is estimated to be necessary to satisfy Trust Operating Expenses, each in the discretion of the Liquidating Trustee.

Third Party Payor Claim means any Claim against the Debtors by health insurers, employer-provided health care plans (including ERISA Health Plan Claims), union health and welfare funds, and all other private providers of health care benefits, and any third party administrator or agents on their behalf, arising from the Debtors' acts or omissions leading to the improper payment of prescription drug costs for Products of the Debtors, including the Third Party Payor Class Claim.

Third Party Payor Claim Procedures means, collectively, the terms and procedures governing administration of Third Party Payor Claims as set forth herein and to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court on or before the Plan Supplement Filing Deadline.

Third Party Payor Class Claim means the Third Party Payor Claim asserted against the Debtors by a class representative on behalf of the class of certain health insurers, ERISA Health Plan Claimants, employer-provided health care plans, union health and welfare funds, and other private providers of health care benefits as more fully set forth in the Third Party Payor Claim Procedures.

Trade and Other Unsecured Claim means any Claim held by trade creditors against the Debtors for, among other things, goods and services provided prepetition, indemnification, or rejection damages, or any other unsecured Claim against the Debtors not entitled to priority of payment under section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, other than a Convenience Class Claim, an Insurance Related Claim, a Hospital Claim, a NAS Monitoring Claim, an Allowed DOJ Claim, a State Claim, a Municipality/Tribe Claim, a Personal Injury Claim, or an Intercompany Claim; *provided, however*, that any Claim that satisfies the definition of either a 510(a)/(b) Subordinated Claim or a 510(c) Subordinated Claim shall be classified accordingly.

Trust Agreements means, collectively, the ILT Agreement and the VRT Agreement.

Trust Assets means, collectively, the ILT Assets and the VRT Assets and Equity Interest.

Trust Boards means, collectively, the ILT Board and the VRT Board.

Trust Formation Transactions means one or more transactions pursuant to section 1123(a)(5)(D) of the Bankruptcy Code, including any transactions that may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate the actions described in Sections 5.4 through 5.8 of this Plan, which include (i) the establishment of the Trusts, (ii) the issuance and vesting of the Parent Equity Interest

in the Insys Liquidation Trust, (iii) the assignment and vesting of the ILT Assets in the Insys Liquidation Trust, (iv) the assignment and vesting of the VRT Assets in the Victims Restitution Trust, (v) the creation of the Recovery Funds to make Distributions to holders of Allowed Claims or as otherwise agreed pursuant to Section 4.8(c)(i), (vi) the creation of the Trust Operating Reserves to satisfy and pay Trust Operating Expenses, and (vii) the execution of the Trust Transfer Agreement(s). The Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, and the Liquidating Trustee may take all actions consistent with this Plan and the Trust Agreements as may be necessary or appropriate to effect the Trust Formation Transactions.

Trust Interest means a beneficial interest in the Insys Liquidation Trust or in the Victims Restitution Trust.

Trust Operating Expenses means, collectively, the ILT Operating Expenses and the VRT Operating Expenses.

Trust Operating Reserves means, collectively, the ILT Operating Reserve and the VRT Operating Reserve. The Trust Operating Reserves shall be administered by the Liquidating Trustee.

Trust Termination Dates means, collectively, the ILT Termination Date and the VRT Termination Date.

Trust Transfer Agreement(s) means one or more agreements transferring Assets, documents, information, and Privileges from the Debtors and the Liquidating Debtors to be entered into between the Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Trusts, and the Debtors, on behalf of themselves and the Liquidating Debtors, the terms of which shall be consistent with this Plan and otherwise reasonably acceptable to the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee.

Trusts means, collectively, the Insys Liquidation Trust and the Victims Restitution Trust.

TUC Class Amount means (i) until the TUC Class Amount Final Determination, \$50 million, and (ii) after the TUC Class Amount Final Determination, the total Allowed Claims in Class 4 or the amount set forth in the TUC Class Amount Final Order, which amount shall not exceed \$50 million.

TUC Class Amount Final Determination means the earlier of (i) the date on which all Claims in Class 4 have been Allowed or Disallowed under the Plan, and (ii) the date on which the Liquidating Trustee receives a TUC Class Amount Final Order.

TUC Class Amount Final Order means a Final Order from the Bankruptcy establishing or estimating the TUC Class Amount.

U.S. Trustee means the United States Trustee for Region 3.

Unimpaired means, with respect to a Claim, Interest, or Class of Claims or Interests, not "impaired" within the meaning of such term in section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Victims Restitution Trust means the trust established to, among other things, (i) hold and make disbursements from the VRT Recovery Fund and the VRT Operating Reserve, (ii) recover the Products Liability Insurance Proceeds, and (iii) administer the Personal Injury Claims and making Distributions therefor. The Victims Restitution Trust and the VRT Claims Administrator may retain professionals to assist in carrying out the duties of the Victims Restitution Trust, and such professionals may be compensated on a contingency basis.

Voting Deadline means the last day for holders of Claims and Interests entitled to vote on the Plan to cast their votes to accept or reject the Plan as may be set by the Bankruptcy Court.

Voting Representative means a representative designated on any Class Claim authorized to exercise the voting power of certain holders of Claims.

VRT Agreement means the trust agreement establishing and delineating the terms and conditions for the creation and operation of the Victims Restitution Trust, as it may be amended from time to time. The VRT Agreement shall be filed with the Plan Supplement and shall be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Creditors' Committee.

VRT Assets means, collectively, (i) the VRT Operating Reserve and (ii) the Products Liability Insurance Rights.

VRT Board means the governing body of the Victims Restitution Trust to be appointed in accordance with Section 5.8(l) of this Plan.

VRT Claims Administrator means the individual to be appointed pursuant to the Plan and the VRT Agreement to administer, dispute, object to, compromise, or otherwise resolve Personal Injury Claims subject to the terms of this Plan. The identity of the VRT Claims Administrator shall be disclosed as part of the Plan Supplement, if the VRT Claims Administrator has been selected by the time the Plan Supplement is filed.

VRT Operating Expenses means any and all costs, expenses, fees, taxes, disbursements, debts, or obligations incurred from the operation and administration of the Victims Restitution Trust including, in connection with the reconciliation and administration of Personal Injury Claims, working capital, recovery of Products Liability Insurance Proceeds, and costs and fees of the VRT Claims Administrator, the VRT Board, and any other professionals retained by the Victims Restitution Trust. The VRT Operating Expenses are to be satisfied and paid from the VRT Operating Reserve.

VRT Operating Reserve means Cash in an amount estimated to be necessary to fund the VRT Operating Expenses, which shall be held in a separate account established by the Liquidating Trustee. The VRT Operating Reserve is to be reserved in a segregated account on the Effective Date from the Debtors' Cash and Cash equivalents in the amount of \$1 million; *provided, however,* that at the request of the Liquidating Trustee the VRT Board may determine, by affirmative vote of no fewer than three of the four VRT Board members, not including the VRT Claims Administrator or the Liquidating Trustee, to increase the VRT Operating Reserve by accessing Products Liability Insurance Proceeds, solely to the extent of the Liquidating Trustee's request as approved by the VRT Board in the manner set forth in this proviso.

VRT Recovery Fund means the fund established pursuant to this Plan to make Distributions to holders of Allowed Personal Injury Claims and to the ILT Recovery Fund for the benefit of Allowed State Claims and Allowed Municipality/Tribe Claims, subject to the terms of this Plan. The VRT Recovery Fund shall be held by the Victims Restitution Trust and administered by the Liquidating Trustee.

VRT Termination Date means the date on which the Victims Restitution Trust is terminated, as determined pursuant to the terms of the VRT Agreement, upon the satisfaction of the purposes for which the Victims Restitution Trust was established.

1.2 Interpretation; Application of Definitions; Rules of Construction.

Unless otherwise specified, all section or exhibit references in this Plan are to the respective section in, or exhibit to, this Plan, as the same may be amended, waived, or modified from time to time in accordance with the terms hereof. The words “herein,” “hereof,” or “hereunder,” and other words of similar import refer to this Plan as a whole and not to any particular section, subsection, or clause contained therein and have the same meaning as “in this Plan,” “of this Plan,” and “under this Plan,” respectively. The words “includes” and “including” are not limiting. The headings in this Plan are for convenience of reference only and shall not limit or otherwise affect the provisions hereof. For purposes herein: (i) in the appropriate context, each term, whether stated in the singular or plural, shall include both the singular and plural, and pronouns stated in the masculine, feminine, or neuter gender shall include the masculine, feminine, and the neuter gender; (ii) any reference herein to a contract, lease, instrument, release, indenture, or other agreement or document being in a particular form or on particular terms and conditions means that the reference document shall be substantially in that form or substantially on those terms and conditions; (iii) the rules of construction set forth in section 102 of the Bankruptcy Code shall apply; and (iv) any term used in capitalized form herein that is not otherwise defined but that is used in the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules shall have the meaning assigned to that term in the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules, as the case may be.

1.3 Reference to Monetary Figures.

All references in this Plan to monetary figures shall refer to the legal tender of the United States of America unless otherwise expressly provided.

1.4 Controlling Document.

In the event of an inconsistency between Articles I through XII of this Plan and the Plan Supplement or any other exhibit to this Plan, including any agreement under Section 4.8(c)(i), the terms of the relevant document in the Plan Supplement or such exhibit shall control unless otherwise specified in such Plan Supplement document or exhibit. In the event of an inconsistency between this Plan and any other instrument or document created or executed pursuant to this Plan other than any agreement under Section 4.8(c)(i), or between this Plan and the Disclosure Statement, this Plan shall control. The provisions of this Plan and of the Confirmation Order shall be construed in a manner consistent with each other so as to effectuate the purposes of each; *provided, however*, that if there is determined to be any inconsistency between any provision of this Plan and any provision of the Confirmation Order that cannot be

reconciled, then, solely to the extent of such inconsistency, the provisions of the Confirmation Order shall govern, and any such provisions of the Confirmation Order shall be deemed a modification of this Plan.

ARTICLE II ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE CLAIMS, PROFESSIONAL FEE CLAIMS, AND PRIORITY TAX CLAIMS.

2.1 Administrative Expense Claims Bar Date.

Except as provided for herein or in any order of the Bankruptcy Court, and subject to section 503(b)(1)(D) of the Bankruptcy Code, holders of Administrative Expense Claims (other than Professional Fee Claims) must file and serve on the Debtors requests for the payment of such Administrative Expense Claims not already Allowed by a Final Order in accordance with the procedures specified in the Confirmation Order, on or before the Administrative Expense Claims Bar Date or be forever barred, estopped, and enjoined from asserting such Claims against the Debtors or their assets or properties, and such Claims shall be deemed discharged as of the Effective Date.

2.2 Allowance of Administrative Expense Claims.

An Administrative Expense Claim, with respect to which a request for payment has been properly and timely filed pursuant to Section 2.1 of this Plan, shall become an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim if no objection to such request is filed by the Liquidating Trustee with the Bankruptcy Court on or before one-hundred and twenty (120) days after the Effective Date, or on such later date as may be fixed by the Bankruptcy Court. If an objection is timely filed, the Administrative Expense Claim shall become an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim only to the extent allowed by Final Order or such Claim is settled, compromised, or otherwise resolved by the Liquidating Trustee pursuant to Section 7.5 of this Plan.

2.3 Payment of Allowed Administrative Expense Claims.

Except to the extent that a holder of an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim (other than a Professional Fee Claim) agrees to a different treatment, the holder of such Allowed Administrative Expense Claim shall receive, on account of such Allowed Claim, Cash in an amount equal to the Allowed amount of such Claim from the Priority Reserve within thirty (30) days following the later to occur of (i) the Effective Date and (ii) the date on which such Administrative Expense Claim shall become an Allowed Claim.

2.4 Treatment of Professional Fee Claims.

All Professional Persons seeking awards by the Bankruptcy Court for compensation for services rendered or reimbursement of expenses incurred through and including the Effective Date under sections 327, 328, 330, 331, 503(b)(2), 503(b)(3), 503(b)(4), 503(b)(5), or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code shall (i) file, on or before the date that is forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date, or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, their respective applications for final allowances of compensation for services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred and (ii) be paid in full, in Cash, (a) first, from any existing amounts held by a Professional Personal as a fee advance, retainer, or security that such Professional Person is authorized to use to satisfy

Allowed Professional Fee Claims pursuant to the Interim Compensation Order or the order of the Bankruptcy Court authorizing the retention of such Professional Person (other than a reasonable retainer to cover post-Effective Date work), and (b) second, from the Professional Fee Escrow Account, in such aggregate amounts as are Allowed by the Bankruptcy Court or authorized to be paid in accordance with the order(s) relating to or allowing any such Professional Fee Claim. On or prior to the Effective Date, the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, or the Liquidating Trustee shall establish the Professional Fee Escrow Account and, on the Effective Date, fund the Professional Fee Escrow Account with (i) the funds held in the escrow account established pursuant to Paragraph 4 of the Interim Compensation Order, and (ii) any additional Cash such that the total amount held in the Professional Fee Escrow Account is equal to the sum of each Professional Person's good faith estimates of its Professional Fee Claims. The procedures for filing objections to Professional Persons' applications for final allowance of compensation for services rendered and expenses incurred shall be set forth in the Confirmation Order.

On the date the Insys Liquidation Trust is established or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, the Debtors will cause title to the Professional Fee Escrow Account to be transferred to the Insys Liquidation Trust. Funds held in the Professional Fee Escrow Account shall not be considered property of the Debtors' Estates, the Liquidating Debtors, or any of the Trusts, and shall only be used for payment of Allowed Professional Fee Claims; *provided, however*, that after all Professional Fee Claims Allowed by the Bankruptcy Court have been irrevocably paid in full and no Professional Person is asserting or entitled to assert additional Professional Fee Claims, then any amounts remaining in the Professional Fee Escrow Account shall revert to the ILT Recovery Fund and constitute Estate Distributable Value. The Professional Fee Escrow Account shall be held in trust for Professional Persons retained by the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee and for no other parties until all Professional Fee Claims Allowed by the Bankruptcy Court have been paid in full and no Professional Person is asserting or entitled to assert additional Professional Fee Claims. Fees owing to a Professional Persons shall be paid in Cash to such Professional Persons from funds held in the Professional Fee Escrow Account when such Claims are Allowed by an order of the Bankruptcy Court, or authorized to be paid under the Interim Compensation Order or other order authorizing the retention of a Professional Person; *provided, however*, that the Debtors' and the Liquidating Debtors' obligations with respect to Professional Fee Claims, which shall be assumed by the Insys Liquidation Trust on or as soon as reasonably practicable after the date upon which the Insys Liquidation Trust is established, shall not be limited by, nor deemed limited to, the balance of funds held in the Professional Fee Escrow Account. To the extent that funds held in the Professional Fee Escrow Account are insufficient to satisfy the amount of accrued Allowed Professional Fee Claims owing to any Professional Person, such Professional Person shall have an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim for any such deficiency, which shall be satisfied in accordance with Section 2.3 of this Plan (but for the avoidance of doubt shall not be subject to any Administrative Expense Claims Bar Date). No Claims, Interests, Liens, other encumbrances, or liabilities of any kind shall encumber the Professional Fee Escrow Account in any way. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Professional Persons performing services on behalf of the Debtors or the Creditors' Committees following the Effective Date in connection with the preparation of, or objection to, fee applications (or, in the case of the Creditors' Committee, with respect to any services listed in Section 12.14 of this Plan), are entitled to payment of reasonable fees and reimbursement of reasonable expenses related to such work. Solely with respect to the immediately foregoing sentence, any such Professional Person may seek compensation for such fees and expenses by submitting invoices to the Liquidating Trustee for payment out of Available

Cash, and any undisputed invoices shall be paid in the ordinary course of business and without further order of the Bankruptcy Court.

2.5 Treatment of Priority Tax Claims.

Except to the extent that a holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim agrees to a different treatment, on the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, the holder of such Allowed Priority Tax Claim shall receive, on account of such Allowed Priority Tax Claim, either Cash in an amount equal to the Allowed amount of such Claim from the Priority Reserve or such other treatment as may satisfy section 1129(a)(9) of the Bankruptcy Code.

ARTICLE III CLASSIFICATION OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS.

3.1 Classification in General.

A Claim or Interest is placed in a particular Class for all purposes, including voting, confirmation, and Distributions under this Plan and under sections 1122 and 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. A Claim or Interest is classified in a particular Class for the purpose of receiving Distributions pursuant to this Plan only to the extent such Claim or Interest qualifies within the description of that Class and is classified in other Classes to the extent any portion of the Claim or Interest qualifies within the description of such other Classes. A Claim or Interest is also classified in a particular Class for the purpose of receiving Distributions hereunder only to the extent such Claim or Interest is an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest in that Class and such Claim or Interest has not been satisfied, released, or otherwise settled prior to the Effective Date. In no event shall any holder of an Allowed Claim be entitled to receive payments under this Plan that, in the aggregate, exceed the Allowed amount of such holder's Claim.

3.2 Summary of Classification of Claims and Interests.

The following table designates the Classes of Claims against and Interests in the Debtors and specifies which Classes are (i) Impaired and Unimpaired under this Plan, (ii) entitled to vote to accept or reject this Plan in accordance with section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code, and (iii) deemed to accept or reject this Plan:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Type of Claim or Interest</u>	<u>Impairment</u>	<u>Entitled to Vote</u>
Class 1	Secured Claims	Unimpaired	No (Presumed to Accept)
Class 2	Other Priority Claims	Unimpaired	No (Presumed to Accept)
Class 3	Convenience Class Claims	Impaired	Yes
Class 4	Trade and Other Unsecured Claims	Impaired	Yes
Class 5	Insurance Related Claims	Impaired	Yes
Class 6	Hospital Claims and NAS Monitoring Claims	Impaired	Yes
Class 7	DOJ Claims	Impaired	Yes
Class 8(a)	State Claims	Impaired	Yes

Class 8(b)	Municipality/Tribe Claims	Impaired	Yes
Class 9	Personal Injury Claims	Impaired	Yes
Class 10	510(a)/(b) Subordinated Claims	Impaired	No (Deemed to Reject)
Class 11	510(c) Subordinated Claims	Impaired	No (Deemed to Reject)
Class 12	Intercompany Claims	Impaired	No (Deemed to Reject)
Class 13	Equity Interests	Impaired	No (Deemed to Reject)

3.3 Voting Classes; Presumed Acceptance by Non-Voting Classes.

With respect to each Debtor, if a Class contained Claims eligible to vote and no holder of Claims eligible to vote in such Class votes to accept or reject this Plan by the Voting Deadline, this Plan shall be presumed accepted by the holders of such Claims in such Class.

3.4 Voting; Presumptions; Solicitation.

(a) **Acceptance by Certain Impaired Classes.** Only holders of Claims in Class 3, Class 4, Class 5, Class 6, Class 7, Class 8(a), Class 8(b), and Class 9 are entitled to vote to accept or reject this Plan. An Impaired Class of Claims shall have accepted this Plan if (i) the holders, or Voting Representatives thereof, of at least two-thirds (2/3) in amount of Claims actually voting in such Class have voted to accept this Plan and (ii) the holders, or Voting Representatives thereof, of more than one-half (1/2) in number of the Claims actually voting in such Class have voted to accept this Plan. Holders of Claims in Class 3, Class 4, Class 5, Class 6, Class 7, Class 8(a), Class 8(b), and Class 9 (or, if applicable, the Voting Representatives of such holders) shall receive ballots containing detailed voting instructions.

(b) **Deemed Acceptance by Unimpaired Classes.** Holders of Claims in Class 1 and Class 2 are conclusively presumed to have accepted this Plan pursuant to section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. Accordingly, such holders are not entitled to vote to accept or reject this Plan.

(c) **Deemed Rejection by Certain Impaired Classes.** Holders of Claims and Interests in Class 10, Class 11, Class 12, and Class 13 are deemed to have rejected this Plan pursuant to section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code. Accordingly, such holders are not entitled to vote to accept or reject this Plan.

(d) **Individual Creditor Voting Rights.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Plan, the voting rights of holders of Claims in any Class shall be governed in all respects by the Solicitation Procedures Order.

3.5 Cramdown.

If any Class of Claims is deemed to reject this Plan or is entitled to vote on this Plan and does not vote to accept this Plan, the Debtors may (i) seek confirmation of this Plan under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code or (ii) amend or modify this Plan in accordance with the terms hereof and the Bankruptcy Code. If a controversy arises as to whether any Claims

or Interests, or any Class of Claims or Interests, are Impaired, the Bankruptcy Court shall, after notice and a hearing, determine such controversy on or before the Confirmation Date.

3.6 No Waiver.

Nothing contained in this Plan shall be construed to waive a Debtor's or other Person's right to object on any basis to any Claim.

ARTICLE IV TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS.

4.1 Secured Claims (Class 1).

(a) Treatment: The legal, equitable, and contractual rights of the holders of Secured Claims are unaltered by this Plan. Except to the extent that a holder of an Allowed Secured Claim agrees to different treatment, on the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, each holder of an Allowed Secured Claim shall receive, on account of such Allowed Claim, (i) payment in full in Cash in accordance with section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, (ii) reinstatement pursuant to section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code, or (iii) such other treatment as may be necessary to render such Claim Unimpaired.

(b) Impairment and Voting: Secured Claims are Unimpaired. Holders of Secured Claims are conclusively presumed to accept this Plan pursuant to section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. Therefore, holders of Secured Claims are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan, and the votes of such holders will not be solicited with respect to such Secured Claims.

4.2 Other Priority Claims (Class 2).

(a) Treatment: The legal, equitable, and contractual rights of holders of Other Priority Claims are unaltered by this Plan. Except to the extent that a holder of an Allowed Other Priority Claim agrees to different treatment, on the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, each holder of an Allowed Other Priority Claim shall receive, on account of such Allowed Claim, (i) payment in full in Cash or (ii) such other treatment consistent with the provisions of section 1129(a)(9) of the Bankruptcy Code.

(b) Impairment and Voting: Other Priority Claims are Unimpaired. Holders of Other Priority Claims are conclusively presumed to accept this Plan pursuant to section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. Therefore, holders of Other Priority Claims are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan, and the votes of such holders will not be solicited with respect to such Other Priority Claims.

4.3 Convenience Class Claims (Class 3).

(a) Treatment: Except to the extent that a holder of an Allowed Convenience Class Claim agrees to different treatment, in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of an Allowed Convenience Class Claim, each holder an Allowed Convenience Class Claim shall receive Available Cash equal to ten percent (10%) of such holder's Allowed Convenience Class Claim on or as soon as reasonably practicable after the later of (i) the

Effective Date and (ii) the date upon which such Convenience Class Claim becomes an Allowed Convenience Class Claim.

(b) Impairment and Voting: Convenience Class Claims are Impaired. Holders of Convenience Class Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

4.4 Trade and Other Unsecured Claims (Class 4).

(a) Treatment: Except to the extent that a holder of an Allowed Trade and Other Unsecured Claim agrees to different treatment, in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of an Allowed Trade and Other Unsecured Claim, each such holder shall receive, from the Insys Liquidation Trust, its Pro Rata share of Estate Distributable Value attributable to Class 4, which amount is calculated by multiplying the Category 1 Distributions by the Private Group Plan Distribution Percentage for Class 4; *provided, however*, that no holder of an Allowed Trade and Other Unsecured Claim shall receive a Distribution prior to the TUC Class Amount Final Determination and any Distributions allocated on behalf of such a Claim shall be held in a disputed claims reserve until the TUC Class Amount Final Determination.

(b) Impairment and Voting: Trade and Other Unsecured Claims are Impaired. Holders of Trade and Other Unsecured Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

4.5 Insurance Related Claims (Class 5).

(a) Treatment: In accordance with the Plan Settlement as provided in Section 5.1 of this Plan, and as further described and explained in the Disclosure Statement, except to the extent that a holder of an Allowed Insurance Related Claim agrees to different treatment, in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of an Allowed Insurance Related Claim, following the determination of the allocation between ERISA Group Claims (which may be determined to include all ERISA Health Plan Claims), all other Third Party Payor Claims, and Insurance Ratepayer Claims by the ILT Claims Arbiter, the Insys Liquidation Trust shall distribute to the holder of each Allowed Insurance Related Claim such holder's share of Estate Distributable Value attributable to Class 5, which amount is calculated by multiplying the Category 1 Distributions by the Private Group Plan Distribution Percentage for Class 5, and in accordance with the Third Party Payor Claim Procedures and the Insurance Ratepayer Procedures, as applicable.

(b) Impairment and Voting: Insurance Related Claims are Impaired. Holders of Insurance Related Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

(c) Disallowance: All Insurance Ratepayer Claims other than the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims are Disallowed and expunged as duplicative of the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims.

4.6 Hospital Claims and NAS Monitoring Claims (Class 6).

(a) Treatment: In accordance with the Plan Settlement as provided in Section 5.1 of this Plan, and as further described and explained in the Disclosure Statement, except

to the extent that a holder of an Allowed Hospital Claim or Allowed NAS Monitoring Claim agrees to different treatment, in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of such Allowed Hospital Claim and Allowed NAS Monitoring Claim, following the determination of the allocation between Hospital Claims and NAS Monitoring Claims by the ILT Claims Arbitrator, the Insys Liquidation Trust shall distribute to the holder of each Allowed Hospital Claim and each Allowed NAS Monitoring Claim such holder's share of Estate Distributable Value attributable to Class 6, which amount is calculated by multiplying the Category 1 Distributions by the Private Group Plan Distribution Percentage for Class 6, and in accordance with the Hospital Class Procedures and the NAS Monitoring Class Procedures, as applicable.

(b) Impairment and Voting: Hospital Claims and NAS Monitoring Claims are Impaired. Holders of Hospital Claims and NAS Monitoring Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

(c) Disallowance. All Hospital Claims and NAS Monitoring Claims, other than the Hospital Class Claim and the NAS Monitoring Class Claim, are Disallowed and expunged as duplicative of either the Hospital Class Claim or the NAS Monitoring Class Claim.

4.7 DOJ Claims (Class 7).

(a) Allowance: The DOJ Claims are Allowed and will be included solely in Class 7 in the amounts of the Allowed DOJ Civil Claim, the Allowed DOJ Forfeiture Claim, and, for any Allowed DOJ Restitution Claim that was part of a proof of claim filed by the Governmental Unit and Native American Tribes Bar Date, an amount equal to the amount included in a Final Order awarding restitution entered by United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts in *United States v. Insys Pharma, Inc.*, Case No. 19-cr-10191 (RWZ); *provided, however*, that only any Allowed DOJ Residual Restitution Claim, in an amount not to exceed \$10 million, will be included in the DOJ Class Amount for distribution purposes. For the avoidance of doubt, the DOJ Class Amount will not exceed \$283 million for distribution purposes.

(b) Treatment: Except to the extent that the DOJ agrees to different treatment, in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of the Allowed DOJ Claims, the DOJ shall receive from the Insys Liquidation Trust all Estate Distributable Value attributable to Class 7, which amount is calculated by multiplying the Category 2 Distributions by the Public Group Plan Distribution Percentage; *provided, however*, that pursuant to the DOJ Settlement Order, the DOJ will receive no Distributions on account of the Allowed DOJ Civil Claim until the GUC Recovery Reallocation Threshold has been met; *provided further* that Distributions in respect of the Allowed DOJ Restitution Claim will only be made on account of the Allowed DOJ Residual Restitution Claim. Distributions on account of Allowed DOJ Claims will be made as restitution, other than Distributions made on account of the Allowed DOJ Forfeiture Claim.

(c) Impairment and Voting: DOJ Claims are Impaired. The DOJ is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

4.8 State Claims (Class 8(a)) and Municipality/Tribe Claims (Class 8(b)).

(a) Treatment: Except to the extent that a holder of a State Claim or a Municipality/Tribe Claim agrees to different treatment or has been paid for such Claim prior to the Effective Date, in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of Allowed State Claims and Allowed Municipality/Tribe Claims, or, pursuant to an agreement reached under Section 4.8(c)(i), any Municipality/Tribe Claims, each such holder shall receive, as restitution, from the Insys Liquidation Trust and the Victims Restitution Trust, as applicable, (i) its Pro Rata share (based upon subsection (c) below) of (x) Estate Distributable Value attributable to Class 8(a) and Class 8(b) collectively, which amount is calculated by multiplying the Category 2 Distributions by the Public Group Plan Distribution Percentage for Class 8(a) and Class 8(b) collectively, (y) until Allowed Claims in Class 9 are paid in full, a ten percent (10%) interest in any Products Liability Insurance Proceeds, and (z) thereafter, a one-hundred percent (100%) interest in any remaining Products Liability Insurance Proceeds; *provided, however*, that no Distributions shall be made to holders of Allowed State Claims or Allowed Municipality/Tribe Claims until the Pro Rata share is determined in accordance with subsection (c) below; and (ii) payment of an Administrative Expense Claim for professional fees for counsel to holders of State Claims and Municipality/Tribe Claims in the amount of \$800,000.

(b) Impairment and Voting: State Claims and Municipality/Tribe Claims are Impaired. Holders of State Claims in Class 8(a) and holders Municipality/Tribe Claims in Class 8(b) are each entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan as separate voting Classes pursuant to the Solicitation Procedures Order.

(c) Distributions: Distributions made in respect of Claims in both Class 8(a) and Class 8(b) shall be determined by either (i) Class 8(a) and Class 8(b) distribution procedures filed with the Plan Supplement or otherwise within twelve (12) months of the Effective Date based on an agreement among SMT Group Representatives and approved by the Bankruptcy Court, or (ii) such later date as extended by agreement of the SMT Group Representatives or the members of the ILT Board selected by the SMT Group Representatives, prior to the expiration of the twelve (12) month period in Section 4.8(c)(i), and the expenses of the processes described in the foregoing clauses (i) and (ii) shall be deducted from Estate Distributable Value attributable to Class 8(a) and Class 8(b) collectively, to the extent such expenses exceed the \$175,000 allocated to the SMT Group Representatives as ILT Operating Expenses in this Plan. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan or the Bar Date Order or any other order or stipulation (including the stipulation at Docket No. 948 extending the time within which States must file proofs of claim to January 31, 2020), the States are relieved of any obligation or duty to file a proof of claim in the Chapter 11 Cases to, and the filing of a proof of claim shall not be prerequisite to, participate in or receive Distributions as holders of Class 8(a) claims. Additionally, if an agreement is reached in accordance with Section 4.8(c)(i), as may be extended, which includes the allocation of funds to holders of Municipality/Tribe Claims that have not filed proofs of claim prior to the applicable bar date under the Bar Date Order, then the filing of a proof of claim shall not be a prerequisite to participate in or receive Distributions as holders of Class 8(b) Claims.

4.9 Personal Injury Claims (Class 9).

(a) Treatment: In accordance with the Plan Settlement as provided in Section 5.1 of this Plan, and as further described and explained in the Disclosure Statement, except to the extent that a holder of an Allowed Personal Injury Claim agrees to different treatment, in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of an Allowed Personal Injury Claim, each such holder shall receive, from the Victims Restitution Trust, its Pro Rata share of ninety percent (90%) of any Products Liability Insurance Proceeds.

No holder of an Allowed Personal Injury Claim will receive Distributions of Products Liability Insurance Proceeds in excess of each such holder's Allowed Personal Injury Claim.

(b) Impairment and Voting: Personal Injury Claims are Impaired. Holders of Personal Injury Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

4.10 510(a)/(b) Subordinated Claims (Class 10).

(a) Treatment: 510(a)/(b) Subordinated Claims are subordinated pursuant to this Plan and sections 510(a) and 510(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. 510(a)/(b) Subordinated Claims shall be deemed expunged, released, and extinguished without further action by or order of the Bankruptcy Court, and shall be of no further force or effect.

(b) Impairment and Voting: 510(a)/(b) Subordinated Claims are Impaired. Holders of 510(a)/(b) Subordinated Claims are deemed to have rejected this Plan pursuant to section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code. Therefore, holders of 510(a)/(b) Subordinated Claims are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan, and the votes of such holders will not be solicited with respect to such Subordinated Claims.

4.11 510(c) Subordinated Claims (Class 11).

(a) Treatment: 510(c) Subordinated Claims are subordinated pursuant to this Plan and section 510(c) of the Bankruptcy Code. 510(c) Subordinated Claims shall be deemed expunged, released, and extinguished without further action by or order of the Bankruptcy Court, and shall be of no further force or effect.

(b) Impairment and Voting: 510(c) Subordinated Claims are Impaired. Holders of Subordinated Claims are conclusively deemed to have rejected this Plan pursuant to section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code. Therefore, holders of 510(c) Subordinated Claims are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan, and the votes of such holders will not be solicited with respect to such Subordinated Claims.

4.12 Intercompany Claims (Class 12).

(a) Treatment: Holders of Intercompany Claims shall not receive or retain any property under this Plan on account of such Claims. Intercompany Claims shall be deemed expunged, released, and extinguished without further action by or order of the Bankruptcy Court, and shall be of no further force or effect.

(b) Impairment and Voting: Intercompany Claims are Impaired. Holders of Intercompany Claims are deemed to reject this Plan pursuant to section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code. Therefore, holders of Intercompany Claims are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan, and the votes of such holders will not be solicited with respect to such Intercompany Claims.

4.13 Equity Interests (Class 13).

(a) Treatment: Holders of Equity Interests shall not receive or retain any property under this Plan on account of such Interests. As of the Effective Date, Equity Interests shall be deemed surrendered, cancelled, and/or redeemed without further action by or order of the Bankruptcy Court, and shall be of no further force or effect. On or promptly after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Debtors and/or the Liquidating Trustee shall cause Insys Therapeutics, Inc. to issue the Parent Equity Interest to the Insys Liquidation Trust solely for purposes of facilitating the orderly administration of the winding up and dissolution of the Debtors.

(b) Impairment and Voting: Equity Interests are Impaired. Holders of Equity Interests are deemed to reject this Plan pursuant to section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code. Therefore, holders of Equity Interests are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan, and the votes of such holders will not be solicited with respect to such Equity Interests.

4.14 Debtors' Rights with Respect to Unimpaired Claims.

Except as otherwise provided in this Plan, nothing under the Plan shall affect the rights of the Liquidating Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee with respect to an Unimpaired Claim, including all rights with respect to legal and equitable defenses to, or setoffs or recoupments against, any such Unimpaired Claims.

ARTICLE V MEANS FOR IMPLEMENTATION.

5.1 Plan Settlement.

(a) As further described in the Disclosure Statement, the provisions of this Plan (including the release and injunctive provisions contained in Article X of this Plan) and the other documents entered into in connection with this Plan and the Trust Formation Transactions constitute a good faith compromise and settlement among the Settling Parties of Claims and controversies among such parties. The Plan and the Distributions contemplated herein are based on various agreed upon "settlement claim amounts," which represent the aggregate Claim amounts for certain classes of Claims that the Debtors, the Creditors' Committee, the SMT Group Representatives, and certain other creditors believe are fair and appropriate, *but only when combined with the distribution scheme and all other provisions contained in the Plan*. The various parties have not agreed upon the fair and appropriate "Allowed" amount of any Claim, other than in connection with the distribution scheme and all other aspects of the Plan. The Plan, including the explanation set forth in the Disclosure Statement, shall be deemed a motion to approve the Plan Settlement and the good faith compromise and settlement of all of the Claims and controversies described in the foregoing sentence pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019, and entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute the Bankruptcy Court's approval of the Plan Settlement under section 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 9019, as well as a finding by the

Bankruptcy Court that the Plan Settlement is fair, equitable, reasonable, and in the best interests of the Debtors and their Estates.

(b) This Plan, the Plan Settlement, the Plan Documents, and the Confirmation Order constitute a good faith compromise and settlement of Claims and controversies based upon the unique circumstances of these Chapter 11 Cases (such as the limited funds of the Estates, total value available, the unique facts and circumstances relating to these Debtors as compared to other defendants in the general opioid space, and the need for an accelerated resolution without litigation) and none of the foregoing documents, nor any materials used in furtherance of Plan confirmation (including, but not limited to, the Disclosure Statement, and any notes related to, and drafts of, such documents and materials), may be offered into evidence, deemed an admission, used as precedent, or used by any party or Person in any context whatsoever beyond the purposes of this Plan, in any other litigation or proceeding except as necessary, and as admissible in such context, to enforce their terms before the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction. This Plan, the Plan Settlement, the Plan Documents, and the Confirmation Order will be binding as to the matters and issues described therein, but will not be binding with respect to similar matters or issues that might arise in any other litigation or proceeding in which none of the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, or either Trust is a party. Any Person's support of, or position or action taken in connection with, this Plan, the Plan Settlement, the Plan Documents, and the Confirmation Order may differ from his position or testimony in any other litigation or proceeding except in connection with these Chapter 11 Cases. Further, and as all parties to the Mediation agreed, this Plan Settlement is not intended to serve as an example for, or represent the parties' respective positions or views concerning any other chapter 11 cases relating to opioid products, nor shall it be used as precedent by any Person or party.

5.2 Substantive Consolidation of the Debtors.

The Plan shall be implemented through a substantive consolidation of the assets and liabilities of the Debtors with one another. The Confirmation Order shall contain findings supporting the conclusions providing for substantive consolidation for purposes of distribution on the terms set forth in this Section of the Plan. The substantive consolidation of the Assets and liabilities and properties of the Debtors shall have the following effects:

(a) The Chapter 11 Cases of the Debtors shall be consolidated into the case of Insys Therapeutics, Inc. as a single consolidated case with respect to Claims against the Debtors. All property of the Estate of each Debtor shall be deemed to be property of the consolidated estates with respect to the payment of Claims against the Debtors.

(b) All Claims against each Debtor's Estate shall be deemed to be Claims against the consolidated estates, all proofs of claim filed against one or more of the Debtors shall be deemed to be a single Claim filed against the consolidated estates, and all duplicate proofs of claim for the same Claim filed against more than one Debtor shall be deemed expunged.

(c) As set forth in Section 4.12, no Distributions under the Plan shall be made on account of Intercompany Claims among the Debtors.

(d) For purposes of determining the availability of the right of setoff under section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors shall be treated as one consolidated entity so that, subject to the other provisions of section 553, debts due to any of the Debtors may be set off against the debts of any other of the Debtors.

5.3 Administration of Class Claims.²

(a) Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims.

- (i) Other than to the limited extent provided in this Plan with respect to overall treatment of Insurance Related Claims and allocations between the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims, the ERISA Group Claims (which may be determined to include all ERISA Health Plan Claims), and the other Third Party Payor Claims, the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims and individual claims represented thereby will be administered in accordance with the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims Procedures and any related approved allocation plan as described therein.
- (ii) The Insurance Ratepayer Class Representative (as defined in the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claim Procedures) will be selected by holders of Insurance Related Claims that are represented by the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims prior to the Confirmation Hearing and identified in the Plan Supplement.
- (iii) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Plan with respect to Distributions, Distributions from the Insys Liquidation Trust on account of the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims (i) shall only be made to the Insurance Ratepayer Class Representatives, or a single designated claims administrator, and allocated among individual class members in accordance with the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims Procedures and any related approved allocation plan and (ii) shall not be made until an allocation plan has been approved by the Bankruptcy Court as provided in the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims Procedures. All costs associated with the noticing and administration of the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims shall be paid out of the Distributions allocated to the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims.

(b) Third Party Payor Class Claim.

- (i) Other than to the limited extent provided in this Plan with respect to overall treatment of Insurance Related Claims and allocations between the Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims, the ERISA Group Claims (which may be determined to include all ERISA Health Plan Claims), and the other Third Party Payor Claims, the Third Party Payor Class Claim will

² For the avoidance of doubt, to the extent any procedures in Section 5.3 require further Bankruptcy Court approval, no party will have standing to object other than the claimants in the specific class affected thereby.

be administered in accordance with the Third Party Payor Claim Procedures and any related approved allocation plan as described therein.

- (ii) The Third Party Payor Class Representative (as defined in the Third Party Payor Claim Procedures) will be selected by holders of Third Party Payor Claims that are represented by the Third Party Payor Class Claim prior to the Confirmation Hearing and identified in the Plan Supplement.
- (iii) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Plan with respect to Distributions, Distributions from the Insys Liquidation Trust on account of the Third Party Payor Class Claim (i) shall be made by a designated claims administrator, and allocated among individual claimants in accordance with the Third Party Payor Claim Procedures and any related approved allocation plan and (ii) shall not be made until an allocation plan has been approved by the Bankruptcy Court as provided in the Third Party Payor Claim Procedures. All costs associated with the noticing and administration of the Third Party Payor Class Claim shall be paid out of the Distributions allocated to the Third Party Payor Class Claim.

(c) **Hospital Class Claim.**

- (i) Other than to the limited extent provided in this Plan with respect to overall treatment of Hospital Claims and NAS Monitoring Claims and allocations between the Hospital Class Claim and the NAS Monitoring Class Claim, the Hospital Class Claim and individual claims represented thereby will be administered in accordance with the Hospital Class Claim Procedures and any related approved allocation plan as described therein.
- (ii) The Hospital Class Representative (as defined in the Hospital Class Claim Procedures) will be selected by holders of Hospital Claims that are represented by the Hospital Class Claim prior to the Confirmation Hearing and identified in the Plan Supplement.
- (iii) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Plan with respect to Distributions, Distributions from the Insys Liquidation Trust on account of the Hospital Class Claim (i) shall only be made to the Hospital Class Representative, or designated claims administrator, and allocated among individual class members in accordance with the Hospital Class Claim Procedures and any related approved allocation plan and (ii) shall not be made until an allocation plan has been approved by the Bankruptcy Court as provided in the Hospital Class Claim Procedures. All costs associated with the noticing and administration of the Hospital

Class Claim shall be paid out of the Distributions allocated to the Hospital Class Claim.

(d) NAS Monitoring Class Claim.

- (i) Other than to the limited extent provided in this Plan with respect to overall treatment of Hospital Claims and NAS Monitoring Claims and allocations between the Hospital Class Claim and the NAS Monitoring Class Claim, the NAS Monitoring Class Claim and individual claims represented thereby will be administered in accordance with the NAS Monitoring Class Claim Procedures and any related approved allocation plan as described therein.
- (ii) The NAS Monitoring Class Representative (as defined in the NAS Monitoring Class Claim Procedures) will be selected by holders of NAS Monitoring Claims that are represented by the NAS Monitoring Class Claim prior to the Confirmation Hearing and identified in the Plan Supplement.
- (iii) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Plan with respect to Distributions, Distributions from the Insys Liquidation Trust on account of the NAS Monitoring Class Claim (i) shall only be made to the NAS Monitoring Class Representative, or designated claims administrator, and allocated among individual class members in accordance with the NAS Monitoring Class Claim Procedures and any related approved allocation plan and (ii) shall not be made until an allocation plan has been approved by the Bankruptcy Court as provided in the NAS Monitoring Class Claim Procedures. All costs associated with the noticing and administration of the NAS Monitoring Class Claim shall be paid out of the Distributions allocated to the NAS Monitoring Class Claim.

5.4 Vesting of Assets.

On the Effective Date, and if applicable, pursuant to sections 1141(b) and 1141(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, all Assets shall vest in the Insys Liquidation Trust or the Victims Restitution Trust, as applicable. The Trusts shall own such Assets, as of the Effective Date, free and clear of all Claims, Interests, Liens, other encumbrances, and liabilities of any kind.

5.5 Cancellation of Notes, Interests, Instruments, Certificates, and Other Documents.

Except as otherwise provided herein, on and after the Effective Date, all Equity Interests and all notes, instruments, certificates, agreements, indentures, mortgages, security documents, and other documents evidencing Claims against or Interests in the Debtors or obligations of the Debtors or Liquidating Debtors, as applicable, thereunder or in any way related to the foregoing shall be deemed cancelled, satisfied in full, and of no further force and effect without any need for further action or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

5.6 Liquidating Trustee.

(a) **Appointment and Role of Liquidating Trustee.** The Liquidating Trustee will be selected by the mutual agreement of the Creditors' Committee and the SMT Group Representatives by the Plan Supplement Filing Deadline; *provided, however*, that if no such agreement can be reached by the Plan Supplement Filing Deadline, the Debtors shall select the Liquidating Trustee after consultation with the Creditors' Committee and the SMT Group Representatives from a list of six candidates provided jointly by the Creditors' Committee and the SMT Group Representatives, with three being selected by each group. The appointment of the Liquidating Trustee shall be approved in the Confirmation Order, and such appointment shall be effective as of the date upon which the first Trust is established. In accordance with the Trust Agreements, and in furtherance of, and consistent with, the purposes of the Trusts and this Plan, the Liquidating Trustee shall have the power and authority to act as trustee of the Trusts and perform the Authorized Acts through the earlier of (i) the end of the Operating Term and (ii) the date such Liquidating Trustee resigns, is terminated, or is otherwise unable to serve for any reason; *provided, however*, that at any time after the date that is nine (9) months after the Effective Date, the ILT Board, by simple majority, may replace the Liquidating Trustee with a successor Liquidating Trustee selected by a simple majority of the ILT Board that shall become vested with all of the rights, powers, trusts, and duties of the predecessor Liquidating Trustee.

(b) **Liquidating Trustee's Tax Power for Debtors.** The Liquidating Trustee, in its capacity as the trustee of the Insys Liquidation Trust, shall have full and exclusive authority and responsibility with respect to all taxes of the Debtors (including, without limitation, as the common parent or other agent of any consolidated, combined, or unitary tax group of which the Debtors were the agent), to the same extent as if the Liquidating Trustee were the debtor-in-possession. Without limiting the foregoing, each of the Debtors shall execute, on or prior to the Effective Date, a power of attorney authorizing the Liquidating Trustee, in its capacity as the trustee of the Insys Liquidation Trust, to correspond with any taxing authority on behalf of such Debtor and to sign, collect, negotiate, settle, and administer tax payments and tax returns. In furtherance of the foregoing:

- (i) Following the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall prepare and file (or cause to be prepared and filed), on behalf of the Debtors, all tax returns required to be filed or that the Liquidating Trustee otherwise deems appropriate, including the filing of amended tax returns or requests for refunds for all taxable periods.
- (ii) The Insys Liquidation Trust shall be entitled to all tax refunds of the Debtors, and the Insys Liquidation Trust shall bear responsibility for all tax liabilities of the Debtors for all taxable years, to the extent not satisfied or otherwise released by the Plan.

(c) **Retention of Professionals by Liquidating Trustee.** The Liquidating Trustee may retain and reasonably compensate counsel and other professionals to assist in its duties as Liquidating Trustee on such terms as the Liquidating Trustee deems appropriate without Bankruptcy Court approval, subject to the provisions of the Trust Agreements, which shall provide that such professionals will be selected by the ILT Board by a majority vote.

Other than corporate counsel for the Liquidating Trustee, which shall not be a professional who represented parties in interest in the Chapter 11 Cases unless otherwise agreed by the Creditors' Committee and the SMT Group Representatives prior to the Effective Date, and subject to the foregoing sentence the Liquidating Trustee may retain any professional, including any professional who represented parties in interest in the Chapter 11 Cases. All fees and expenses incurred in connection with the foregoing shall be payable from the applicable Trust Operating Reserve, subject to the terms of the Trust Agreements.

(d) **Exculpation of Liquidating Trustee.** The Liquidating Trustee shall be exculpated (subject, in each case, to exceptions for willful misconduct, bad faith, gross negligence, or fraud) to the fullest extent allowable by applicable law with respect to the liquidation of the Trust Assets and administration of the Trusts.

(e) **TUC Class Amount Final Determination.** The Liquidating Trustee will use its best efforts to achieve the TUC Class Amount Final Determination within six (6) months of the Effective Date; *provided, however*, that for purposes of initial Distributions to holders of Claims in Class 5 and Class 6, the TUC Class Amount shall be based on an estimate of Allowed Claims in Class 4 as of such time and shall not require a full resolution of all Claims in such Class. After the TUC Class Amount Final Determination, if the TUC Class Amount is less than \$50 million, Estate Distributable Value in the ILT Recovery Fund that was initially attributable to Class 4 shall be reallocated among the Classes included in the Private Group Formula Amount, pursuant to the applicable Private Group Plan Distribution Percentage (without including Class 4).

(f) **DOJ Class Amount Final Determination.** The Liquidating Trustee will use its best efforts to achieve the DOJ Class Amount Final Determination within three (3) months of the Effective Date. After the DOJ Class Amount Final Determination, if the DOJ Class Amount is less than \$283 million, Estate Distributable Value in the ILT Recovery Fund that was initially attributable to Class 7 shall be reallocated among Class 7, Class 8(a), and Class 8(b) in accordance with the Public Group Formula Amount and Public Group Plan Distribution Percentage.

(g) **Liquidating Trustee Disclosure Requirement.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the Liquidating Trustee shall obtain all of the Debtors' documents, books, and records relating to the Debtors' sale, promotion, marketing, compliance, and reimbursement for, or payments made with respect to, the sale of SUBSYS® and SYNDROS®, and shall publicly disclose (i) such non-privileged documents, books, and records without regard to the status of litigation brought by or against Insys, and (ii) such privileged documents, books, and records as soon as all affirmative claims by or on behalf of the Insys Liquidation Trust, including any and all Causes of Action against Insurance Companies, have been resolved, but in no event later than the date the Insys Liquidation Trust is terminated; *provided, however*, that any disclosures shall redact personally identifiable information and comply with HIPAA, applicable law, and, unless modified, all contractual obligations and court orders; *provided, further*, that the Liquidating Trustee will not incur ILT Operating Expenses in excess of \$250,000 in complying with this paragraph except solely to the extent the members of the ILT Board designated by the SMT Group Representatives allocate to the ILT Operating Reserve for purposes of complying with this paragraph, at their sole discretion, all or part of the Distributions constituting the DOJ

Distribution Reallocation distributable to holders of Claims in Class 8(a) and Class 8(b) which, for the avoidance of doubt, does not include the SMT Reallocation.

5.7 Insys Liquidation Trust.

(a) **Establishment of Insys Liquidation Trust.** On or before the Effective Date, the Debtors, or the Liquidating Debtors, and/or the Liquidating Trustee³ shall take all necessary steps to establish the Insys Liquidation Trust for the benefit of holders of Non-PI General Unsecured Claims including executing the ILT Agreement and the Trust Transfer Agreement, and all Privileges held by the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors shall transfer to, and vest exclusively in, the Trusts. This Section of the Plan sets forth certain of the rights, duties, and obligations of the ILT Board and the ILT Claims Arbiter with respect to the Insys Liquidation Trust. In the event of any conflict between the terms of the Plan and the terms of the ILT Agreement, the terms of the ILT Agreement shall govern.

(b) **Issuance of Parent Equity Interest to Insys Liquidation Trust.** On the Effective Date, after the transfer of the ILT Assets to the Insys Liquidation Trust pursuant to Section 5.7(d) of the Plan, the Liquidating Debtors and/or the Liquidating Trustee shall cause Insys Therapeutics, Inc. to issue the Parent Equity Interest to the Insys Liquidation Trust. The Parent Equity Interest shall be the only share of common stock of Insys Therapeutics, Inc., representing one-hundred percent (100%) of the capital stock thereof, from and after the Effective Date.

(c) **Purpose of Insys Liquidation Trust.** The Insys Liquidation Trust shall be established for the purposes described in this Plan (including, without limitation, to allow the Liquidating Trustee to carry out the Authorized Acts) and any others more fully described in the ILT Agreement. The Insys Liquidation Trust shall retain all rights to commence and pursue all Causes of Action (other than Causes of Action arising from the Products Liability Insurance Policies which shall be reserved for the Victims Restitution Trust) that are not released under the Plan. The Insys Liquidation Trust shall have no objective to continue or engage in the conduct of a trade or business.

The Insys Liquidation Trust shall administer, process, settle, resolve, liquidate, satisfy, and pay (from the designated funds therefor), as applicable, Claims against the Debtors (other than Personal Injury Claims), subject to the terms of the ILT Agreement, this Plan, and the Confirmation Order. The Insys Liquidation Trust shall be administered and implemented by the Liquidating Trustee with the oversight of the ILT Board as provided in the ILT Agreement; *provided, however*, that for the avoidance of doubt, the approval of the ILT Board shall be required for the Liquidating Trustee to settle any dispute regarding the Insurance Rights or Causes of Action that are ILT Assets; *provided, further*, that notwithstanding the foregoing, the Liquidating Trustee shall have the exclusive authority to reconcile Trade and Other Unsecured Claims and determine and make Distributions on account of Claims without the approval of the ILT Board absent extenuating circumstances.

³ With respect to actions taken in this Section, the Liquidating Trustee is acting solely in its capacity as trustee of the Insys Liquidation Trust.

(d) **Transfer of ILT Assets to Insys Liquidation Trust.** On the Effective Date, the ILT Assets will be transferred to and vest in the Insys Liquidation Trust in accordance with the terms set forth herein (including Sections 5.7(e) and (f) below with respect to the Insurance Rights Transfer and the funding and transfer of the ILT Operating Reserve) and the ILT Agreement; *provided, however*, that to the extent certain assets comprising the ILT Assets, because of their nature or because such assets will accrue or become transferable subsequent to the Effective Date, and cannot be transferred to, vested in, and assumed by the Insys Liquidation Trust on such date, such Assets shall be automatically, and without further act or deed, transferred to, vested in, or assumed by the Insys Liquidation Trust as soon as reasonably practicable after such date. Notwithstanding anything in this Plan to the contrary, no monies, choses in action, and/or assets comprising the ILT Assets that have been transferred, granted, assigned, or otherwise delivered to the Insys Liquidation Trust shall be used for any purpose other than in accordance with the Plan and the ILT Agreement. Such transfer of the ILT Assets shall be free and clear of all Claims, Interests, Liens, other encumbrances, and liabilities of any kind.

(e) **Insurance Rights Transfer.** In furtherance of the purpose of the Insys Liquidation Trust:

- (i) On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Debtors shall irrevocably transfer, grant, and assign to the Insys Liquidation Trust, and the Insys Liquidation Trust shall receive and accept, any and all of the Debtors' Insurance Rights (other than the Products Liability Insurance Rights). To the extent any Insurance Company (other than a Products Liability Insurance Company) would otherwise be obligated to pay any Non-PI General Unsecured Claim on behalf of one or more of the Debtors, the Debtors shall transfer and assign to the Insys Liquidation Trust the right to enforce such Insurance Company's obligation.
- (ii) The Insurance Rights Transfer is made free and clear of all Claims, Liens, encumbrances, or Causes of Action of any nature whatsoever, except available limits of liability for coverage of certain types of Claims under one or more Insurance Policies that may have been reduced by certain prepetition payments made by an Insurance Company to, or on behalf of, one or more of the Debtors.
- (iii) The Insys Liquidation Trust shall become liable for and shall satisfy, to the extent required under applicable law, any premiums, deductibles, self-insured retentions, and any other amounts arising in any way out of the receipt of any payment from any Insurance Company in respect of any ILT Assets in connection with any Allowed Non-PI General Unsecured Claims.
- (iv) The Insurance Rights Transfer is made to the maximum extent possible under applicable law.

- (v) The Insurance Rights Transfer is absolute and does not require any further action by the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, the Insys Liquidation Trust, the Bankruptcy Court, or any other Entity.
- (vi) The Insurance Rights Transfer shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the Bankruptcy Code and the other applicable laws governing the Insurance Policies.

(f) **Funding of ILT Operating Reserve.** On the Effective Date, the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors shall reserve from Available Cash the amount of \$1 million to initially fund the ILT Operating Reserve and the Liquidating Debtors shall assign and transfer the ILT Operating Reserve to the Insys Liquidation Trust to satisfy and pay ILT Operating Expenses. Periodically until the ILT Termination Date, the Liquidating Trustee will replenish the ILT Operating Reserve from Available Cash pursuant to Section 5.14 and from Surplus Reserved Cash pursuant to Section 5.15 to the extent deemed necessary by the Liquidating Trustee to satisfy and pay estimated future ILT Operating Expenses. A separate account will be established by the Liquidating Trustee for the ILT Operating Reserve.

(g) **ILT Operating Expenses.** The Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbiter, the ILT Board, and any other professionals engaged by the Insys Liquidation Trust shall be entitled to compensation and reimbursement of costs, expenses, and fees, as provided in the ILT Agreement, which may only be paid pursuant to the terms of this Plan. The Insys Liquidation Trust shall pay the ILT Operating Expenses.

(h) **Administrative Obligations and Assumption of Liabilities.** In furtherance of the purposes of the Insys Liquidation Trust, and subject to the ILT Agreement, the Insys Liquidation Trust shall expressly (i) assume all responsibility and liability for all (A) Non-PI General Unsecured Claims against the Debtors and the Liquidating Debtors, (B) all ILT Operating Expenses and (C) Administrative Expense Claims, Secured Claims, and Priority Claims against the Debtors and the Liquidating Debtors and (ii) undertake to administer and pay the foregoing with funds designated to (A) the ILT Recovery Fund, (B) the ILT Operating Reserve, and (C) the Priority Reserve, respectively. The Insys Liquidation Trust shall have all defenses, cross-claims, offsets, and recoupments regarding Claims that the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors have, or would have had, under applicable law and solely to the extent consistent with the ILT Agreement; *provided, however*, that no such claims, defenses, or rights may be asserted against the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors, or in contravention of the Plan Settlement.

(i) **ILT Claims Arbiter.**

- (i) The ILT Claims Arbiter will be selected by the Creditors' Committee upon consideration of lists of names provided by representatives of Class 5 and Class 6, and will be identified in the Plan Supplement. In accordance with the ILT Agreement, the ILT Claims Arbiter shall serve in such capacity through the earlier of (i) sixty (60) days after the Effective Date and (ii) the date such ILT Claims Arbiter resigns, is terminated, or is otherwise unable to serve for any reason.

- (ii) In furtherance of, and consistent with, the purpose of the Insys Liquidation Trust and this Plan, the ILT Claims Arbiter shall have the power and authority to determine the following issues: (1) the appropriate allocation of Estate Distributable Value in Class 5 on account of (a) the aggregate ERISA Group Claims (which may be determined to include all ERISA Health Plan Claims), (b) the aggregate amount of other Third Party Payor Claims, and (c) the aggregate Insurance Ratepayer Class Claims; and (2) the appropriate allocation of Estate Distributable Value in Class 6 on account of (a) the aggregate Hospital Class Claim and (b) the aggregate NAS Monitoring Class Claim (but not allocations among individuals whose claims are represented by such Class Claims). To reduce ILT Operating Expenses and promote efficiency, and subject to the terms of the ILT Agreement, the ILT Claims Arbiter will attempt in good faith to negotiate a consensual resolution regarding the foregoing allocations prior to making any determination, which determination shall be final and non-appealable. The procedures for submissions to the ILT Claims Arbiter will be filed with the Plan Supplement.
- (iii) The ILT Claims Arbiter will receive compensation of \$175,000 to cover all fees and expenses.

(j) **ILT Board.** The ILT Board will be comprised of five (5) members appointed to serve as the board of managers of the Insys Liquidation Trust. Three (3) such members shall be selected by the SMT Group Representatives and two (2) such members shall be selected by the Creditors' Committee, in each case by the Plan Supplement Filing Deadline; *provided, however*, that if either the SMT Group Representatives or the Creditors' Committee does not select the applicable number of ILT Board members by the Plan Supplement Filing Deadline, the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors, as applicable, may select the remaining members upon consultation with the SMT Group Representatives and the Creditors' Committee as applicable (if such parties elect to exercise such consultation rights). In all cases, the ILT Board members will be selected in good faith consultation with the Debtors. The ILT Board shall have general governance rights over the Insys Liquidation Trust in accordance with the ILT Agreement. The composition of the ILT Board will be set forth in the Plan Supplement. The ILT Board will be authorized to retain corporate counsel on such terms as the ILT Board deems appropriate without Bankruptcy Court approval, subject to the provisions of the ILT Agreement; *provided, however*, that the ILT Board may not retain as corporate counsel to the ILT Board any professional who represented any of the following in the Chapter 11 Cases: (i) any State; (ii) any of the SMT Group Representatives; (iii) the Creditors' Committee; or (iv) the Debtors; *provided, further*, that the ILT Board may retain such counsel notwithstanding any conflict with the express consent of the SMT Group Representatives and the Creditors' Committee.

(k) **Periodic Reporting.** The Liquidating Trustee shall provide periodic reporting to the ILT Board (which shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Court in summary form) of the determination and any re-determination, as applicable, of the total amounts allocated to the ILT Recovery Fund, the Priority Reserve, the Disputed Claims Reserves for Non-PI General Unsecured Claims, and the ILT Operating Reserve.

(l) **Institution and Maintenance of Legal and Other Proceedings.**

As of the date upon which the Insys Liquidation Trust is established, the Insys Liquidation Trust shall be empowered to initiate, prosecute, defend, and resolve all legal actions and other proceedings related to any asset, liability, or responsibility of the Insys Liquidation Trust. The Insys Liquidation Trust shall be empowered to initiate, prosecute, defend, and resolve all such actions in the name of the Debtors and the Liquidating Debtors if deemed necessary or appropriate by the Liquidating Trustee or the ILT Claims Arbiter. The Insys Liquidation Trust shall be responsible for the payment of all damages, awards, judgments, settlements, expenses, costs, fees, and other charges incurred subsequent to the date upon which the Insys Liquidation Trust is established arising from, or associated with, any legal action or other proceeding brought pursuant to this Section of the Plan and shall pay or reimburse all deductibles, retrospective premium adjustments, or other charges which may arise from the receipt of any Insurance Proceeds (other than any Products Liability Insurance Proceeds) by the Insys Liquidation Trust.⁴ For the avoidance of doubt, the Insys Liquidation Trust, pursuant to section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code and applicable state corporate law, is appointed as the successor-in-interest to, and representative of, the Debtors and their Estates for the retention, enforcement, settlement, or adjustment of all Claims, other than Personal Injury Claims.

(m) **Dissolution.** The Insys Liquidation Trust shall be dissolved and the Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbiter, and the ILT Board shall be discharged from their duties with respect to the Insys Liquidation Trust upon completion of their duties as set forth in this Plan and the ILT Agreement which, for the avoidance of doubt, shall be no earlier than the date on which (i) all Disputed Non-PI General Unsecured Claims have been resolved, (ii) all ILT Assets have been liquidated, and (iii) all Distributions from the Insys Liquidation Trust required to be made by the Liquidating Trustee under the Plan and the ILT Agreement have been made, unless dissolution on an earlier date is authorized pursuant to a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court. Upon dissolution of the Insys Liquidation Trust, any Cash remaining in the ILT Recovery Fund and the ILT Operating Reserve shall be distributed to holders of Allowed Non-PI General Unsecured Claims in accordance with the Plan Distribution Percentages and the allocations under Article IV and Section 5.3 of this Plan.

(n) **U.S. Federal Income Tax Treatment of Insys Liquidation Trust.** In furtherance of this Section of the Plan, and subject to the next two paragraphs of this Section, (i) the Insys Liquidation Trust shall be structured to qualify as a “liquidating trust” within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 301.7701-4(d) and in compliance with Revenue Procedure 94-45, 1994-2 C.B. 684 and, thus, as a “grantor trust” within the meaning of sections 671 through 679 of the Internal Revenue Code to the holders of beneficial interests in the Insys Liquidation Trust, consistent with the terms of the Plan; (ii) the sole purpose of the Insys Liquidation Trust shall be the liquidation and distribution of the ILT Assets in accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 301.7701-4(d), including the resolution of Claims (other than Personal Injury Claims) in accordance with this Plan, with no objective to continue or engage in the conduct of a trade or business; (iii) all parties (including the Debtors, their Estates, the Liquidating Debtors, holders of beneficial interests in the Insys Liquidation Trust, and the Liquidating Trustee) shall report consistently with such treatment (including the deemed receipt

⁴ For the avoidance of doubt, the Insys Liquidation Trust will not pay premiums for tail coverage of Insurance Policies related to directors’ and officers’ liability.

of the underlying assets, subject to applicable liabilities and obligations, by the holders of beneficial interests in the Insys Liquidation Trust, followed by the deemed transfer of such Assets to the Insys Liquidation Trust); (iv) all parties shall report consistently with the valuation of the ILT Assets transferred to the Insys Liquidation Trust as determined by the Liquidating Trustee (or its designee); (v) the Liquidating Trustee shall be responsible for filing returns for the Insys Liquidation Trust as a grantor trust pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.671-4(a); and (vi) the Liquidating Trustee shall annually send to each holder of beneficial interests in the Insys Liquidation Trust a separate statement regarding the receipts and expenditures of the Trust as relevant for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Subject to definitive guidance from the Internal Revenue Service or a court of competent jurisdiction to the contrary (including the receipt by the Liquidating Trustee of a private letter ruling if the Liquidating Trustee so requests one, or the receipt of an adverse determination by the Internal Revenue Service upon audit if not contested by the Liquidating Trustee), the Liquidating Trustee may timely elect to (i) treat any portion of the Insys Liquidation Trust allocable to, or retained on account of, Disputed Claims (*e.g.*, a Disputed Claims Reserve) as a “disputed ownership fund” governed by Treasury Regulation Section 1.468B-9 (and make any appropriate elections) and (ii) to the extent permitted by applicable law, report consistently with the foregoing for state and local income tax purposes. If a “disputed ownership fund” election is made, all parties (including the Debtors, their Estates, the Liquidating Debtors, holders of beneficial interests in the Insys Liquidation Trust, and the Liquidating Trustee) shall report, for United States federal, state, and local income tax purposes, consistently with the foregoing. As to any assets allocable to, or retained on account of, Disputed Claims, all distributions thereof shall be net of any costs and expenses, including taxes, relating to the retention or disposition (including a Distribution) of such assets, and the Liquidating Trustee shall be responsible for payment, out of such assets, of any taxes imposed on or with respect to such assets, and shall be permitted to sell any assets of the qualified settlement fund to the extent necessary to satisfy such tax liability (including any tax liability arising in connection with such sale). All parties (including, without limitation, the Debtors, their Estates, the Liquidating Debtors, the Insys Liquidation Trust, and the holders of beneficial interests in the Insys Liquidation Trust) will be required to report for tax purposes consistently with the foregoing.

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraphs, all or part of the Insys Liquidation Trust may be treated (now or in the future) as a “qualified settlement fund” within the meaning of, and as required by, Treasury Regulation Section 1.468B-1. If the Insys Liquidation Trust or any portion thereof is treated as a qualified settlement fund, it shall be treated consistently for state and local tax purposes, to the extent applicable. The Liquidating Trustee and all holders of beneficial interests in the Insys Liquidation Trust shall report consistently with the foregoing. The Liquidating Trustee shall be the “administrator,” within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 1.468B-2(k)(3), of such qualified settlement fund. The Liquidating Trustee shall be responsible for filing all tax returns of the qualified settlement fund and the payment, out of the assets of the qualified settlement fund, of any taxes due with respect to trust assets or otherwise imposed on the qualified settlement fund (including any tax liability arising in connection with the distribution of trust assets), and shall be permitted to sell any assets of the qualified settlement fund to the extent necessary to satisfy such tax liability (including any tax liability arising in connection with such sale).

(o) **Expedited Determination of Taxes.** The Liquidating Trustee may request an expedited determination of taxes under section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code for all tax returns filed by or on behalf of the Insys Liquidation Trust through the ILT Termination Date, and for all tax returns filed by or on behalf of the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors for all taxable periods of the Debtors and the Liquidating Debtors.

(p) **Exculpation of ILT Claims Arbiter and ILT Board.** The ILT Claims Arbiter and the ILT Board shall be exculpated (subject, in each case, to exceptions for willful misconduct, bad faith, gross negligence, or fraud) to the fullest extent allowable by applicable law with respect to the liquidation of the ILT Assets and administration of the Insys Liquidation Trust.

5.8 Victims Restitution Trust.

(a) **Establishment of Victims Restitution Trust.** On the Effective Date, the Debtors, or the Liquidating Debtors, and the Liquidating Trustee⁵ shall take all necessary steps to establish the Victims Restitution Trust for the benefit of holders of Allowed Personal Injury Claims and the States, Municipalities, and Tribes, including executing the VRT Agreement and the Trust Transfer Agreement, and all Privileges held by the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors shall transfer to, and vest exclusively in, the Trusts. This Section of the Plan sets forth certain of the rights, duties, and obligations of the VRT Board and the VRT Claims Administrator with respect to the Victims Restitution Trust. In the event of any conflict between the terms of the Plan and the terms of the VRT Agreement, the terms of the VRT Agreement shall govern.

(b) **Purpose of Victims Restitution Trust.** The Victims Restitution Trust shall be established for the purposes described in this Plan and any others more fully described in the VRT Agreement. The Victims Restitution Trust shall administer, process, resolve, and liquidate Personal Injury Claims, and make Distributions (from the designated funds therefor) to holders of Allowed Personal Injury Claims and to the ILT Recovery Fund to satisfy and pay Allowed State Claims and Allowed Municipality/Tribe Claims, subject to the terms of the VRT Agreement, this Plan, and the Confirmation Order. The Victims Restitution Trust shall be administered and implemented by the VRT Claims Administrator, and as otherwise provided and applicable, the Liquidating Trustee, with the oversight of the VRT Board as provided in the VRT Agreement; *provided, however*, that for the avoidance of doubt, the approval of the VRT Board shall be required to settle any dispute regarding the Products Liability Insurance Rights.

(c) **Products Liability Insurance Rights Transfer.** In furtherance of the purpose of the Victims Restitution Trust:

- (i) On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Debtors shall irrevocably transfer, grant, and assign to the Victims Restitution Trust, and the Victims Restitution Trust shall receive and accept, any and all of the Products Liability Insurance Rights. To the extent any Products Liability Insurance Company would otherwise be obligated to pay any

⁵ With respect to actions taken in this Section, the Liquidating Trustee is acting solely in its capacity as trustee of the Victims Restitution Trust.

Non-PI General Unsecured Claim on behalf of one or more of the Debtors, the Debtors shall transfer and assign to the Victims Restitution Trust the right to enforce such Products Liability Insurance Company's obligation.

- (ii) The Products Liability Insurance Rights Transfer is made free and clear of all Claims, Liens, encumbrances, or Causes of Action of any nature whatsoever, except available limits of liability for coverage of certain types of Claims under one or more Products Liability Insurance Policies that may have been reduced by certain prepetition payments made by a Products Liability Insurance Company to, or on behalf of, one or more of the Debtors.
- (iii) The Victims Restitution Trust shall become liable for and satisfy, to the extent required under applicable law, any premiums, deductibles, self-insured retentions, and any other amounts arising in any way out of the receipt of any payment from an Insurance Company in respect of the Products Liability Insurance Rights in connection with any Claim against the Debtors.
- (iv) The Products Liability Insurance Rights Transfer is made to the maximum extent possible under applicable law.
- (v) The Products Liability Insurance Rights Transfer is absolute and does not require any further action by the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, the Victims Restitution Trust, the Bankruptcy Court, or any other Entity.
- (vi) The Products Liability Insurance Rights Transfer shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the Bankruptcy Code and the other applicable laws governing the Products Liability Insurance Policies.
- (vii) Except as otherwise provided in (iii), above, and in Sections 5.10 and 8.7 hereof, such transfer of VRT Assets shall be free and clear of all Claims, Interests, Liens, other encumbrances, and liabilities of any kind.

(d) **Funding of VRT Operating Reserve.** On the Effective Date, the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors shall reserve from Available Cash the amount of \$1 million to fund the VRT Operating Reserve and the Liquidating Debtors shall assign and transfer VRT Operating Reserve to the Victims Restitution Trust to satisfy and pay VRT Operating Expenses. Such transfer shall be free and clear of all Claims, Interests, Liens, other encumbrances, and liabilities of any kind. A separate account will be established by the Liquidating Trustee for the VRT Operating Reserve. At the request of the Liquidating Trustee the VRT Board may determine, by affirmative vote of no fewer than three of the four VRT Board members, not including the VRT Claims Administrator or the Liquidating Trustee, to increase the VRT Operating Reserve by allowing the Liquidating Trustee to access Products Liability Insurance Proceeds for the purpose of paying additional VRT Operating Expenses.

(e) **VRT Operating Expenses.** The VRT Claims Administrator and the VRT Board shall be entitled to compensation as provided in the VRT Agreement. The Victims Restitution Trust shall pay all VRT Operating Expenses, including the costs, expenses, and fees of the VRT Claims Administrator, the VRT Board, and their retained professionals from the VRT Operating Reserve; *provided, however*, that all VRT Operating Expenses shall be capped at \$1 million, except as may be further approved by the VRT Board in accordance with section 5.8(d), *supra*. The Debtors and the Liquidating Debtors shall have no obligation to pay any VRT Operating Expenses.

(f) **Administrative Obligations and Assumption of Liabilities.** In furtherance of the purposes of the Victims Restitution Trust, and subject to the VRT Agreement, the Victims Restitution Trust shall expressly (i) assume all responsibility and liability for all (A) Personal Injury Claims against the Debtors and the Liquidating Debtors and (B) all VRT Operating Expenses (except as otherwise provided in the VRT Agreement), and (ii) undertake to administer and pay the foregoing with the funds designated to (A) the VRT Recovery Fund and (B) the VRT Operating Reserve, respectively. The Victims Restitution Trust shall have all defenses, cross-claims, offsets, and recoupments regarding Personal Injury Claims that the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors have, or would have had, under applicable law, but solely to the extent consistent with the VRT Agreement and this Plan; *provided, however*, that no such claims, defenses, or rights may be asserted against the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors.

(g) **Appointment of VRT Claims Administrator.** The VRT Claims Administrator will be selected prior to the Confirmation Hearing and identified in the Plan Supplement. The VRT Claims Administrator will be selected by the Plan Supplement Filing Deadline either (i) by mutual agreement between the Creditors' Committee and the SMT Group Representatives, or (ii) if the SMT Group Representatives object to the Plan, then by the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee from a list of potential candidates provided or to be provided by the Creditors' Committee; *provided, however*, that the VRT Claims Administrator shall be appointed no later than the Plan Supplement Filing Deadline. In accordance with the VRT Agreement, the VRT Claims Administrator shall serve in such capacity through the earlier of (i) the resolution, settlement, or disallowance of all Personal Injury Claims and (ii) the date such VRT Claims Administrator resigns, is terminated, or is otherwise unable to serve for any reason.

(h) **Role of VRT Claims Administrator.**

- (i) In furtherance of, and consistent with, the purpose of the Victims Restitution Trust and this Plan, the VRT Claims Administrator shall have the power and authority to determine the eligibility, amount, and allowance of Personal Injury Claims. The VRT Claims Administrator shall evaluate proofs of claim submitted by each holder of a Personal Injury Claim for determination of eligibility, amount, and allowance of such Claim in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Claims Analysis Protocol, to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court on or before the Plan Supplement Filing Deadline.
- (ii) The VRT Claims Administrator's determination of eligibility, amount, and allowance of each Personal Injury Claim shall be final and binding,

and shall not be subject to any challenge or review of any kind, by any court or other person or entity, except as set forth in the Claims Analysis Protocol. For the avoidance of doubt, the VRT Claims Administrator shall determine the eligibility, allowance, and amount of Claims based on the Claims Analysis Protocol. The eligibility, amount, and allowance of all Personal Injury Claims shall be determined on or before six (6) months following the date of any resolution between the Victims Restitution Trust and the Products Liability Insurance Companies.

(i) **Payment of Claims.** Personal Injury Claims will be administered and liquidated pursuant to the VRT Agreement. After Personal Injury Claims are Allowed by the VRT Claims Administrator, the Liquidating Trustee shall make Distributions to each holder of an Allowed Personal Injury Claim, and to the ILT Recovery Fund to make Distributions to holders of Allowed State Claims and Allowed Municipality/Tribe Claims, in accordance with the treatments set forth in this Plan, from available Products Liability Insurance Proceeds. Distributions of Products Liability Insurance Proceeds shall be the sole source of recovery for holders of Allowed Personal Injury Claims and no holder of a Personal Injury Claim shall have any further recourse from the Trust, the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, or their Estates.

(j) **VRT Board.** The VRT Board will be comprised of four (4) members appointed to serve as the board of managers of the Victims Restitution Trust. Two (2) such members shall be selected by the SMT Group Representatives and two (2) such members shall be selected by the Creditors' Committee; *provided, however*, that if either the SMT Group Representatives or the Creditors' Committee does not select the applicable number of VRT Board members in a reasonable time, the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors, as applicable, may select the remaining members. In all cases, the VRT Board members will be selected in good faith consultation with the Debtors. The VRT Board shall have general governance rights over the Victims Restitution Trust in accordance with the VRT Agreement and shall review and oversee any significant decision-making with respect to the prosecution and liquidation of the Products Liability Insurance Rights. The VRT Claims Administrator shall have the authority to break ties in VRT Board decisions, if and when necessary. The composition of the VRT Board will be set forth in the Plan Supplement. The VRT Board will be authorized to retain corporate counsel on such terms as the VRT Board deems appropriate without Bankruptcy Court approval, subject to the provisions of the VRT Agreement; *provided, however*, that the VRT Board may not retain as corporate counsel to the VRT Board any professional who represented any of the following in the Chapter 11 Cases: (i) any State; (ii) any of the SMT Group Representatives; (iii) the Creditors' Committee; or (iv) the Debtors; *provided, further*, that the VRT Board may retain such counsel notwithstanding any conflict with the express consent of the SMT Group Representatives and the Creditors' Committee.

(k) **Retention of Professionals by VRT Claims Administrator.** The VRT Claims Administrator may retain and reasonably compensate counsel and other professionals to assist in its duties as VRT Claims Administrator on such terms as the VRT Claims Administrator deems appropriate without Bankruptcy Court approval, subject to the provisions of the VRT Agreement, which shall provide that such professionals will be selected by the VRT Board by a majority vote. Other than corporate counsel for the VRT Claims Administrator, which shall not be a professional who represented parties in interest in the Chapter 11 Cases unless otherwise

agreed by the Creditors' Committee and the SMT Group Representatives prior to the Effective Date, and subject to the foregoing sentence, the VRT Claims Administrator may retain any professional, including any professional who represented parties in interest in the Chapter 11 Cases, on hourly or contingency fee bases. All fees and expenses incurred in connection with the foregoing, if not satisfied on a contingency basis, shall be payable from the VRT Operating Reserve, subject to the terms of the VRT Agreement.

(l) **Periodic Reporting.** The Liquidating Trustee shall provide periodic reporting to the VRT Board (which shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Court in summary form) of the determination and any re-determination, as applicable, of the total amounts allocated to the VRT Recovery Fund, the Disputed Claims Reserve for Personal Injury Claims, and the VRT Operating Reserve.

(m) **Institution and Maintenance of Legal and Other Proceedings.** As of the date upon which the Victims Restitution Trust is established, the Victims Restitution Trust shall be empowered to initiate, prosecute, defend, and resolve all legal actions and other proceedings related to any asset, liability, or responsibility of the Victims Restitution Trust. The Victims Restitution Trust shall be empowered to initiate, prosecute, defend, and resolve all such actions in the name of the Debtors and the Liquidating Debtors if deemed necessary or appropriate by the Liquidating Trustee or the VRT Claims Administrator. The Victims Restitution Trust shall be responsible for the payment of all damages, awards, judgments, settlements, expenses, costs, fees, and other charges incurred subsequent to the date upon which the Victims Restitution Trust is established arising from, or associated with, any legal action or other proceeding brought pursuant to this Section of the Plan and shall pay or reimburse all deductibles, retrospective premium adjustments, or other charges which may arise from the receipt of any Products Liability Insurance Proceeds by the Victims Restitution Trust. For the avoidance of doubt, the Victims Restitution Trust, pursuant to section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code and applicable state corporate law, is appointed as the successor-in-interest to, and representative of, the Debtors and their Estates for the retention, enforcement, settlement, or adjustment of all Personal Injury Claims.

(n) **Dissolution.** The Victims Restitution Trust shall be dissolved and the Liquidating Trustee, the VRT Claims Administrator, and the VRT Board shall be discharged from their duties with respect to the Victims Restitution Trust upon completion of their duties and the satisfaction of the purposes of the Victims Restitution Trust as set forth in this Plan and the VRT Agreement which, for the avoidance of doubt, shall be no earlier than the date on which (i) all Disputed Personal Injury Claims have been resolved, (ii) all VRT Assets have been liquidated, and (iii) all Distributions from the Victims Restitution Trust required to be made by the Liquidating Trustee under the Plan and the VRT Agreement have been made, unless dissolution on an earlier date is authorized pursuant to a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court. Upon dissolution of the Victims Restitution Trust, any Cash remaining in the VRT Recovery Fund and the VRT Operating Reserve shall be distributed to holders of Allowed Personal Injury Claims in each holder's Pro Rata share.

(o) **U.S. Federal Income Tax Treatment of Victims Restitution Trust.** The Victims Restitution Trust is intended to be treated, and shall be reported, as a "qualified settlement fund" for U.S. federal income tax purposes and shall be treated consistently for state and local tax purposes, to the extent applicable. The Liquidating Trustee and all holders of

beneficial interests in the Victims Restitution Trust shall report consistently with the foregoing. The Liquidating Trustee shall be the “administrator,” within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 1.468B-2(k)(3), of the Victims Restitution Trust. The Liquidating Trustee shall be responsible for filing all tax returns of the Victims Restitution Trust and the payment, out of the assets of the Victims Restitution Trust, of any taxes due with respect to VRT Assets or otherwise imposed on the Victims Restitution Trust (including any tax liability arising in connection with the distribution of VRT Assets), and shall be permitted to sell any assets of the Victims Restitution Trust to the extent necessary to satisfy such tax liability (including any tax liability arising in connection with such sale).

(p) **Expedited Determination of Taxes.** The Liquidating Trustee may request an expedited determination of taxes under section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code for all tax returns filed by or on behalf of the Victims Restitution Trust through the VRT Termination Date.

(q) **Exculpation of VRT Claims Administrator and VRT Board.** The VRT Claims Administrator and the VRT Board shall be exculpated (subject, in each case, to exceptions for willful misconduct, bad faith, gross negligence, or fraud) to the fullest extent allowable by applicable law with respect to the liquidation of the VRT Assets and administration of the Victims Restitution Trust.

5.9 Non-Transferability of Trust Interests.

Any and all Trust Interests, rights to receive a Distribution from the Trust, the Priority Reserve, the Trust Operating Reserves, or the Recovery Funds will not constitute “securities” and will not be registered pursuant to the Securities Act or any applicable state or local securities law. However, if it should be determined that any such interests constitute “securities,” the exemption provisions of section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code will be satisfied and the offer and sale under the Plan of the Trust Interests will be exempt from registration under the Securities Act, all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and all applicable state and local securities laws and regulations. Further, any and all Trust Interests, rights to receive a Distribution from the Trust, the Priority Reserve, the Trust Operating Reserves, or the Recovery Funds shall not be certificated, shall be non-transferable other than if transferred by will, intestate succession, or otherwise by operation of law, and shall be subject to certain other restrictions. Moreover, any and all Trust Interests shall not be listed for trading on any national securities exchange.

5.10 Insurance Neutrality.

(a) Nothing contained in this Plan, the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order (including any provision that purports to be preemptory or supervening) shall in any way operate to, or have the effect of, impairing, altering, supplementing, changing, expanding, decreasing, or modifying (i) the rights or obligations of any of the Insurance Companies arising out of or under any Insurance Policy or (ii) any rights or obligations of the Debtors arising out of or under any Insurance Policy. For all issues relating to insurance coverage, including all rights and obligations under the Insurance Policies, the provisions, terms, conditions, and limitations of the Insurance Policies shall control. For the avoidance of doubt, (i) none of the Debtors’ or any Insurance Company’s defenses, rights, and obligations with respect to the

coverage, denial of coverage, the proper court, forum or jurisdiction for any disputes regarding coverage or regarding the Insurance Companies' rights and obligations under the Insurance Policies (collectively, the "**Coverage Dispute**") shall be impaired or otherwise affected in any way; and (ii) nothing herein shall constitute a determination, consent to, or waiver of jurisdiction as to the Coverage Dispute.

(b) For the avoidance of doubt, nothing contained in this Plan, the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order shall operate to require any Insurance Company to indemnify or pay the liability of any Debtor or Liquidating Debtor that it would not have been required to pay in the absence of this Plan. Furthermore, nothing in this Plan, the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order shall operate to make either the Victims Restitution Trust or the Insys Liquidation Trust insureds under the Insurance Policies with respect to any action taken by the Victims Restitution Trust or the Insys Liquidation Trust. This subsection (b) in no way modifies, alters or limits the rights and/or obligations set forth in subsection (a), above.

(c) None of (i) the Bankruptcy Court's confirmation of the Plan or approval of the Plan Documents, (ii) the Confirmation Order or any findings and conclusions entered with respect to confirmation, nor (iii) any estimation or valuation of any Claims, either individually or in the aggregate in the Chapter 11 Cases shall, with respect to any Insurance Company, constitute a trial or hearing on the merits or an adjudication or judgment with respect to any Claim or Cause of Action.

5.11 Indemnification of Liquidating Trustee.

The Liquidating Trustee and the VRT Claims Administrator shall not be liable for actions taken or omitted in their capacity as, or on behalf of, the Liquidating Trustee or the VRT Claims Administrator, as applicable, the Trusts, or the Liquidating Debtors, except those acts found by Final Order to be arising out of its willful misconduct, bad faith, gross negligence, or fraud, and shall be entitled to indemnification and reimbursement for fees and expenses in defending any and all of its actions or inactions in its capacity as, or on behalf of, the Liquidating Trustee or the VRT Claims Administrator, as applicable, the Trusts, or the Liquidating Debtors, except for any actions or inactions found by Final Order to be arising out of its willful misconduct, bad faith, gross negligence, or fraud. Any valid indemnification claim of the Liquidating Trustee or the VRT Claims Administrator shall be satisfied from the ILT Operating Reserve.

5.12 Cooperation; Privilege; Transfer of Books and Records.

(a) To effectively investigate, prosecute, compromise, and/or settle the Insurance Rights, the Products Liability Insurance Rights, and Causes of Action on behalf of the Trusts, the Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbiter, the VRT Claims Administrator, and their counsel and representatives require full access to all documents and information relating to the Insurance Rights, the Products Liability Insurance Rights, and the Causes of Action in the possession of the Debtors and/or the Liquidating Debtors and must be able to obtain such information from the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors on a confidential basis and in common interest without being restricted by or waiving any applicable work product, attorney-client, or other Privilege. Accordingly, on or prior to the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee and Insys Therapeutics, Inc., on behalf of itself, the other Debtors, and the Liquidating Debtors, shall enter

into the Trust Transfer Agreement, which shall provide for the Liquidating Trustee's, the ILT Claims Arbitrator's, and the VRT Claims Administrator's full access to the Debtors' and the Liquidating Debtors' records and information including, without limitation, electronic records or documents, and for the Debtors and the Liquidating Debtors to transfer and assign, or cause to be transferred and assigned, to the Liquidating Trustee: (i) all of the books and records of the Debtors and the Liquidating Debtors, (ii) a copy of a database or other information as reasonably required to assist the Trusts in identifying the Non-PI General Unsecured Claims against the Insys Liquidation Trust or the Personal Injury Claims against the Victims Restitution Trust, (iii) copies of all Insurance Policies, (iv) information relating to all Claims previously noticed, tendered, or submitted under the Insurance Policies or paid by any Insurance Company, and (v) any other information necessary to operate the Trusts and preserve, secure, or obtain the benefit of the Insurance Rights. The Trust Transfer Agreement shall also provide that as of the Effective Date, all Privileges held by the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors (including the board of directors or any committee of the board of directors of any of the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors) in connection with such documents or information shall transfer to, and vest exclusively in, the Trusts. If, at any time after the Effective Date, the Debtors discover the existence of an Insurance Policy that provides or may provide coverage for General Unsecured Claims, the Entity discovering such policy or evidence of the existence of such policy shall promptly inform the Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbitrator, and the VRT Claims Administrator. On the date(s) upon which each Trust is established or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, the Liquidating Trustee shall transfer and assign, or cause to be transferred and assigned, to the ILT Claims Arbitrator, and the VRT Claims Administrator, the documents and information included in the foregoing clauses (i) through (v).

(b) The transfer or assignment of information to the Liquidating Trustee in accordance with this Section of this Plan shall not result in the destruction or waiver of any applicable Privileges. Further, with respect to any Privileges: (i) they are transferred to the Liquidating Trustee to perform its duties to administer the Trusts and for no other reason, (ii) they are vested in the Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbitrator, and the VRT Claims Administrator, or the Trusts, and not in the Trust Boards or any other Person, committee, or subcomponent of the Trusts, or any other Person (including counsel and other professionals) who has been engaged by, represents, or has represented any holder of a Claim or any Person that alleges or may allege a Claim, directly or indirectly, relating to, or arising from, the Debtors' Products or operations, (iii) they shall be preserved and not waived (except as the Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbitrator, the VRT Claims Administrator, or either Trust, as applicable, may elect to waive such Privileges held by that particular Person or Entity), (iv) for the avoidance of doubt, any such transfer shall have no effect on any right, Claim, or Privilege of any Person other than the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors (including the board of directors or any committee of the board of directors of any of the Debtors or Liquidating Debtors), and (v) no information subject to a Privilege shall be publicly disclosed by the Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbitrator, the VRT Claims Administrator, or the Trusts or communicated to any Person not entitled to receive such information or in a manner that would diminish the protected status of any such information, except following a waiver of such Privilege pursuant to (iii) above. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this Plan or any order of the Bankruptcy Court shall prevent a waiver by the Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbitrator, or the VRT Claims Administrator of Privileges to the extent held by that particular Person or Entity, and the waiver of Privileges shall not affect the releases or exculpation provided under this Plan to such Person or Persons. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing herein

shall preclude the Liquidating Trustee or, if applicable, the VRT Claims Administrator, from providing information received pursuant to this Section to any applicable Insurance Company as necessary to preserve, secure, or obtain the benefit of the applicable Insurance Rights.

5.13 Releases of Liabilities to Holders of Claims.

Except as provided in this Plan, the transfer to, vesting in, and assumption by the Trusts of the Trust Assets as contemplated by this Plan shall, as of the date of such transfer and assumption, bar recovery or any action against the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, and the Debtors' estates, affiliates, and subsidiaries, for, or with respect to, all Claims. The Trusts shall, as of the date(s) upon which each Trust is established, assume sole and exclusive responsibility and liability for all Claims against the Debtors and the Liquidating Debtors, and such Claims shall be liquidated, resolved, or paid by the Trusts from the Recovery Funds or Trust Operating Reserves, as applicable.

5.14 Available Cash.

(a) **Available Cash on Effective Date.** On the Effective Date, Cash held by the Debtors shall be allocated to: (i) the Professional Fee Escrow Account in an amount necessary to satisfy Professional Fee Claims in accordance with Section 2.4 of this Plan; (ii) the Priority Reserve to the extent necessary to satisfy estimated Allowed (a) Administrative Expense Claims, (b) Secured Claims, and (c) Priority Claims; (iii) the ILT Operating Reserve and the VRT Operating Reserve in the amounts set forth in Sections 5.7(f) and 5.8(d) of this Plan to cover the respective Trust Operating Expenses; and (iv) holders of Allowed Convenience Class Claims in Class 3 in the amounts necessary to pay ten percent (10%) of each such holder's Allowed Convenience Class Claim.

(b) **Available Cash after Effective Date.** Any remaining Cash following the Distributions described in the foregoing subsection (a) shall be allocated to the ILT Recovery Fund as Estate Distributable Value and made available for Distribution to holders of Allowed Non-PI General Unsecured Claims. Any funds that become Available Cash after the Effective Date shall be allocated to (i) first, the ILT Operating Reserve to the extent necessary to satisfy estimated ILT Operating Expenses, and (ii) second, the ILT Recovery Fund to become Estate Distributable Value and made available for Distribution to holders of Allowed Non-PI General Unsecured Claims.

5.15 Surplus Reserved Cash.

(a) **Surplus Reserved Cash from Priority Reserve.** The Liquidating Trustee shall determine, on each six-month anniversary of the Effective Date, whether the amounts available in the Priority Reserve are in excess of the amount necessary to satisfy the purpose for which such reserve was established. If the Liquidating Trustee determines that, in the discretion of the Liquidating Trustee, a surplus exists in the Priority Reserve as of the date of such determination, such Surplus Reserved Cash shall (i) first, be allocated to the ILT Operating Reserve to the extent such reserve is insufficiently funded to satisfy the purpose for which such reserve was established, with such allocation of Surplus Reserved Cash to be in the discretion of the Liquidating Trustee in consultation with the VRT Claims Administrator, and (ii) second,

become Available Cash and be deposited into the ILT Recovery Fund. Following the dissolution of the Priority Reserve, any Cash that was held in the Priority Reserve shall be deemed Available Cash and be allocated in accordance with Section 5.14 of this Plan.

(b) **Surplus Reserved Cash from Trust Operating Reserves.** Prior to the dissolution of the Insys Liquidation Trust and the Victims Restitution Trust, the Liquidating Trustee shall determine, on each six (6) month anniversary of the Effective Date, whether the amounts available in the Trust Operating Reserves are in excess of the amounts necessary to satisfy the purpose for which such reserves were established. If the Liquidating Trustee, in consultation with the VRT Claims Administrator, determines that a surplus exists in either Trust Operating Reserve as of the date of such determination, such Surplus Reserved Cash shall be allocated (i) first, to the Priority Reserve to the extent such reserve is insufficiently funded to satisfy the purpose for which such reserve was established, with such allocation of Surplus Reserved Cash to be in the discretion of the Liquidating Trustee, and (ii) second, contributed to the ILT Recovery Fund (if the surplus relates to the Insys Liquidation Trust) or to the VRT Recovery Fund (if the surplus relates to the Victims Restitution Trust).

5.16 Charters; By-Laws.

To the extent necessary or appropriate, the charters, by-laws, and other organizational documents of the Debtors shall be amended, or amended and restated as necessary, in a manner consistent with section 1123(a)(6) of the Bankruptcy Code, if applicable, and the terms of this Plan.

5.17 Merger; Dissolution; Consolidation.

On or after the date(s) upon which the Trusts are established, the Liquidating Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee may, subject to the terms of the Plan and the Liquidating Debtors' Organizational Documents, cause any or all of the Liquidating Debtors to be merged into one or more of the Liquidating Debtors, dissolved, or otherwise consolidated, and engage in any other transaction in furtherance of the Plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, on the Dissolution Date (which is to be no later than thirty (30) days after completion of the acts required of the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors by Article V of this Plan, or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter), each Liquidating Debtor shall be deemed dissolved for all purposes without the necessity for any other or further actions to be taken by or on behalf of each Liquidating Debtor; *provided, however*, that each Liquidating Debtor, or the Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, shall file with the office of the Secretary of State, or other appropriate office for the state of its organization, a certificate of cancellation or dissolution. Upon the liquidation and dissolution of any Liquidating Debtor, any proceeds thereof shall be treated as Available Cash and allocated in accordance with Section 5.14.

5.18 Closing of Chapter 11 Cases.

After a Debtor's Estate has been fully administered, the Liquidating Trustee shall seek authority from the Bankruptcy Court to close the applicable Chapter 11 Case in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules.

5.19 Equitable Subordination under Bankruptcy Code 510(c).

The Plan will be deemed to constitute a motion to equitably subordinate, under Section 510(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, to the extent such Claims are not Disallowed, the 510(c) Subordinated Claims, being those of those Persons who engaged in, or aided and abetted, or whose claim arises from (including Claims arising from representing any individual who engaged in), any act or omission that constitutes criminal conduct, fraud, willful misconduct, or other wrongful or inequitable conduct in connection with the sale, distribution, and marketing of SUBSYS® (or on behalf of such persons, including Claims for indemnification, repayment or advancement of fees and expenses, including legal defense fees and expenses). The Confirmation Order shall contain findings supporting the conclusions providing for equitable subordination of such Claims for the purposes of Distribution on the terms set forth in Section 4.11 of this Plan. Subject to the Solicitation Procedures Order, each holder of a 510(c) Subordinated Claim shall be provided a notice informing each such holder of the proposed treatment under the Plan of his or her Claim and affording him or her the opportunity to object to such treatment or to the classification of his or her Claim as a 510(c) Subordinated Claim.

ARTICLE VI DISTRIBUTIONS.

6.1 Distributions Generally.

The Disbursing Agent shall make all Distributions to the appropriate holders of Allowed Claims and in accordance with the terms of this Plan. Except as otherwise provided herein, Distributions under this Plan shall be made only to the holders of Allowed Claims.

6.2 Distributions on the Effective Date or as Soon as Reasonably Practicable Thereafter.

The Disbursing Agent shall make Distributions, as applicable, on the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, of Cash on the Effective Date:

(a) to holders of (i) Allowed Administrative Expense Claims, including Professional Fee Claims, (ii) Allowed Secured Claims, and (iii) Allowed Priority Claims, each to the extent Allowed as of the Effective Date;

(b) to holders of Allowed Convenience Class Claims in accordance with Sections 4.3 and 5.14 of this Plan; and

(c) to reserves or escrow accounts as necessary to fund the Priority Reserve, the Professional Fee Escrow Account (including the transfer of the funds held in the escrow account established pursuant to Paragraph 4 of the Interim Compensation Order as described in Section 2.4 of this Plan), and the Trust Operating Reserves.

6.3 Periodic Distributions from Recovery Funds to Holders of Allowed Claims.

The Disbursing Agent shall make periodic Distributions, as applicable:

(a) of Cash in the Priority Reserve to holders of (i) Allowed Administrative Expense Claims, including Professional Fee Claims, (ii) Allowed Secured Claims, and (iii) Allowed Priority Claims;

(b) of Cash in the ILT Operating Reserve to pay ILT Operating Expenses;

(c) of Cash in the VRT Operating Reserve to pay VRT Operating Expenses;

(d) on the Periodic Distribution Dates, of Cash in the ILT Recovery Fund on account of Non-PI General Unsecured Claims in accordance with Sections 4.4 through 4.8 of this Plan (net of any costs and expenses, including taxes, of the ILT Recovery Fund); *provided, however*, that any Products Liability Insurance Proceeds in the ILT Recovery Fund shall be designated solely for holders of Allowed State Claims and Allowed Municipality/Tribe Claims, and upon an agreement reached pursuant to Section 4.8(c)(i) of this Plan to Municipality/Tribe Claims, and distributed pursuant to Section 4.8(c) of this Plan;

(e) on the Periodic Distribution Dates, of (i) Products Liability Insurance Proceeds in the VRT Recovery Fund to holders of Allowed Personal Injury Claims and to the ILT Recovery Fund (designated solely for Distribution to holders of Allowed State Claims and Allowed Municipality/Tribe Claims, and upon an agreement reached pursuant to Section 4.8(c)(i) of this Plan to Municipality/Tribe Claims), on the Pro Rata bases set forth in Sections 4.8(a) and 4.9(a) of this Plan and (ii) after all Allowed Claims in Class 9 have been paid in full, any remaining Products Liability Insurance Proceeds in the VRT Recovery Fund to the ILT Recovery Fund for the benefit of holders of Allowed State Claims and Allowed Municipality/Tribe Claims and upon an agreement reached pursuant to Section 4.8(c)(i) of this Plan to Municipality/Tribe Claims, in accordance with Section 4.8(a) herein; and

(f) of Available Cash on account of Allowed Convenience Class Claims, if necessary, in accordance with Section 4.3(a) of this Plan.

6.4 Periodic Distributions to Disputed Claims Reserves.

From and after the date(s) upon which each Trust is established or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, and until such time as all Disputed Claims have been compromised and settled or determined by a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, the applicable Liquidating Trustee shall, consistent with and subject to section 1123(a)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code, with respect to each Class of General Unsecured Claims, retain from the applicable Recovery Fund an aggregate amount equal to the Pro Rata share of each Distribution that would have been made to holders of Disputed Claims in each applicable Class and allocate such amount to the Disputed Claims Reserve for each applicable Class as if such Disputed Claims were Allowed Claims, for each Claim in an amount equal to the least of (i) the filed amount of such Disputed Claim, (ii) the amount determined by a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court for purposes of fixing the amount to be retained for such Disputed Claim, and (iii) such other amount as may be agreed upon by the holder of such Disputed Claim and the Liquidating Trustee.

6.5 Periodic Distributions from Disputed Claims Reserves.

The Liquidating Trustee shall make distributions on the Periodic Distribution Dates from the Disputed Claims Reserves to the applicable Recovery Fund for holders of Allowed Claims against such Recovery Fund to the extent that, as a result of resolving Disputed Claims, the funds in such Disputed Claims Reserve are greater than the total amounts required for such Disputed Claims Reserves pursuant to Section 6.4 of this Plan. The Liquidating Trustee shall make Distributions on the Periodic Distribution Dates from the applicable Recovery Fund to the holders of Allowed Claims in accordance with Article IV of this Plan.

6.6 Date of Distributions.

In the event that any payment or act under the Plan is required to be made or performed on a date that is not a Business Day, then the making of such payment or the performance of such act may be completed on the next succeeding Business Day, but shall be deemed to have been completed as of the required date.

6.7 Disbursing Agent.

All Distributions under the Plan by the Insys Liquidation Trust or the Victims Restitution Trust shall be made by the Disbursing Agent on and after the Effective Date as provided herein. The Disbursing Agent shall be deemed to hold all property to be distributed under this Plan in trust for the Persons entitled to receive the same. The Disbursing Agent shall not hold an economic or beneficial interest in the property to be distributed under this Plan. The Disbursing Agent shall not be required to give any bond or surety or other security for the performance of its duties.

6.8 Rights and Powers of Disbursing Agent.

The Disbursing Agent shall be empowered to (i) effect all actions and execute all agreements, instruments, and other documents necessary to perform its duties under the Plan, (ii) make all Distributions contemplated by the Plan, (iii) employ professionals to represent it with respect to its responsibilities, and (iv) exercise such other powers as may be vested in the Disbursing Agent by order of the Bankruptcy Court, pursuant to the Plan or as deemed by the Disbursing Agent to be necessary and proper to implement the provisions of the Plan.

The Disbursing Agent shall only be required to act and make Distributions in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the applicable Trust Agreement and shall have no liability for actions taken in accordance with the Plan and the applicable Trust Agreement or in reliance upon information provided to it in accordance with the Plan or obligation or liability for Distributions under the Plan to any party who does not hold an Allowed Claim at the time of Distribution or who does not otherwise comply with the terms of the Plan; *provided, however*, that the foregoing shall not affect the liability that otherwise would result from any such act or omission to the extent such act or omission is determined by a Final Order to have constituted willful misconduct, gross negligence, intentional fraud, or criminal conduct of any such Person.

6.9 Expenses of Disbursing Agent.

Except as otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, any reasonable fees and expenses incurred by the Disbursing Agent on or after the Effective Date shall be paid in Cash by the Insys Liquidation Trust from the ILT Operating Reserve.

6.10 Delivery of Distributions.

Subject to Bankruptcy Rule 9010, all distributions to any holder of an Allowed Claim shall be made at the address of such holder (i) as set forth on the Schedules filed with the Bankruptcy Court, (ii) on the books and records of the Debtors or their agents, as applicable, unless the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee has been notified in writing of a change of address, including, without limitation, by filing of a proof of Claim by such holder that contains an address for such holder that is different than the address of such holder as set forth in the Schedules, or (iii) as applicable, as set forth in an agreement under Section 4.8(c)(i) of this Plan.

6.11 Undeliverable and Unclaimed Distributions.

In the event that any Distribution to any holder of an Allowed Claim is returned as undeliverable, no distribution to such holder shall be made unless and until the Disbursing Agent has been notified of the then-current address of such holder, at which time or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter such distribution shall be made to such holder without interest; *provided, however*, that all Distributions under the Plan that are unclaimed for a period of six (6) months after the Distribution thereof shall be deemed unclaimed property under section 347(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and revert in either the Insys Liquidation Trust or the Victims Restitution Trust, as applicable, and any entitlement of any holder of any Claims to such Distributions shall be extinguished and forever barred.

6.12 Distribution Record Date.

As of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date, the Claims register shall be closed. The Liquidating Trustee shall have no obligation to recognize any transfer of any such Claims occurring after the close of business on the Distribution Record Date and shall instead be entitled to recognize and deal, for all purposes under the Plan, with only those holders of record as of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date.

6.13 Manner of Payment under Plan.

At the option of the Disbursing Agent, any Cash payment to be made pursuant to the Plan may be made by a check or wire transfer or as otherwise required or provided in the applicable Trust Agreement.

6.14 Minimum Cash Distributions.

The Disbursing Agent shall not be required to make any Distributions of Cash less than \$100, or such lower amount as determined by the Disbursing Agent in accordance with the applicable Trust Agreement, to any holder of an Allowed Claim; *provided, however*, that if any Distribution is not made pursuant to this Section, such Distribution shall be added to any

subsequent Distribution to be made on behalf of the holder's Allowed Claims. The Disbursing Agent shall not be required to make any final Distribution of Cash less than \$25 to any holder of an Allowed Claim. If the amount of any final Distribution to any holder of Allowed Claims would be \$25 or less, then such Distribution shall be made available for distribution to all holders of Allowed Claims receiving final Distributions of at least \$25.

6.15 Setoffs and Recoupment.

Subject to Section 2.2 and Sections 10.4 through 10.7 of the Plan, the Liquidating Trustee may, but shall not be required to, setoff against, or recoup from, any Claim and from any payments to be made pursuant to the Plan with respect to such Claim any claims of any nature whatsoever (to the extent permitted by applicable law) that the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors may have against the claimant, but neither the failure to do so nor the allowance of any Claim hereunder shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, or the Liquidating Trustee of any such Claim it may have against such claimant.

6.16 Distributions after Effective Date.

Distributions made after the Effective Date to holders of Disputed Claims that are not Allowed Claims as of the Effective Date, but which later become Allowed Claims, or upon an agreement reached pursuant to Section 4.8(c)(i) of this Plan, shall be deemed to have been made on the Effective Date.

6.17 Interest and Penalties on Claims.

Unless otherwise provided for in the Plan, the Confirmation Order, or required by applicable bankruptcy law, no holder of a Claim shall be entitled to interest accruing on or after the Petition Date or penalties on any Claim. Any such interest or penalty component of any such Claims, if Allowed, shall be paid only in accordance with section 726(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

6.18 Allocation of Distributions between Principal and Interest.

Except as otherwise required by law (as reasonably determined by the Liquidating Trustee), distributions with respect to any Allowed Claims shall be allocated first to the principal amount of such Allowed Claims (as determined for U.S. federal income tax purposes) and, thereafter, to the remaining portion of such Allowed Claim, if any.

6.19 No Distribution in Excess of Amount of Allowed Claim.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Plan, no holder of an Allowed Claim shall receive, on account of such Allowed Claim, Distributions in excess of the Allowed amount of such Claim when combined with amounts received by such holders from other sources.

6.20 Satisfaction of Claims.

Unless otherwise provided herein, the Distributions and deliveries to be made on account of Allowed Claims under this Plan shall, in the aggregate, be in complete and final satisfaction, settlement, and discharge of, and exchange for, such Allowed Claims.

6.21 Withholding and Reporting Requirements.

(a) **Withholding Rights.** In connection with the Plan, and all instruments or Interests issued in connection therewith and in consideration thereof, any party issuing any instrument or making any distribution described in the Plan shall comply with all applicable withholding and reporting requirements imposed by any federal, state, or local taxing authority, and all distributions pursuant to the Plan and all related agreements shall be subject to any such withholding or reporting requirements. In the case of a non-Cash distribution that is subject to withholding, the distributing party may withhold an appropriate portion of such distributed property and either (i) sell such withheld property to generate Cash necessary to pay over the withholding tax (or reimburse the distributing party for any advance payment of the withholding tax), or (ii) pay the withholding tax using its own funds and retain such withheld property. Any amounts withheld pursuant to the preceding sentence shall be deemed to have been distributed to, and received by, the applicable recipient for all purposes of the Plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, each holder of an Allowed Claim or any other Person that receives a distribution pursuant to the Plan shall have responsibility for any taxes imposed by any Governmental Unit, including, without limitation, income, withholding, and other taxes, on account of such distribution. In the event that any party issues any instrument or makes any non-Cash distribution pursuant to the Plan that is subject to withholding tax and such issuing or distributing party has not sold such withheld property to generate Cash to pay the withholding tax, or paid the withholding tax using its own funds and retains such withheld property as described above, such issuing or distributing party has the right, but not the obligation, to not make a distribution until such holder has made arrangements reasonably satisfactory to such issuing or disbursing party for payment of any such tax obligations.

(b) **Forms.** Any party entitled to receive any property as an issuance or Distribution under the Plan shall, upon request, deliver to the Disbursing Agent or such other Person designated by the Liquidating Debtors, the Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbiter, or the VRT Claims Administrator (which Person shall subsequently deliver to the Disbursing Agent or such other Person any applicable IRS Form W-8 or Form W-9 received) an appropriate Form W-9 or Form W-8, as applicable, and any other forms or documents reasonably requested by the Liquidating Debtors, the Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbiter, or the VRT Claims Administrator to reduce or eliminate any withholding required by any federal, state, or local taxing authority. If any such request is made by the Liquidating Debtors, the Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbiter, or the VRT Claims Administrator, the Disbursing Agent, or such other Person designated by the Liquidating Debtors, the Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbiter, or the VRT Administrator, and the holder fails to comply before the date that is three hundred sixty-five (365) calendar days after the request is made, the amount of such Distribution shall irrevocably revert to the applicable Trust and any Claim with respect to such Distribution shall be discharged and forever barred from assertion against the applicable Trust or its property.

(c) **Obligation.** Notwithstanding the above, each holder of an Allowed Claim that is to receive a Distribution under this Plan shall have the sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any tax obligations imposed on such holder by any Governmental Unit, including income, withholding, and other tax obligations, on account of such distribution.

ARTICLE VII PROCEDURES FOR DISPUTED CLAIMS.

7.1 Claim Objections.

On or after the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided herein and in the Plan Supplement, objections to Claims against the Debtors may be interposed and prosecuted only by the Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbiter, or the VRT Claims Administrator, as applicable. Except as otherwise provided in Section 2.2 of this Plan with respect to Administrative Expense Claims, any objections to Claims shall be served on the respective Claim holder and filed with the Bankruptcy Court (i) on or before one-hundred eighty (180) days following the later of (a) the Effective Date and (b) the date that a proof of Claim is filed or amended or a Claim is otherwise asserted or amended in writing by or on behalf of a holder of such Claim, or (ii) on such later date as may be fixed by the Bankruptcy Court.

7.2 No Distribution Pending Allowance.

Notwithstanding any other provision in the Plan, if any portion of a Claim is Disputed, no payment or Distribution provided under the Plan shall be made on account of such Claim unless and until such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.

7.3 Estimation of Claims.

The Liquidating Trustee may, at any time, request that the Bankruptcy Court estimate, pursuant to section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, any Disputed Claim, other than a Personal Injury Claim or a Claim subject to determination by the ILT Claims Arbiter, that the Bankruptcy Court has jurisdiction to estimate in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code or other applicable law regardless of whether an objection was previously filed with the Bankruptcy Court with respect to such Claim, or whether the Bankruptcy Court has ruled on any such objection, and the Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction to estimate any Claim at any time during litigation concerning any objection to any Claim, including during the pendency of any appeal relating to any such objection. If the Bankruptcy Court estimates a Disputed Claim, that estimated amount shall constitute either the Allowed amount of such Claim, the amount used to determine the Disputed Claims Reserve, or a maximum limitation on such Claim, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court. If the estimated amount constitutes a maximum limitation on such Claim, the Liquidating Trustee may elect to pursue any supplemental proceeding to object to any ultimate Distribution on account of such Claim.

7.4 Distribution after Allowance.

On the first Distribution Date following the date on which a Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim against a Debtor, the Disbursing Agent shall remit to the respective Recovery Fund, for Distribution to the holder of such Allowed Claim, the Cash or Cash equivalents

retained in the applicable Disputed Claims Reserve in an amount equal to the amount that would have been distributed to the holder of such Claim from the Effective Date through and including the Distribution Date had such Claim been Allowed as of the Effective Date (net of any costs and expenses, including taxes, of the applicable Disputed Claims Reserve).

7.5 Resolution of Claims.

Except as expressly provided herein or in any order entered in the Chapter 11 Cases before the Effective Date, including the Confirmation Order, the Trusts, Liquidating Trustee, the ILT Claims Arbiter, and the VRT Claims Administrator (on or after the date(s) upon which each Trust is established) shall have and retain any and all rights and defenses held by the Debtors with respect to any Claim as of the Petition Date. On and after the date(s) upon which the Trusts are established, in accordance with the Plan and the Trust Agreements, the Liquidating Trustee shall have the authority to compromise, settle, otherwise resolve, or withdraw any objections to Claims (other than Personal Injury Claims) against the Debtors and the Liquidating Debtors and to compromise, settle, or otherwise resolve any Disputed Claims (other than Personal Injury Claims) without approval of the Bankruptcy Court. The VRT Claims Administrator shall have the sole authority to resolve Personal Injury Claims in accordance with the Claims Analysis Protocol, without approval of the Bankruptcy Court. If the Liquidating Trustee and a holder of a Disputed Claim are unable to reach a settlement on the Disputed Claim, such Disputed Claim shall be submitted to the Bankruptcy Court for resolution. If any holder of a Personal Injury Claim disputes the decision made by the VRT Claims Administrator with respect to the allowance of its Claim, such holder shall have thirty (30) days to submit any new facts, information, or evidence to the VRT Claims Administrator, and the VRT Claims Administrator shall consider any such new facts, information, or evidence, after which the VRT Claims Administrator will make a final determination, which shall be binding.

7.6 Property Held in Disputed Claims Reserves.

Each holder of a Disputed Claim that ultimately becomes an Allowed Claim shall have recourse only to the undistributed applicable Available Cash held in the Disputed Claims Reserves for satisfaction of the Distributions to which holders of Allowed Claims are entitled under the Plan (net of any costs and expenses, including taxes, of the applicable Disputed Claims Reserve), and not against the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, their property (including reserves), or any assets previously distributed on account of any Allowed Claim.

7.7 Claims Resolution Procedures Cumulative.

All of the objection, estimation, settlement, and resolution procedures set forth in this Plan are intended to be cumulative and not exclusive of one another. Claims may be established and subsequently settled, compromised, withdrawn, or resolved in accordance with this Plan by any mechanism approved by the Bankruptcy Court.

7.8 No Postpetition Interest.

Unless otherwise specifically provided for in the Plan, the Confirmation Order, or required by applicable bankruptcy law, postpetition interest shall not accrue or be paid on any Claims, and no holder of a Claim shall be entitled to interest accruing on or after the Petition

Date on any Claim. Interest shall not accrue or be paid upon any Disputed Claim with respect to the period from the Effective Date to the date a Distribution is made thereon, on and after such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.

ARTICLE VIII EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES.

8.1 Assumption and Rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases.

(a) As of and subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, each executory contract and unexpired lease of the Debtors not previously assumed, rejected, or assumed and assigned by the Debtors during the Chapter 11 Cases shall be deemed automatically rejected pursuant to sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code, unless such executory contract or unexpired lease (i) is listed on the Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts or (ii) as of the Effective Date is subject to a pending motion to assume, reject, or assume and assign such executory contract or unexpired lease.

(b) Subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, the payment of any applicable Cure Amount, and the resolution of any Cure Dispute, the entry of the Confirmation Order by the Bankruptcy Court shall constitute approval of the rejections, assumptions, and assignments provided for in the Solicitation Procedures Order and in this Plan pursuant to sections 365(a) and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code. Unless otherwise indicated or provided in a separate order of the Bankruptcy Court, rejections or assumptions or assumptions and assignments of executory contracts and unexpired leases pursuant to the Solicitation Procedures Order and this Plan are effective as of the Effective Date. Each executory contract and unexpired lease assumed pursuant to this Plan or by order of the Bankruptcy Court shall be assigned to a Trust on the date such Trust is established or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, and shall vest in, and be fully enforceable by, the applicable Trust in accordance with its terms, except as modified by the provisions of this Plan, any order of the Bankruptcy Court authorizing and providing for its assumption, or applicable law.

(c) Unless otherwise provided herein or by separate order of the Bankruptcy Court, each executory contract and unexpired lease that is assumed or assumed and assigned shall include any and all modifications, amendments, supplements, restatements, or other agreements made directly or indirectly by any agreement, instrument, or other document that in any manner affects such executory contract or unexpired lease, without regard to whether such agreement, instrument, or other document is listed in the Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts.

(d) Except as otherwise expressly set forth on the Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts, any contracts, engagement letters, retention agreements, and similar arrangements, in each case between the Debtors and any attorneys, accountants, financial advisors, investment bankers, or similar professionals, representatives, or advisors, have not been included on the Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts and shall not be treated under the Plan as executory contracts subject to assumption, assumption and assignment, or rejection. Counterparties to any such contracts, engagement letters, retention agreements, and similar arrangements were required to file proofs of claim by the General Bar Date (as defined in the Bar

Date Order) and any Allowed Claims relating thereto shall be treated as Allowed Trade and Other Unsecured Claims in Class 4.

8.2 Determination of Cure Disputes and Deemed Consent.

(a) The Debtors shall serve on all required parties, in accordance with the Solicitation Procedures Order, notices of assumption and assignment of the Assumed and Assigned Contracts, and shall file the Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts with the Plan Supplement. Such notices and the Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts shall set forth the associated Cure Claim for such contract proposed by the Debtors.

(b) Any counterparty to an executory contract or unexpired lease shall have the time prescribed by the Solicitation Procedures Order to object to the Cure Claims listed on the notice and to adequate assurance of future performance by the applicable Trust.

(c) To the extent a Cure Dispute is asserted in an objection filed in accordance with the Solicitation Procedures Order, such Cure Dispute shall be scheduled for a hearing by the Bankruptcy Court. Following resolution of a Cure Dispute by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, the applicable contract or lease shall be deemed assumed effective as of the Effective Date; *provided, however*, that if any Claim subject to a Cure Dispute is Allowed in an amount greater than the Cure Amount for such Claim listed on the Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts, the Debtors reserve the right to reject such executory contract or unexpired lease for a period of seven (7) Business Days following entry of a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court resolving the applicable Cure Dispute by filing a notice indicating such rejection with the Bankruptcy Court.

(d) To the extent any Cure Dispute with respect to an Assumed and Assigned Contract has not been resolved prior to the Effective Date, the Debtors shall establish the Disputed Cure Claims Reserve. Any amounts remaining in the Disputed Cure Claims Reserve after the resolution and payment, if applicable, of all Disputed Cure Claims with respect to the Assumed and Assigned Contracts, shall be included in the Priority Reserve.

(e) To the extent an objection is not timely filed and properly served on the Debtors with respect to a Cure Dispute, then the counterparty to the applicable contract or lease shall be deemed to have assented to (i) the Cure Amount proposed by the Debtors and (ii) the assumption of such contract or lease, notwithstanding any provision thereof that (a) prohibits, restricts, or conditions the transfer or assignment of such contract or lease, or (b) terminates or permits the termination of a contract or lease as a result of any direct or indirect transfer or assignment of the rights of the Debtors under such contract or lease or a change in the ownership or control as contemplated by the Plan, and shall forever be barred and enjoined from asserting such objection against the Debtors or terminating or modifying such contract or lease on account of transactions contemplated by the Plan.

(f) With respect to payment of any Cure Amounts or Cure Disputes, neither the Debtors, the Trusts, nor the Disbursing Agent shall have any obligation to recognize or deal with any party other than the non-Debtor party to the applicable executory contract or

unexpired lease, even if such non-Debtor party has sold, assigned, or otherwise transferred its Cure Claim.

8.3 Payments Related to Assumption of Contracts and Leases.

(a) Subject to resolution of any Cure Dispute, any monetary amounts by which any Assumed and Assigned Contract is in default shall be satisfied, under section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, by the Debtors or the Trusts, as the case may be, upon assumption thereof.

(b) Assumption and assignment of any Assumed and Assigned Contract pursuant to the Plan, or otherwise, shall result in the full release and satisfaction of any Claims or defaults, subject to satisfaction of the Cure Amount, whether monetary or nonmonetary, including defaults of provisions restricting the change in control or ownership interest composition or other bankruptcy-related defaults, arising under any assumed executory contract or unexpired lease at any time before the effective date of assumption and/or assignment. Any proofs of Claim filed with respect to an executory contract or unexpired lease that has been assumed shall be deemed Disallowed and expunged, without further notice, or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court or any other Person.

8.4 Rejection Claims.

In the event that the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease by any of the Debtors herein results in damages to the other party or parties to such contract or lease, any Claim for such damages, if not heretofore evidenced by a timely filed proof of Claim, shall be forever barred and shall not be enforceable against the Debtors or their Estates, properties or interests in property, unless a proof of Claim is filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served upon the Debtors no later than thirty (30) days after the later of (i) the Confirmation Date and (ii) the effective date of the rejection of such executory contract or unexpired lease. Any such Claims, to the extent Allowed, shall be classified as Trade and Other Unsecured Claims in Class 4. The Confirmation Order shall constitute the Bankruptcy Court's approval of the rejection of all the leases and contracts that are rejected as of the Effective Date.

8.5 Survival of Debtors' Indemnification Obligations.

Any obligations (including any limitations contained therein) of the Debtors pursuant to their corporate charters, by-laws, limited liability company agreements, memorandum and articles of association, or other organizational documents and agreements to indemnify officers, directors, agents, or employees of the Debtors who were employed by the Debtors as of the Petition Date with respect to all present and future actions, suits, and proceedings against the Debtors or such officers, directors, agents, or employees based upon any act or omission for, or on behalf of, the Debtors shall not be discharged, impaired, or otherwise affected by this Plan; *provided, however*, for the avoidance of doubt, the Insys Liquidation Trust shall not (i) assume indemnification obligations with respect to any parties on the Non-Released Parties Exhibit or (ii) indemnify any Person to the extent indemnification is not available under any of the Debtors' corporate charters, by-laws, limited liability company agreements, memorandum and articles of association, or other organization documents and agreements. All indemnification obligations that

are assumed and assigned to the Insys Liquidation Trust shall be deemed and treated as Assumed and Assigned Contracts under this Plan. Any Claim based on the Insys Liquidation Trust's assumption of the Debtors' obligations described herein shall not be a Disputed Claim or subject to any objection, in either case, by reason of section 502(e)(1)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code.

8.6 Compensation and Benefit Plans.

Except with respect to any benefit plans, policies, or programs (i) for which the Debtors have received approval of the Bankruptcy Court to reject or terminate on or before the Effective Date or (ii) that are subject to a pending motion to reject or terminate as of the Confirmation Hearing, all employment and severance policies, and all compensation and benefit plans, policies, and programs of the Debtors applicable to their respective employees, and non-employee directors, including all savings plans, retirement plans, healthcare plans, disability plans, severance benefit plans, incentive and bonus plans, and life and accidental death and dismemberment insurance plans, are deemed to be, and shall be treated as, executory contracts under this Plan and, on the Effective Date, shall be rejected by the Debtors pursuant to sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Any employment and severance policies; compensation and benefit plans, policies, and programs; or life and accidental death and dismemberment insurance plans relating or provided to a former employee of the Debtors who is retired as of the Effective Date shall be rejected with respect to such former employee except to the extent prohibited by section 1114 of the Bankruptcy Code.

8.7 Insurance Policies.

(a) On or prior to the Effective Date, the Debtors, with the consent of the Creditors' Committee (which shall not be unreasonably withheld), may fund an upfront premium payment to purchase "tail insurance" to continue either or both of (i) the Debtors' existing directors' and officers' insurance and (ii) the fiduciary policy related to the Debtors' 401(k) plan.

(b) As contemplated in Sections 5.7(e)(iii), 5.8(c)(iii) and 5.10(a) hereof, on and after the Effective Date, all Insurance Policies and all Products Liability Insurance Policies shall be deemed to be and treated as Assumed and Assigned Contracts, and shall vest in the Insys Liquidation Trust and the Victims Restitution Trust, respectively, and continue in full force and effect thereafter in accordance with their respective terms such that the Liquidating Trustee and the VRT Claims Administrator, as applicable, shall become and remain jointly and severally liable in full for all of the Debtors' obligations under the Insurance Policies and the Products Liability Insurance Policies and applicable law, as applicable.

(c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, the Plan Documents or the Confirmation Order, on and after the Effective Date, the automatic stay of Bankruptcy Code section 362(a) and the injunctions set forth in Section 10.4 of this Plan, if and to the extent applicable, shall be deemed lifted without further order of the Bankruptcy Court, to permit: (a) claimants with valid workers' compensation claims to proceed with their claims in accordance with such applicable workers' compensation policies and applicable state law in the appropriate judicial or administrative forum against the proceeds of such policies only and; (b) the

Insurance Companies to administer, handle, defend, settle and/or pay, in the ordinary course of business and without further order of the Bankruptcy Court, such claims and all costs in relation to the foregoing.

8.8 Reservation of Rights.

(a) Neither the exclusion nor the inclusion by the Debtors of any contract or lease on any exhibit, schedule, or other annex to this Plan or in the Plan Supplement, nor anything contained in this Plan, shall constitute an admission by the Debtors that any such contract or lease is or is not an executory contract or unexpired lease or that the Debtors have any liability thereunder.

(b) Except as explicitly provided in this Plan, nothing herein shall waive, excuse, limit, diminish, or otherwise alter any of the defenses, claims, Causes of Action, or other rights of the Debtors under any executory or non-executory contract or unexpired lease.

(c) Nothing in this Plan shall increase, augment, or add to any of the duties, obligations, responsibilities, or liabilities of the Debtors under any executory or non-executory contract or unexpired or expired lease, including the Insurance Policies.

(d) If there is a dispute regarding whether a contract or lease is or was executory or unexpired at the time of its assumption under this Plan, the Debtors shall have thirty (30) days following entry of a Final Order resolving such dispute to alter their treatment of such contract or lease.

ARTICLE IX CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN AND THE OCCURRENCE OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE.

9.1 Conditions Precedent to Confirmation.

Confirmation of the Plan shall not occur unless all of the following conditions precedent have been satisfied:

(a) the Bankruptcy Court shall have entered the Confirmation Order in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee;

(b) the Confirmation Order shall include a finding by the Bankruptcy Court that the Trust Assets shall be vested in the applicable Trust free and clear of all Claims, Interests, Liens, other encumbrances, and liabilities of any kind, including rights or claims based on any successor or transferee liabilities; and

(c) the Plan and the Plan Supplement, including any schedules, documents, supplements and exhibits thereto, shall (i) be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtors and the Creditors' Committee and (ii) consistent with the other provisions of this Plan.

9.2 Conditions Precedent to Effective Date.

The Effective Date shall not occur unless all of the following conditions precedent have been satisfied:

(a) entry of the Confirmation Order by the Bankruptcy Court and such Confirmation Order has not been stayed, modified, or vacated on appeal;

(b) all conditions precedent to the consummation of the Trust Formation Transactions (other than effectiveness of the Plan) have been satisfied or waived by the party or parties entitled to waive them in accordance with the terms of the Trust Agreements;

(c) the Trust Agreements shall become effective in accordance with the terms of this Plan;

(d) the Priority Reserve, the Professional Fee Escrow Account, and the Trust Operating Reserves shall be fully funded;

(e) the Debtors shall have obtained all authorizations, consents, regulatory approvals, ruling, or documents that are necessary to implement and effectuate the Plan;

(f) all actions, documents, and agreements necessary to implement and effectuate the Plan shall have been effected or executed, in each case subject to the consent of the Creditors' Committee (which shall not be unreasonably withheld);

(g) all professional fees and expenses approved by the Bankruptcy Court shall have been paid in full or amounts sufficient to pay such fees and expenses after the Effective Date have been placed in the Professional Fee Escrow Account, or otherwise contained in a professional fee retainer, pending approval by the Bankruptcy Court; and

(h) the Administrative Expense Claim for Class 8(a) and Class 8(b) described in Section 4.8(a) shall have been paid in accordance with instructions delivered to the Debtors.

9.3 Waiver of Conditions Precedent.

(a) Each of the conditions precedent to confirmation of the Plan and the occurrence of the Effective Date, other than Section 9.2(h), may be waived subject to the written consent, which shall not be unreasonably withheld, of the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors (as applicable) and the Creditors' Committee. If any such condition precedent is waived pursuant to this Section and the Effective Date occurs, each party agreeing to waive such condition precedent shall be estopped from withdrawing such waiver after the Effective Date or otherwise challenging the occurrence of the Effective Date on the basis that such condition was not satisfied, and the waiver of such condition precedent shall benefit from the "equitable mootness" doctrine.

(b) The stay of the Confirmation Order pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 3020(e) shall be deemed waived by and upon entry of the Confirmation Order, and the Confirmation Order shall take effect immediately upon its entry.

ARTICLE X EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION.

10.1 Binding Effect.

Except as otherwise provided in section 1141(d)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, and subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, on and after the entry of the Confirmation Order, the provisions of this Plan shall bind every holder of a Claim against or Interest in any Debtor and inure to the benefit of, and be binding on, such holder's respective successors and assigns, regardless of whether the Claim or Interest of such holder is impaired under this Plan and whether such holder has accepted this Plan.

10.2 Pre-Confirmation Injunctions and Stays.

Unless otherwise provided in this Plan, all injunctions and stays arising under or entered during the Chapter 11 Cases, whether under sections 105 or 362 of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise, and in existence on the date of entry of the Confirmation Order, shall remain in full force and effect until the later of the Effective Date and the date indicated in the order providing for such injunction or stay.

The restrictions imposed by the Stock Restrictions Order—including the restriction on claiming a worthless stock deduction by any 50-percent shareholder of Insys Therapeutics, Inc.—shall remain in full force and effect following the Effective Date, and for periods on and after the Effective Date.

10.3 Injunction against Interference with Plan.

Upon entry of the Confirmation Order, all holders of Claims and Interests shall be enjoined from taking any actions to interfere with the implementation or consummation of the Plan.

10.4 Plan Injunction.

(a) **Except as otherwise provided in this Plan or in the Confirmation Order, as of the entry of the Confirmation Order but subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, to the maximum extent permitted under applicable law, all Persons who have held, hold, or may hold Claims or Interests are, with respect to any such Claim or Interest, permanently enjoined after the entry of the Confirmation Order from: (i) commencing, conducting, or continuing in any manner, directly or indirectly, any suit, action, or other proceeding of any kind (including any proceeding in a judicial, arbitral, administrative, or other forum) against or affecting, directly or indirectly, a Debtor or an Estate or the property of any of the foregoing, or any direct or indirect transferee of any property of, or direct or indirect successor in interest to, any of the foregoing Parties mentioned in this subsection (i) or any property of any such transferee or successor; (ii) enforcing, levying, attaching (including any prejudgment attachment), collecting, or otherwise recovering in any manner or by any means, whether directly or indirectly, any judgment, award, decree, or order against a Debtor or an Estate or its property, or any direct or indirect transferee of any property of, or direct or indirect successor in interest to, any of the foregoing Parties mentioned in this subsection (ii) or any property of any such transferee**

or successor; (iii) creating, perfecting, or otherwise enforcing in any manner, directly or indirectly, any encumbrance of any kind against a Debtor or an Estate or any of its property, or any direct or indirect transferee of any property of, or successor in interest to, any of the foregoing Persons mentioned in this subsection (iii) or any property of any such transferee or successor; (iv) acting or proceeding in any manner, in any place whatsoever, that does not conform to, or comply with, the provisions of this Plan; and (v) commencing or continuing, in any manner or in any place, any action that does not comply, or is inconsistent, with the provisions of this Plan; *provided, however*, that nothing contained herein shall preclude such Parties who have held, hold, or may hold Claims against or Interests in a Debtor or an Estate from exercising their rights, or obtaining benefits, pursuant to, and consistent with, the terms of this Plan and the Plan Documents.

(b) All Persons, including all governmental, tax, and regulatory authorities, lenders, trade creditors, dealers, customers, employees, litigation claimants, and other creditors, holding Claims, Liens, Interests, charges, encumbrances, and other interests of any kind or nature whatsoever, including rights or Claims based on any successor or transferee liability, against or in a Debtor or the Trust Assets (whether legal or equitable, secured or unsecured, matured or unmatured, contingent or noncontingent, known or unknown), arising under or out of, in connection with, or in any way relating to the Debtors, the Trust Assets, the operation of the Trust Assets prior to the Effective Date, or the Trust Formation Transactions, are forever barred, estopped, and permanently enjoined from asserting against the Released Parties, their respective successors and assigns, their property or the Trust Assets, such Person's Claims, Interests, Liens, charges, encumbrances, and other interests (including rights or Claims based on any successor or transferee liability), including, without limitation, by: (i) commencing, conducting, or continuing in any manner, directly or indirectly, any suit, action, or other proceeding of any kind (including any proceeding in a judicial, arbitral, administrative, or other forum) against or affecting, directly or indirectly, a Released Party, or any direct or indirect transferee of any property of, or direct or indirect successor in interest to, any of the foregoing Persons mentioned in this subsection (i) or any property of any such transferee or successor; (ii) enforcing, levying, attaching (including any prejudgment attachment), collecting, or otherwise recovering in any manner or by any means, whether directly or indirectly, any judgment, award, decree, or order against a Released Party, or any direct or indirect transferee of any property of, or direct or indirect successor-in-interest to, any of the foregoing Persons mentioned in this subsection (ii) or any property of any such transferee or successor; (iii) creating, perfecting, or otherwise enforcing any encumbrance of any kind or asserting any Released Claims in any manner, directly or indirectly, against a Released Party or any of its property, or any direct or indirect transferee of any property of, or successor in interest to, any of the foregoing Persons mentioned in this subsection (iii) or any property of any such transferee or successor; (iv) acting or proceeding in any manner, in any place whatsoever, that does not conform to or comply with the provisions of this Plan; and (v) commencing or continuing, in any manner or in any place, any action that does not comply with or is inconsistent with the provisions of this Plan.

(c) By accepting Distributions pursuant to this Plan, each holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest shall be bound by this Plan, including the injunctions set forth in this Section.

10.5 Releases.

(a) Releases by Debtors.

As of the Effective Date, for good and valuable consideration, the adequacy of which is hereby confirmed, including, without limitation, the service of the Released Parties before and during the Chapter 11 Cases to facilitate the liquidation of the Debtors and the implementation of the Trust Formation Transactions, and except as otherwise explicitly provided in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order, the Released Parties shall be deemed conclusively, absolutely, unconditionally, irrevocably and forever released, to the maximum extent permitted by law, as such law may be extended subsequent to the Effective Date, by the Debtors and the Estates from any and all Claims, counterclaims, disputes, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, debts, rights, Causes of Action, Liens, remedies, losses, contributions, indemnities, costs, liabilities, attorneys' fees and expenses whatsoever, including any derivative claims, asserted or assertable on behalf of the Debtors or their Estates (including any Causes of Action arising under chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code), whether liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, asserted or unasserted, accrued or unaccrued, existing or hereinafter arising, whether in law or equity, whether sounding in tort or contract, whether arising under federal or state statutory or common law, or any other applicable international, foreign, or domestic law, rule, statute, regulation, treaty, right, duty, requirement or otherwise, that the Debtors or their Estates would have been legally entitled to assert in their own right (whether individually or collectively) or on behalf of the holder of any Claim or Interest or other Person, based on or relating to, or in any manner arising from, in whole or in part, the Debtors, their Estates, the Chapter 11 Cases, the purchase, sale, or rescission of the purchase or sale of any security of the Debtors, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to, any Claim or Interest that is treated in the Plan, the business or contractual arrangements between any Debtor and any Released Party (including the exercise of any common law or contractual rights of setoff or recoupment by any Released Party at any time on or prior to the Effective Date), the Trust Formation Transactions, the restructuring of any Claim or Interest before or during the Chapter 11 Cases, the Disclosure Statement, the Plan, and related agreements, instruments, and other documents, and the negotiation, formulation, preparation or implementation thereof, the solicitation of votes with respect to the Plan, or any other act or omission; *provided, however*, that the Debtors do not release, and the Insys Liquidation Trust shall retain, Claims or Causes of Action arising out of, or related to, any act or omission of a Released Party that is a criminal act or constitutes fraud, gross negligence, or willful misconduct; *provided, further*, that the Debtors do not release, and the Insys Liquidation Trust shall retain, Causes of Action against current or former employees of the Debtors related to any key employee retention plan (or any other retention or incentive plan) agreements entered into between the Debtors and certain of their employees prior to the Petition Date, or any Claims or Causes of Action arising out of chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code related to the key employee retention plan (or any other retention or incentive plan) agreements. The Debtors, the Trusts, and any other newly-formed entities that shall be continuing the Debtors' businesses after the Effective Date shall be bound, to the same extent the Debtors are bound, by the releases set forth in this Section. For the avoidance of doubt, Claims or Causes of Action arising out of, or related to, any act or omission of a Released

Party prior to the Effective Date that is later found to be a criminal act or to constitute fraud, gross negligence, or willful misconduct, including findings after the Effective Date, are not released pursuant to this Section 10.5(a) of the Plan.

(b) Releases by Holders of Claims and Interests.

As of the Effective Date, for good and valuable consideration, the adequacy of which is hereby confirmed, including, without limitation, the service of the Released Parties before and during the Chapter 11 Cases to facilitate the liquidation of the Debtors and the implementation of the Trust Formation Transactions, and except as otherwise explicitly provided in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order, the Released Parties shall be deemed conclusively, absolutely, unconditionally, irrevocably and forever released, to the maximum extent permitted by law, as such law may be extended subsequent to the Effective Date, except as otherwise explicitly provided herein, by (i) the holders of all Claims who vote to accept the Plan, (ii) the holders of all Claims that are Unimpaired under the Plan, (iii) the holders of all Claims whose vote to accept or reject the Plan is solicited but who (a) do not vote either to accept or to reject the Plan and (b) do not opt out of granting the releases set forth herein, (iv) the holders of all Claims or Interests who vote, or are deemed, to reject the Plan but do not opt out of granting the releases set forth herein, and (v) all other holders of Claims and Interests to the maximum extent permitted by law, in each case from any and all Claims, counterclaims, disputes, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, debts, rights, Causes of Action, Liens, remedies, losses, contributions, indemnities, costs, liabilities, attorneys' fees and expenses whatsoever, including any derivative claims, asserted or assertable on behalf of the Debtors or their Estates (including any Causes of Action arising under chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code), whether liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, asserted or unasserted, accrued or unaccrued, existing or hereinafter arising, whether in law or equity, whether sounding in tort or contract, whether arising under federal or state statutory or common law, or any other applicable international, foreign, or domestic law, rule, statute, regulation, treaty, right, duty, requirement or otherwise, that such holders or their estates, affiliates, heirs, executors, administrators, successors, assigns, managers, accountants, attorneys, representatives, consultants, agents, and any other Persons or parties claiming under or through them would have been legally entitled to assert in their own right (whether individually or collectively) or on behalf of the holder of any Claim or Interest or other Person, based on or relating to, or in any manner arising from, in whole or in part, the Debtors (as such entities existed prior to or after the Petition Date), their Estates, the Chapter 11 Cases, the purchase, sale, or rescission of the purchase or sale of any security of the Debtors, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to, any Claim or Interest that is treated in the Plan, the business or contractual arrangements or interactions between any Debtor and any Released Party (including the exercise of any common law or contractual rights of setoff or recoupment by any Released Party at any time on or prior to the Effective Date), the Trust Formation Transactions, the restructuring of any Claim or Interest before or during the Chapter 11 Cases, the Disclosure Statement, the Plan and related agreements, instruments, and other documents, and the negotiation, formulation, preparation or implementation thereof, the solicitation of votes with respect to the Plan, or any other act or omission, other than Claims or Causes of Action arising out of, or related to, any act or omission of a Released Party that constitutes fraud, gross negligence or willful

misconduct. For the avoidance of doubt, Claims or Causes of Action arising out of, or related to, any act or omission of a Released Party prior to the Effective Date that is later found to be a criminal act or to constitute fraud, gross negligence, or willful misconduct, including findings after the Effective Date, are not released pursuant to this Section 10.5(b) of the Plan.

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Debtors shall not be released from liability for any Claim that is or may be covered by any Insurance Policies or Products Liability Insurance Policies; *provided, however*, that any recovery for any such Claim, including by way of settlement or judgment, shall be limited to the available Insurance Proceeds and Products Liability Insurance Proceeds, and that no person or party shall execute, garnish, or otherwise attempt to collect any such recovery from any assets other than the available Insurance Proceeds and Products Liability Insurance Proceeds, except to the extent necessary to trigger any Insurance Company's or Products Liability Insurance Company's obligations to pay such Insurance Proceeds or Products Liability Insurance Proceeds. The Debtors shall be released automatically from a Claim described in this paragraph only upon the earlier of (i) the abandonment of such Claim, (ii) such a release being given as part of a settlement or other resolution of such Claim, or (iii) exhaustion of the available Insurance Proceeds or Products Liability Insurance Proceeds, as applicable.

10.6 Exculpation.

To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, no Exculpated Party shall have or incur, and each Exculpated Party is hereby released and exculpated from, any Claim, obligation, suit, judgment, damage, demand, debt, right, Cause of Action, remedy, loss, and liability for any Claim in connection with, or arising out of, the administration of the Chapter 11 Cases; the negotiation and pursuit of the Disclosure Statement (including any information provided, or statements made, in the Disclosure Statement or omitted therefrom), the Trust Formation Transactions, the Plan, and the solicitation of votes for, and confirmation of, the Plan; the funding of the Plan; the occurrence of the Effective Date; the administration of the Plan and the property to be distributed under the Plan; the wind-down of the Debtors; the issuance of securities under or in connection with the Plan; and the transactions in furtherance of any of the foregoing; other than Claims or Causes of Action arising out of, or related to, any act or omission of an Exculpated Party that is a criminal act or constitutes fraud, gross negligence, or willful misconduct. This exculpation shall be in addition to, and not in limitation of, all other releases, indemnities, exculpations, and any other applicable law or rules protecting such Exculpated Parties from liability. For the avoidance of doubt, this Section 10.6 shall not exculpate or release any Exculpated Party with respect to any act or omission of such Exculpated Party prior to the Effective Date that is later found to be a criminal act or to constitute fraud, gross negligence, or willful misconduct, including findings after the Effective Date.

10.7 Injunction Related to Releases and Exculpation.

Pursuant to section 1141(d)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, confirmation of the Plan will not discharge the Debtors; *provided, however*, that upon confirmation of this Plan and the occurrence of the Effective Date, the holders of Claims and Interests may not seek payment or recourse against or otherwise be entitled to any distribution from the Estate or the Trusts except as expressly provided in the Plan.

To the maximum extent permitted under applicable law, the Confirmation Order shall permanently enjoin the commencement or prosecution by any Person, whether directly, derivatively, or otherwise, of any Claims, including, without limitation, Interests, Liens, charges, encumbrances, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, debts, rights, Causes of Action, and liabilities, released or exculpated in this Plan.

Subject to section 4.7, above, the Release and Injunction provisions contained herein and the Confirmation Order shall not bar the United States from pursuing, continuing, or enforcing any police or regulatory action, except as otherwise provided by any settlement or agreement between the United States and any Debtor. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing contained in this Plan, including the preceding sentence and section 4.7, above, shall affect the liability of any non-Debtor arising from any order providing for criminal restitution or forfeiture.

Moreover, nothing in this Plan, the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order shall release any non-Debtor, including any Released Parties, from any liability or obligation to the United States, nor shall anything in this Plan, the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order enjoin the United States from bringing any claim, suit, action or other proceeding against any non-Debtor, including but not limited to, any suits, actions or proceedings arising under the Internal Revenue Code, environmental laws, Subchapter III of Chapter 37 of Title 31 of the United States Code, Chapter 176 of Title 28 of the United States Code, and any criminal laws. For the avoidance of doubt, (i) nothing in this paragraph modifies the exculpation provisions in section 10.6, *supra*, and (ii) nothing in this Plan, the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order shall enjoin, limit or preclude the United States in any manner, directly or indirectly, from attaching or levying monies or assets in the possession of, or enforcing and collecting any debt or judgment owed by any non-Debtor.

10.8 Subordinated Claims.

The allowance, classification, and treatment of all Allowed Claims and Allowed Interests and the respective distributions and treatments thereof under this Plan take into account and conform to the relative priority and rights of the Claims and Interests in each Class in connection with contractual, legal, and equitable subordination rights relating thereto, whether arising under general principles of equitable subordination, sections 510(a), 510(b), or 510(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, or otherwise. Pursuant to section 510 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors reserve the right to reclassify any Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest in accordance with any contractual, legal, or equitable subordination relating thereto.

10.9 Preservation of Causes of Action and Reservation of Rights.

The Insys Liquidation Trust or Victims Restitution Trust, as applicable, shall have the right to prosecute any and all Causes of Action that have not been waived pursuant to this Plan or purchased by any of the purchasers of the Debtors' Assets. Pursuant to section 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, except as expressly provided in Sections 10.4 through 10.7 of this Plan, nothing contained in this Plan or the Confirmation Order shall be deemed to be a waiver or relinquishment of any rights, Claims, Causes of Action, rights of setoff or recoupment, or other

legal or equitable defenses that the Debtors had immediately before the Effective Date on behalf of the Estates or of themselves in accordance with any provision of the Bankruptcy Code or any applicable nonbankruptcy law, including but not limited to any actions specifically enumerated in the Schedule of Retained Causes of Action to be filed as part of the Plan Supplement. Subject to Sections 10.4 through 10.7 of this Plan, all such Claims, Causes of Action, rights of setoff or recoupment, or other legal or equitable defenses shall be transferred to the Insys Liquidation Trust or the Victims Restitution Trust, as applicable, which shall have, retain, reserve, and be entitled to assert all such Claims, Causes of Action, rights of setoff, or recoupment, and other legal or equitable defenses as fully as if the Chapter 11 Cases had not been commenced, and all of the Debtors' and the Liquidating Debtors' legal and equitable rights with respect to any Claim or Interest may be asserted after the Effective Date to the same extent as if the Chapter 11 Cases had not been commenced.

10.10 Ipsa Facto and Similar Provisions Ineffective.

Any term of any policy, contract, or other obligation applicable to a Debtor shall be void and of no further force or effect with respect to any Debtor to the extent such policy, contract, or other obligation is conditioned on, creates an obligation of the Debtor as a result of, or gives rise to a right of any Person based on any of the following: (i) the insolvency or financial condition of a Debtor; (ii) the commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases; (iii) the confirmation or consummation of this Plan, including any change of control that shall occur as a result of such consummation; or (iv) the Trust Formation Transactions.

10.11 No Successor Liability.

Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Plan and the Confirmation Order, each of the Trusts (i) is not, and shall not be deemed to assume, agree to perform, pay, or otherwise have any responsibilities for any liabilities or obligations of the Debtors or any other Person relating to or arising out of the operations or the assets of the Debtors on or prior to the Effective Date; (ii) is not, and shall not be, a successor to the Debtors by reason of any theory of law or equity or responsible for the knowledge or conduct of any Debtor prior to the Effective Date; and (iii) shall not have any successor or transferee liability of any kind or character.

ARTICLE XI RETENTION OF JURISDICTION.

11.1 Retention of Jurisdiction.

(a) Without limiting or modifying the Bankruptcy Court's exclusive jurisdiction, if any, under applicable law, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction of all matters arising under, arising out of, or related to, the Chapter 11 Cases and the Plan pursuant to, and for the purposes of, sections 105(a) and 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code and for, among other things, the following purposes:

- (i) to hear and determine applications for the assumption or rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases and any disputes over Cure Amounts resulting therefrom;

- (ii) to determine any motion, adversary proceeding, application, contested matter, and other litigated matter pending on, or commenced after, entry of the Confirmation Order;
- (iii) to hear and resolve any disputes arising from or related to (i) any orders of the Bankruptcy Court granting relief under Bankruptcy Rule 2004 or (ii) any protective orders entered by the Bankruptcy Court in connection with the foregoing;
- (iv) to ensure that Distributions to holders of Allowed Claims are accomplished as provided in this Plan and the Confirmation Order;
- (v) to consider Claims or the allowance, classification, priority, compromise, estimation, or payment of any Claim, including any Administrative Expense Claim;
- (vi) to enter, implement, or enforce such orders as may be appropriate in the event that the Confirmation Order is, for any reason, stayed, reversed, revoked, modified, or vacated;
- (vii) to issue and enforce injunctions, enter and implement other orders, and take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any Person with the consummation, implementation, or enforcement of this Plan, the Confirmation Order, or any other order of the Bankruptcy Court;
- (viii) to hear and determine any application to modify this Plan in accordance with section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code to remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistency in this Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or any order of the Bankruptcy Court, including the Confirmation Order, in such a manner as may be necessary to carry out the purposes and effects thereof;
- (ix) to hear and determine all Professional Fee Claims;
- (x) to resolve disputes concerning any reserves with respect to Disputed Claims or the administration thereof;
- (xi) to hear and resolve disputes related to the Insurance Rights Transfer, the Insurance Rights, the Products Liability Insurance Rights Transfer, and the Products Liability Insurance Rights to the extent permitted under applicable law;
- (xii) to hear and determine disputes arising in connection with the interpretation, implementation, or enforcement of this Plan, the Confirmation Order, any transactions or payments in furtherance of either, or any agreement, instrument, or other document governing, or related to, any of the foregoing;

- (xiii) to take any action and issue such orders, including any such action or orders as may be necessary after entry of the Confirmation Order or the occurrence of the Effective Date, as may be necessary to construe, enforce, implement, execute, and consummate this Plan, including any release, exculpation, or injunction provisions set forth in this Plan, or to maintain the integrity of this Plan following the occurrence of the Effective Date;
- (xiv) to determine such other matters, and for such other purposes, as may be provided in the Confirmation Order;
- (xv) to hear and determine any other matters related to the Chapter 11 Cases and not inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Code or title 28 of the United States Code;
- (xvi) to resolve any disputes concerning whether a Person had sufficient notice of the Chapter 11 Cases, the Disclosure Statement, any solicitation conducted in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases, any bar date established in the Chapter 11 Cases, or any deadline for responding or objecting to a Cure Amount, in each case, for the purpose for determining whether a Claim or Interest is discharged hereunder or for any other purpose;
- (xvii) to recover all Assets of the Debtors and property of the Estates, wherever located;
- (xviii) to hear and determine all matters relating to the Plan Settlement, to the extent permitted under applicable law; and
- (xix) to enter a final decree closing each of the Chapter 11 Cases.

(b) The Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction of all matters arising under, arising out of, or related to the Chapter 11 Cases and the Plan to, among other things, hear and determine matters concerning state, local, and federal taxes in accordance with sections 346, 505, and 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code (including the expedited determination of taxes under section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code).

To the extent that the Bankruptcy Court is not permitted under applicable law to preside over any of the foregoing matters, the reference to the “Bankruptcy Court” in this Article shall be deemed to be replaced by the “District Court.” Notwithstanding anything in this Article to the contrary, the resolution of Non-PI General Unsecured Claims against the Debtors and the forum in which such resolution shall be determined shall be governed by, and in accordance with, the ILT Agreement, and the resolution of Personal Injury Claims against the Debtors and the forum in which such resolution shall be determined shall be governed by, and in accordance with, the VRT Agreement. Nothing contained in this Section shall expand the exclusive jurisdiction of the Bankruptcy Court beyond that provided by applicable law.

ARTICLE XII MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

12.1 Special Provisions for the United States.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, nothing in the Plan, the Plan Documents or Confirmation Order:

- (i) discharges, releases, precludes, or enjoins (1) any liability to the United States that is not a “claim” as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(5); (2) except as otherwise agreed to by the United States, any claim of the United States arising on or after the Effective Date; (3) any liability to the United States under police and regulatory statutes or regulations that any entity would be subject to as the owner or operator of property after the Effective Date, except for (a) the Debtors’ liability on the DOJ Claims and (b) as otherwise provided by any settlement or agreement by and between any Debtor and the United States; or (4) any liability or obligation to the United States, including secondary payer repayment obligations, on the part of any Entity other than the Debtors, except for any Claims that are exculpated herein. Nor shall anything in this Plan, the Plan Documents or Confirmation Order enjoin or otherwise bar the United States from asserting or enforcing, outside of the Bankruptcy Court, any liability described in the preceding sentence; provided, however, that all parties’ rights and defenses under non-bankruptcy law with respect to (1)–(4) above are fully preserved.
- (ii) authorizes the transfer or assignment of any governmental (a) license, (b) permit, (c) registration, (d) authorization, or (e) approval, or the discontinuation of any obligation thereunder, without compliance with all applicable federal legal requirements and approvals under federal police or regulatory law;
- (iii) affects any valid setoff or recoupment rights of the United States against any of the Debtors; provided, however, that the Debtors and the Trusts reserve all of their rights and defenses under applicable nonbankruptcy law with respect thereto; for the avoidance of doubt, nothing in the Plan, the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order shall bar the United States from exercising its nonbankruptcy rights to offset any request for a tax refund for a tax year ending prior to the Petition Date against any prepetition claim of the United States government against any of the Debtors;
- (iv) divests any tribunal of any jurisdiction it may have under federal police or regulatory law to interpret the Confirmation Order or the Plan or to adjudicate any defense asserted under the Confirmation Order or the Plan.

12.2 Exemption from Certain Transfer Taxes.

To the maximum extent permitted pursuant to section 1146(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the assignment or surrender of any lease or sublease, or the delivery of any deed or other instrument of transfer under, in furtherance of, or in connection with the Plan, including any deeds, bills of sale, or assignments, or assignments executed in connection with any disposition of assets contemplated by the Plan (including transfers of assets to and by the Insys Liquidation Trust and the Victims Restitution Trust) shall not be subject to any document recording tax, stamp tax, conveyance fee, intangibles or similar tax, real estate transfer tax, sales or use tax, mortgage recording tax, or other similar tax or governmental assessment.

12.3 Dates of Actions to Implement Plan.

In the event that any payment or act under this Plan is required to be made or performed on a date that is not a Business Day, then the making of such payment or the performance of such act may be completed on or as soon as reasonably practicable after the next succeeding Business Day but shall be deemed to have been completed as of the required date.

12.4 Amendments.

(a) **Plan Modifications.** This Plan may be amended, modified, or supplemented by the Debtors in the manner provided for by section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code or as otherwise permitted by law, without additional disclosure pursuant to section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code, except as otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court; *provided, however*, that any such amendments, modifications, or supplements shall be made in accordance with the terms of the Plan Settlement, and shall not be made without the reasonable consent of the Creditors' Committee and the SMT Group Representatives solely with respect to any amendments, modifications, or supplements that directly and materially adversely affect the SMT Group Claims or the SMT Group Representatives, including, without limitation, with respect to governance provisions in respect of the Trusts described herein. In addition, after the Confirmation Date, as long as such action does not materially and adversely affect the treatment of holders of Allowed Claims pursuant to this Plan, the Debtors may remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistencies in this Plan or the Confirmation Order with respect to such matters as may be necessary to carry out the purposes or effects of this Plan, and any holder of a Claim or Interest that has accepted this Plan shall be deemed to have accepted this Plan as amended, modified, or supplemented.

(b) **Certain Technical Amendments.** Prior to the Effective Date, the Debtors, with the reasonable consent of the Creditors' Committee, may make appropriate technical adjustments and modifications to this Plan without further order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court; *provided, however*, that such technical adjustments and modifications do not adversely affect in a material way the treatment of holders of Claims or Interests under this Plan.

12.5 Revocation or Withdrawal of Plan.

The Debtors reserve the right to revoke or withdraw this Plan prior to the Effective Date as to any or all of the Debtors. If, with respect to a Debtor, this Plan has been revoked or withdrawn prior to the Effective Date, or if confirmation or the occurrence of the

Effective Date as to such Debtor does not occur on the Effective Date, then, with respect to such Debtor: (i) this Plan shall be null and void in all respects; (ii) any settlement or compromise embodied in this Plan (including the fixing or limiting to an amount any Claim or Interest or Class of Claims or Interests), assumption or rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases affected by this Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant to this Plan shall be deemed null and void; and (iii) nothing contained in this Plan shall (a) constitute a waiver or release of any Claim by or against, or any Interest in, such Debtor or any other Person; (b) prejudice in any manner the rights of such Debtor or any other Person; or (c) constitute an admission of any sort by any Debtor or any other Person.

12.6 Payment of Statutory Fees.

All fees payable under section 1930 of chapter 123 of title 28 of the United States Code shall be paid on or before the Effective Date by the Debtors. Quarterly fees owed to the U.S. Trustee shall be paid when due in accordance with applicable law and the Debtors, the Liquidating Debtors, or the Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, shall continue to file reports to show the calculation of such fees for the Debtors' Estates until the Chapter 11 Cases are closed under section 350 of the Bankruptcy Code. Upon the formation of the Insys Liquidation Trust and the transfer of the ILT Assets from the Debtors to the Insys Liquidation Trust, the Liquidating Trustee shall pay all statutory quarterly fees to the U.S. Trustee with respect to each Debtor's Estate until the earliest of such Debtor's case closing, dismissal, or conversion to a case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

12.7 Severability.

If, prior to entry of the Confirmation Order, any term or provision of this Plan is held by the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid, void, or unenforceable, the Bankruptcy Court, at the request of the Debtors (with the consent of the Creditors' Committee, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld), shall have the power to alter and interpret such term or provision to make it valid or enforceable to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the original purpose of the term or provision held to be invalid, void, or unenforceable, and such term or provision shall then be applicable as altered or interpreted. Notwithstanding any such holding, alteration, or interpretation by the Bankruptcy Court, the remainder of the terms and provisions of this Plan shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected, impaired, or invalidated by such holding, alteration, or interpretation. The Confirmation Order shall constitute a judicial determination and shall provide that each term and provision of this Plan, as it may have been altered or interpreted in accordance with this Section, is valid and enforceable pursuant to its terms.

12.8 Governing Law.

Except to the extent that the Bankruptcy Code or other federal law is applicable, or to the extent that a Plan Document provides otherwise, the rights, duties, and obligations arising under this Plan and the Plan Documents shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the internal laws of the State of New York, without giving effect to the principles of conflicts of laws thereof (other than section 5-1401 and section 5-1402 of the New York General Obligations Law).

12.9 Immediate Binding Effect.

Notwithstanding Bankruptcy Rules 3020(e), 6004(h), 7062, or otherwise, upon the occurrence of the Effective Date, the terms of this Plan and the Plan Documents shall be immediately effective and enforceable and deemed binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Debtors, the holders of Claims and Interests, the Released Parties, and each of their respective successors and assigns.

12.10 Successors and Assigns.

The rights, benefits, and obligations of any Person named or referred to in this Plan shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of, any heir, executor, administrator, successor, or permitted assign, if any, of each such Person.

12.11 Entire Agreement.

On the Effective Date, this Plan, the Plan Supplement, and the Confirmation Order shall supersede all previous and contemporaneous negotiations, promises, covenants, agreements, understandings, and representations concerning such documents, all of which have become merged and integrated into this Plan.

12.12 Computing Time.

In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by this Plan, unless otherwise set forth in this Plan or determined by the Bankruptcy Court, the provisions of Bankruptcy Rule 9006 shall apply.

12.13 Exhibits to Plan.

All exhibits, schedules, supplements, and appendices to this Plan (including the Plan Supplement) are incorporated into and are part of this Plan as if set forth in full herein.

12.14 Notices.

All notices, requests, and demands to or upon the Debtors or the Liquidating Debtors, as applicable, shall be in writing (including by facsimile transmission) and, unless otherwise provided herein, shall be deemed to have been duly given or made only when actually delivered or, in the case of notice by facsimile transmission, when received and telephonically confirmed, addressed as follows:

INSYS THERAPEUTICS, INC.
410 S. Benson Lane
Chandler, Arizona 85286
Attn: Robert Schwimmer, Esq.

– and –

WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP

767 Fifth Avenue

New York, New York 10153

Attn: Gary T. Holtzer, Esq., Ronit J. Berkovich, Esq., Candace M. Arthur, Esq.,
and Brenda L. Funk, Esq.

Telephone: (212) 310-8000

Facsimile: (212) 310-8007

*Attorneys for the Debtors
and Debtors in Possession*

– and –

RICHARDS, LAYTON & FINGER, P.A.

920 N. King Street

Wilmington, Delaware 19801

Attn: John H. Knight (No. 3848) and Paul N. Heath (No. 3704)

Telephone: (302) 651-7700

Facsimile: (302) 651-7701

*Attorneys for the Debtors
and Debtors in Possession*

All notices, requests, and demands to or upon the Creditors' Committee, shall be in writing (including by facsimile transmission) and, unless otherwise provided herein, shall be deemed to have been duly given or made only when actually delivered or, in the case of notice by facsimile transmission, when received and telephonically confirmed, addressed as follows:

AKIN GUMP STRAUSS HAUER & FELD LLP

One Bryant Park

New York, NY 10036

Attn: Arik Preis and Mitchell P. Hurley

Email: apreis@akingump.com

Email: mhurley@akingump.com

Attorneys for the Creditors' Committee

– and –

BAYARD, P.A.

600 N. King Street, Suite 400

Wilmington, Delaware 19801

Attn: Justin R. Alberto (No. 5126) and Erin R. Fay (No. 5268)

Email: jalberto@bayardlaw.com

Email: efay@bayardlaw.com

Attorneys for the Creditors' Committee

After the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Liquidating Debtors and the Liquidating Trustee have authority to send a notice to entities providing that to continue to receive documents pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002, such entities must file a renewed request to receive documents pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002; *provided, however*, that the U.S. Trustee need not file such a renewed request and shall continue to receive documents without any further action being necessary. After the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Debtors and the Liquidating Trustee are authorized to limit the list of entities receiving documents pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002 to the U.S. Trustee and those entities that have filed such renewed requests.

12.15 Dissolution of the Creditors' Committee.

On the Effective Date, the Creditors' Committee will dissolve; *provided, however*, that following the Effective Date, the Creditors' Committee shall continue in existence and have standing and a right to be heard for the following limited purposes: (i) assisting the Trusts for a limited transitional period of time; (ii) applications, and any relief related thereto, for compensation by Professionals and requests for allowance of Administrative Expense Claims; and (iii) any appeals of, or related to, the Confirmation Order or other appeal to which the Creditors' Committee is a party. Upon the dissolution of the Creditors' Committee, the Creditors' Committee and its respective Professionals will cease to have any duty, obligation, or role arising from, or related to, the Chapter 11 Cases and shall be released and discharged from all rights and duties from, or related to, the Chapter 11 Cases.

12.16 Reservation of Rights.

Except as otherwise provided herein, this Plan shall be of no force or effect unless the Bankruptcy Court enters the Confirmation Order. None of the filing of this Plan, any statement or provisions of this Plan, or the taking of any action by the Debtors with respect to this Plan shall be, or deemed to be, an admission or waiver of any rights of the Debtors with respect to any Claim or Interests prior to the Effective Date.

Dated: January 16, 2020

By: /s/ Andrece Housley

Name: Andrece Housley

Title: Authorized Signatory

**INSYS THERAPEUTICS, INC.
IC OPERATIONS, LLC
INSYS DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, INC.
INSYS MANUFACTURING, LLC
INSYS PHARMA, INC.
IPSC, LLC
IPT 355, LLC**

Exhibit B

Form Notice of Effective Date

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

	X	
In re:	:	Chapter 11
	:	
INSYS THERAPEUTICS, INC., <i>et al.</i> ,	:	Case No. 19-11292 (KG)
	:	
Debtors. ¹	:	(Jointly Administered)
	:	
	:	Re: D.I. ____
	X	

**NOTICE OF (I) ENTRY OF ORDER CONFIRMING SECOND AMENDED
JOINT CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF LIQUIDATION OF INSYS THERAPEUTICS, INC.
AND ITS AFFILIATED DEBTORS AND (II) OCCURRENCE OF EFFECTIVE DATE**

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, on [●], 2020, Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and its affiliated debtors in the above-captioned chapter 11 cases, as debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the “**Debtors**”), filed the *Second Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and Its Affiliated Debtors* [D.I. [●]] (together with all schedules and exhibits thereto, and as may be modified, amended or supplemented from time to time, the “**Plan**”)² with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the “**Court**”).

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that on [●], 2020, the Court entered the *Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order Confirming the Second Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Insys Therapeutics, Inc. and Its Affiliated Debtors* [D.I. [●]] (the “**Confirmation Order**”).

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that, pursuant to the terms of the Confirmation Order, the Debtors hereby provide notice of the entry of the Confirmation Order.

¹ The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor’s federal tax identification number, as applicable, are: Insys Therapeutics, Inc. (7886); IC Operations, LLC (9659); Insys Development Company, Inc. (3020); Insys Manufacturing, LLC (0789); Insys Pharma, Inc. (9410); IPSC, LLC (6577); and IPT 355, LLC (0155). The Debtors’ mailing address is 3100 West Ray Road, Suite 201, Chandler, Arizona 85226.

² Capitalized terms used herein but otherwise not defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Plan.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that all conditions precedent to the Effective Date set forth in Section 9.2 of the Plan have been satisfied or waived as provided in Section 9.3 of the Plan, such that the Plan was substantially consummated, and the Effective Date occurred, on [●], 2020.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that, on December 30, 2019, the Debtors filed the Plan Supplement [D.I. 1049], which included as Exhibit C thereto the Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts. Pursuant to Section 8.1(a) of the Plan, each executory contract and unexpired lease of the Debtors not previously assumed, rejected, or assumed and assigned by the Debtors during the chapter 11 cases shall be deemed automatically rejected pursuant to sections 365 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code, unless such executory contract or unexpired lease (i) is listed on the Schedule of Assumed and Assigned Contracts or (ii) as of the Effective Date is subject to a pending motion to assume, reject, or assume and assign such executory contract or unexpired lease.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that, pursuant to Section 8.4 of the Plan and paragraph [28] of the Confirmation Order, the deadline for filing Claims arising from the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease is [●], 2020, and ANY CLAIM ARISING FROM THE REJECTION OF AN EXECUTORY CONTRACT OR UNEXPIRED LEASE NOT FILED BY THAT DATE WILL BE DISALLOWED PURSUANT TO THE CONFIRMATION ORDER, FOREVER BARRED FROM ASSERTION, AND SHALL NOT BE ENFORCEABLE AGAINST, AS APPLICABLE, THE DEBTORS, THE TRUSTS, THE ESTATES, OR PROPERTY OF THE FOREGOING PARTIES, WITHOUT THE NEED FOR ANY OBJECTION BY THE DEBTORS OR THE TRUSTS, AS APPLICABLE, OR FURTHER NOTICE TO, OR ACTION, ORDER, OR APPROVAL OF THE COURT OR ANY OTHER

ENTITY, AND ANY CLAIM ARISING OUT OF THE REJECTION OF THE EXECUTORY CONTRACT OR UNEXPIRED LEASE SHALL BE DEEMED FULLY SATISFIED, RELEASED, AND DISCHARGED, NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING IN THE SCHEDULES, IF ANY, OR A PROOF OF CLAIM TO THE CONTRARY.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that, pursuant to Section 2.1 of the Plan and paragraph 43 of the Confirmation Order, the Administrative Expense Claims Bar Date with respect to (x) unpaid Claims arising in the ordinary course of business between the Petition Date and September 9, 2019, and (y) all unpaid Claims arising after September 9, 2019 through and including the Effective Date is **[●], 2020** and HOLDERS OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE CLAIMS THAT ARE REQUIRED TO, BUT DO NOT, FILE AND SERVE REQUESTS FOR THE PAYMENT OF SUCH ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE CLAIMS BY THAT DATE SHALL BE FOREVER BARRED, ESTOPPED, AND ENJOINED FROM ASSERTING SUCH CLAIMS AGAINST THE DEBTORS, THE TRUSTS, OR THEIR ASSETS OR PROPERTIES, AND SUCH CLAIMS SHALL BE DEEMED DISCHARGED AS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that, pursuant to Section 2.4 of the Plan and paragraph 44 of the Confirmation Order, the deadline for estate retained professionals to file applications for Professional Fee Claims is **[●], 2020**.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the Plan, Confirmation Order, and other documents filed in the Chapter 11 Cases may be viewed for free at the website of the Debtors' claims and noticing agent, Epiq Corporate Restructuring, LLC at <https://dm.epiq11.com/case/insys/info> or for a fee on the Court's website at <http://www.deb.uscourts.gov>.

Dated: [●], 2020
Wilmington, Delaware

/s/ DRAFT

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